Appendix A. Agency Coordination



Agency Coordination

This appendix contains a record of communications to and from representatives of federal, state, tribal, and local agencies and stakeholders. It includes copies of agency letters and responses (when appropriate) received during the preparation of the DEIS and prior to the issuance of the DEIS. Letters and responses are grouped by federal, state, tribal, and local agency/stakeholder and then are organized in chronological order.

Additional input was received from jurisdictions since preparation of the administrative DEIS that underwent review by FHWA and cooperating agencies. While this more recent input was not included in the DEIS, it was considered in the FEIS and is included in this appendix to the FEIS and ROD.





Department of Energy

Western Area Power Administration
Desert Southwest Customer Service Region
P.O. Box 6457
Phoenix, AZ 85005-6457

OCT - 6 2010

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki
ADOT Environmental Planning Group
Arizona Department of Transportation
206 South 17th Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

Thank you for your letter and its enclosures which provided information on the proposed North-South Corridor Study. This study will identify a transportation corridor across lands located in Pinal County, Arizona.

It appears that the transportation corridor study area might involve several Western Area Power Administration (Western) transmission line rights-of-way, including a Bureau of Reclamation-owned facility. Western operates and maintains this line for the Bureau of Reclamation; however, the Bureau is the easement owner. The contact for the Reclamation-owned facility is Mr. Steven W. Bott, Water and Lands Division, Bureau of Reclamation, 6150 West Thunderbird Road, Glendale, Arizona 85306-4001.

Western has concerns with any activities that are under the conductors or near the transmission line towers, including landscaping, lighting, change in topography, excavation, fencing, vegetation encroachment, erosion, and any impacts to sensitive natural and cultural resources since these activities can impact the safe, reliable, and environmentally sound operation and maintenance of our high-voltage power system. Access to Western's towers, as well as to the mid-span areas within the easement area, is critical and must be maintained.

Western may be interested in participating as a co-operating agency in the NEPA process, based upon the Council on Environmental Quality's emphasis on agencies becoming co-operating agencies where they have jurisdiction (40 CFR 1501.6). As a co-operating agency, Western would strengthen the environmental review by providing technical expertise for transmission system operation and maintenance, environmental concerns, and in other areas. Western's involvement would ensure the process also satisfies our agency-specific requirements regarding possible impacts to the reliable operation of our high-voltage power system.

We request that, as plans for the roadway corridor are further developed, and Western's easement areas will be involved, you submit the plans to this office for review. We will need to review more detailed plans to adequately evaluate the impacts, if any, on Western's facilities.

Please indicate the Sections, Townships, and Ranges this corridor will specifically involve. If the proposed crossing or use of the right-of-way is compatible with Western's rights and needs, a License Agreement will be issued to cover the crossing/use of the rights-of-way.

Should any additional service be required of Western on the proposed use of the right-ofway, a written request will need to be addressed to the Assistant Regional Manager for Power Marketing at the above address. A Letter Agreement will be prepared to provide the advanced funds for Western to perform the needed service.

If additional land-related information is needed, please contact me at (602) 605-2564.

Sincerely,

Jo Penunuri

Realty Specialist

ce: Arizona Department of Transportation

c/o Ms. Pamela Cecere HDR Engineering, Inc.

3200 East Camelback Road, Suite 350

Phoenix, AZ 85018

Mr. Steven W. Bott Water and Lands Division Bureau of Reclamation 6150 West Thunderbird Road Glendale, AZ 85306-4001



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105-3901

November 2, 2010

Mary Frye
Environmental Coordinator
Federal Highway Administration
Arizona Division Office
4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500
Phoenix, Arizona 85012

Subject:

Scoping Comments and Response to Cooperating Agency Invitation for the

Proposed North-South Corridor Project, Pinal County, Arizona

Dear Ms. Frye:

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has reviewed the Federal Register Notice of Intent (NOI) published on September 20, 2010 requesting comments on the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) decision to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed North-South Corridor project in Pinal County, Arizona. Additionally, EPA participated in an Agency Scoping Meeting for the project on October 5, 2010. As described in the NOI, the proposed action consists of selecting the most appropriate location for a future 40 mile facility, extending from US 60 in the vicinity of Apache Junction to I-10 in the vicinity of Eloy and Marana. Our comments at this stage are provided to assist in preparation of the Draft EIS (DEIS) and are pursuant to National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) regulations (40 CFR Parts 1500-1508) and Section 309 of the Clean Air Act.

Additionally, FHWA has requested that EPA become a Cooperating Agency for the North-South Corridor project in an October 18, 2010 letter. EPA accepts FHWA's invitation to become a Cooperating Agency (as defined in NEPA). As a Cooperating Agency, EPA will provide comments on the Purpose and Need, Range of Alternatives, Draft EIS, and at other milestones where we believe we can contribute to avoidance and minimization of potential impacts to resources during the development of the EIS. We look forward to working with FHWA to ensure that our early coordination assists both of our agencies in meeting our statutory missions. EPA's participation as a Cooperating Agency does not constitute formal or informal approval of any part of this project under any statute administered by EPA, nor does it limit in any way EPA's independent review of the Draft and Final EISs pursuant to Section 309 of the Clean Air Act.

Purpose and Need

The DEIS for the proposed project should clearly identify the underlying purpose and need that is the basis for proposing the range of alternatives (40 CFR 1502.13). The purpose and need statement should concisely identify why the project is being proposed and should focus on the desired outcomes of the project (e.g. improve regional mobility) rather than prescribing a predetermined solution (e.g. provide new fully access-controlled facility). Specifically, the need for the proposed improvements must be articulated and justified with consideration of the existing and planned facilities in the area.

The projections of future growth and travel increases used to identify the need for the proposed project should be presented along with the assumptions that were used for land use and travel demand forecasting. The DEIS should also incorporate estimates of the magnitude of induced travel into any travel demand modeling and impact analysis (www.fhwa.dot.gov/steam/doc.htm).

Range of Alternatives

The DEIS for this project should explore and objectively evaluate a full range of alternatives, including, but not limited to, the No Build alternative, improvements to existing facilities, and alternatives that incorporate transit options. The No Build alternative must be evaluated as a bench mark against which to compare both the performance and environmental consequences of the other project alternatives. EPA recommends that alternatives be evaluated that incorporate improvements to existing facilities such as Ironwood Road, Hunt Highway, and State Route 87. Additionally, EPA recommends that Alternatives be focused in areas to the west of the CAP canal, where feasible, in order to minimize impacts from further growth-inducement and habitat fragmentation that may result from the proposed project.

EPA recommends coordination with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and Valley Metro Rail (METRO) in the design and analysis of potential transit options for inclusion in the range of alternatives, including the proposed Phoenix-Tucson Intercity Rail. In exploring the option to enhance transit access, that DEIS should clearly identify what forms of transit facilities are currently in operation and the plans for future expansion. Furthermore, the DEIS should identify activities that can be undertaken by FHWA, Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), and/or other responsible agencies, such as FTA and METRO, to enhance transit ridership and effectively increase overall mobility throughout the region.

Finally, as further described below, there may be a need for a Clean Water Act Section 404 Individual Permit for fill of waters of the U.S. during NEPA analyses for the project. Compliance with the CWA Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines will require that a reasonable range of alternatives be evaluated before determining the Least Environmentally Damaging Practicable Alternative (LEDPA), which is the only alternative that can be permitted pursuant to the Guidelines.

Impacts to Aquatic Resources

Given the proximity to important aquatic resources, including the Gila River, CAP Canal, and McClellan Wash, this project may involve the discharge of dredged or fill material into jurisdictional waters. Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S. require

authorization by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) under CWA Section 404. The Federal Guidelines at 40 CFR Part 230 promulgated under CWA Section 404 (b)(1) provide substantive environmental criteria that must be met to permit such discharges into waters of the U.S.

The purpose of the Guidelines is to restore and maintain the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of waters of the U. S. These goals are achieved, in part, by controlling discharges of dredged or fill material (40 CFR 230.1(a)). Fundamental to the Guidelines is the principle that dredged or fill material should not be discharged into the aquatic ecosystem, unless it can be demonstrated that there is no less environmentally damaging practicable alternative that achieves an applicant's project purpose. In addition, no discharge can be permitted if it will cause or contribute to significant degradation of the waters of the U.S., cause or contribute to a violation of a State water quality standard, or jeopardize a federally listed species. FHWA will have to demonstrate that potential impacts to waters of the U. S have been avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable prior to obtaining a CWA Section 404 permit (40 CFR 230.10(a) and 230.10(d)).

- A Clean Water Act jurisdictional delineation should be completed and submitted to the Corps for verification prior to release of the DEIS. This data should then be incorporated into the DEIS so that an adequate assessment of existing conditions and the environmental consequences of each proposed alternative can be made.
- Demonstrate that all potential impacts to waters and wetlands of the U.S. have been
 avoided and minimized to the greatest extent possible. Typically, transportation projects
 can accomplish this by using spanned crossings, arched crossings, or oversized buried
 box culverts over drainages to encourage continuity of sediment transport and
 hydrological processes and wildlife passage. If these resources cannot be avoided, the
 analyses should clearly demonstrate how cost, logistical, or technological constraints
 preclude avoidance and minimization of impacts.
- Include a systematic analysis for drainage crossings which identifies and prioritizes the
 potential for improvements to the aquatic system and for wildlife use at each crossing, as
 applicable. All drainage crossings should be designed so that wildlife movement is
 possible. We recommend that FHWA and ADOT coordinate with Arizona Department
 of Game and Fish regarding appropriate crossing features.
- Incorporate a buffer zone for the Gila River in the design of alternatives to adequately
 protect the river from indirect impacts.
- Temporary and permanent impacts to waters of the U.S. for each alternative studied should be estimated, including acres of waters impacted. For each alternative, the DEIS should report these numbers in table form for each impacted water and wetland feature.
- Quantify the benefits from measures and modifications designed to avoid and minimize impacts to wetland and water resources for each alternative studied and include this in the DEIS; for example, number of stream crossings avoided, acres of waters of the U.S. avoided, etc.

Additionally, FHWA bears the burden for clearly demonstrating that the preferred alternative for the final route is the LEDPA that achieves the overall project purpose while not causing or contributing to significant degradation of the aquatic ecosystem. Identification of the LEDPA is achieved by performing an alternatives analysis that estimates the direct, secondary, and cumulative impacts to jurisdictional waters resulting from each alternative considered. To ensure the alternatives analysis serves its intended purpose as a planning and screening tool, EPA encourages FHWA to discuss project alternatives with the Corps and EPA early in the planning process.

Waters Assessment

The waters assessment for each alternative should be of an appropriate scope and detail to identify sensitive areas or aquatic systems with functions highly susceptible to change. EPA recommends that FHWA present adequate data in the DEIS to provide decision-makers with enough information to compare impacts and make a determination of which alternative will have fewer impacts to aquatic resources.

Recommendations:

- Include the classification of waters and the geographic extent of waters and adjacent riparian areas.
- Characterize and assess the functional condition of waters and adjacent riparian areas.
 This assessment should take into account characteristics such as vegetation density, evidence of ponding, buffer width, soil structure, gradient, etc.
- Describe the extent and nature of stream channel alteration, riverine corridor continuity, and buffered tributaries.
- Include wildlife species affected that could reasonably be expected to use waters or associated riparian habitat and sensitive plant taxa that are associated with waters or associated riparian habitat.
- Analyze the potential flood flow alteration.
- Characterize the hydrologic linkage to any impaired water body.
- Analyze the potential water quality impact and potential effects to designated uses.
- Address techniques proposed for minimizing surface water contamination due to increased runoff from additional impervious surfaces.

Air Quality

The project is located in an area that is designated as non-attainment for 8-hour Ozone and proposed non-attainment for particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM₁₀). Because of the area's non-attainment status, it is important to reduce emissions of ozone precursors and particulate matter from this project to the maximum extent.

Recommendations:

 Ambient Conditions: The DEIS should include a detailed discussion of ambient air conditions (i.e., baseline or existing conditions), the area's attainment or nonattainment status for all NAAQS, and potential air quality impacts (including cumulative and indirect impacts) from the construction and operation of the project for each fully evaluated alternative. The DEIS should include estimates of all criteria pollutant

- emissions and diesel particulate matter (DPM). EPA also recommends that the DEIS disclose the available information about the health risks associated with vehicle emissions and how the proposed project will affect current emission levels.
- Relevant Requirements: The DEIS should describe any applicable local, state, or federal
 requirements. The DEIS should describe applicable requirements for Federal Actions that
 require FHWA funding or approval and are subject to the Transportation Conformity
 requirements in 40 CFR part 93, subpart A and for Federal Actions that are subject to the
 General Conformity requirements in 40 CFR part 93, subpart B.
- Conformity: The DEIS should ensure that the emissions from both the construction and
 the operational phases of the project conform to the approved State Implementation Plan
 and do not cause or contribute to violations of the NAAQS. To meet the transportation
 conformity requirements, the DEIS should demonstrate that the project is included in a
 conforming transportation plan and transportation improvement program.
- <u>Traffic</u>: The DEIS should describe how any traffic estimates were developed and how
 these traffic estimates relate to regional transportation estimates included in the regional
 transportation plan. Any supporting documents on which the conclusions of the project's
 impacts to air quality are based, such as traffic data and other air analyses, should be
 included in the DEIS.

Construction

FHWA should include a Construction Emissions Mitigation Plan in the DEIS and adopt this plan in the Record of Decision (ROD). In addition to all applicable local, state, or federal requirements, EPA recommends that the following mitigation measures be included in the Construction Emissions Mitigation Plan in order to reduce impacts associated with emissions of particulate matter (PM) and other toxics from construction-related activities:

Recommendations:

Due to the rising PM₁₀ concentrations in Pinal County, EPA recommends that the best available control measures (BACM) for this pollutant be implemented at all times. We further recommend that the following additional measures be incorporated into a Construction Emissions Mitigation Plan:

Fugitive Dust Source Controls:

- Stabilize open storage piles and disturbed areas by covering and/or applying water or chemical/organic dust palliative where appropriate. This applies to both inactive and active sites, during workdays, weekends, holidays, and windy conditions.
- Install wind fencing and phase grading operations where appropriate, and operate water trucks for stabilization of surfaces under windy conditions.
- When hauling material and operating non-earthmoving equipment, prevent spillage and limit speeds to 15 miles per hour (mph). Limit speed of earthmoving equipment to 10 mph

Mobile and Stationary Source Controls:

- · Reduce use, trips, and unnecessary idling from heavy equipment.
- Employ periodic, unscheduled inspections to limit unnecessary idling and to ensure that construction equipment is properly maintained, tuned, and modified consistent with established specifications.

- Maintain and tune engines per manufacturer's specifications to perform at EPA certification levels and to perform at verified standards applicable to retrofit technologies.
- Prohibit any tampering with engines and require continuing adherence to manufacturer's recommendations.
- If practicable, lease new, clean equipment meeting the most stringent of
 applicable Federal or State Standards. Tier 4 engines should be used for
 project construction equipment to the maximum extent feasible¹. Lacking
 availability of non-road construction equipment that meets Tier 4 engine
 standards, FHWA should commit to using the best available emissions control
 technologies on all equipment.
- Utilize EPA-registered particulate traps and other appropriate controls where suitable to reduce emissions of diesel particulate matter and other pollutants at the construction site.

Administrative controls:

- Identify all commitments to reduce construction emissions and update the air quality analysis to reflect additional air quality improvements that would result from adopting specific air quality measures.
- Identify where implementation of mitigation measures is rejected based on economic infeasibility.
- Prepare an inventory of all equipment prior to construction and identify the suitability of add-on emission controls for each piece of equipment before groundbreaking. (Suitability of control devices is based on: whether there is reduced normal availability of the construction equipment due to increased downtime and/or power output, whether there may be significant damage caused to the construction equipment engine, or whether there may be a significant risk to nearby workers or the public.) Where appropriate, use alternative fuels such as natural gas and electric.
- Develop a construction traffic and parking management plan that minimizes traffic interference and maintains traffic flow.
- Identify sensitive receptors in the project area, such as children, elderly, and
 infirm, and specify the means by which you will minimize impacts to these
 populations. For example, locate construction equipment and staging zones
 away from sensitive receptors and fresh air intakes to buildings and air
 conditioners.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Arizona has one of the highest greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions growth-rates of any state, with transportation being the greatest contributor to these emissions. As such, EPA recommends that the DEIS include a quantitative analysis of the GHG emissions that will result from implementation of the project and discuss the full implication of those emissions on the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. In addition, we recommend that the DEIS identify all measures that will be taken to minimize GHG emissions and promote initiatives to reduce the

¹ Diesel engines < 25 hp rated power started phasing in Tier 4 Model Years in 2008. Larger Tier 4 diesel engines will be phased in depending on the rated power (e.g., 25 hp - <75 hp; 2013; 75 hp - < 175 hp; 2012-2013; 175 hp - < 750 hp; 2011 - 2013; and ≥ 750 hp 2011- 2015).

Project's overall carbon footprint. Examples of such initiatives can be found in Arizona's Climate Change Action Plan (http://www.azclimatechange.gov/download/O40F9298.pdf) and include, (1) implementing transportation policies to promote smart growth planning, (2) promoting multi-modal transit, and (3) providing incentives for accelerated replacement of high-emitting diesel vehicles, among others.

Growth-related Indirect Impact Analysis

EPA is concerned about the potential indirect impacts (40 CFR Part 1508.8(b)) of this project related to growth-inducement. Improved access to undeveloped areas may affect the location and timing of growth on surrounding lands, leading to indirect impacts to air quality, waters, biological resources, etc. Growth-inducement may also lead to an increased loss of farmlands which have already been heavily impacted by extensive development in the area. The project would benefit from analysis of growth-related impacts early in project development. A growth-related impact analysis assists with compliance requirements of NEPA by considering environmental consequences as early as possible and providing a well-documented and sound basis for government decision making.

- Use the Guidance for Preparers of Growth-related, Indirect Impact Analyses
 (http://www.dot.ca.gov/ser/Growth-related_IndirectImpactAnalysis/gri_guidance.htm)
 which was coauthored by FHWA, Caltrans, and EPA and is applicable to impact analyses
 for projects outside of California.
- Identify if the project will affect the location and/or timing of planned growth in the area.
 Specifically, the analysis should identify the potential resources that may be affected by the increased "zone of influence" associated with interchanges and impacting resources outside of the right-of-way.
- Identify the types of resources that are likely to occur in geographic areas that may be
 affected by growth. If it is determined that there will be no, or insignificant, impacts to
 resources of concern, then document the analysis process and report the results. EPA
 recommends following the Step-by-Step Approach for Conducting the Analysis in
 Chapter 6 of the above-referenced Guidance.
- Include a discussion of mitigation strategies to reduce impacts if adverse impacts cannot be avoided or minimized. Section 6.3 of the Guidance provides an approach to address mitigation for growth-related impacts.
- Include a discussion of how the project could be integrated with smart growth and sustainability principles, such as those recommended in the International City/County Management Association's report regarding smart growth in rural communities (http://icma.org/en/icma/knowledge_network/documents/kn/Document/301483/Putting_Smart_Growth_to_Work_in_Rural_Communities) and in the HUD/DOT/EPA Partnership for Sustainable Communities (http://www.epa.gov/smartgrowth/partnership/). In particular, the DEIS should include discussion of actions that can be taken during project development to foster the implementation of smart growth strategies in the project area, including limiting the number of exits in rural areas, increasing distance between

exits, and working with transit providers to ensure multi-modal opportunities are available between small communities and job centers. Additionally, we urge FHWA to coordinate with local municipalities in the pursuit of zoning ordinances that encourage smart growth, thus reducing the project's potential for impacts related to growth-inducement.

Cumulative Impact Analysis

Cumulative impacts are defined in CEQ's NEPA regulations as the impact on the environment that results from the incremental impact of the action when added to the other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future actions, regardless of what agency (Federal or non-Federal) or person undertakes such actions (40 CFR 1508.7). These actions include both transportation and non-transportation activities. The cumulative impact analysis should consider non-transportation projects such as large-scale developments and approved urban planning projects that are reasonably foreseeable and are identified within city and county planning documents.

The cumulative impact analysis should describe the "identifiable present effects" to various resources attributed to past actions. The purpose of considering past actions is to determine the current health of resources. This information forms the baseline for assessing potential cumulative impacts and can be used to develop cooperative strategies for resource protection (CEO's Forty Most Frequently Asked Questions #19).

- Conduct a thorough cumulative impact assessment that includes a complete list of reasonably foreseeable actions, including non-transportation projects.
- EPA recommends the use of the June 2005 Guidance for Preparers of Cumulative Impacts Analysis developed jointly by Caltrans, FHWA, and EPA [http://www.dot.ca.gov/ser/cumulative_guidance/purpose.htm]. The guidance will assist in identifying cumulative impacts and preparing an analysis that is sound, well documented, and compliant with CWA Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines. As included in the above-referenced Guidance, the DEIS should include the following eight steps for identifying and assessing cumulative impacts:
 - Identify the resources to consider in the cumulative impact analysis by gathering input from knowledgeable individuals and reliable information sources.
 This process is initiated during project scoping and continues throughout the NEPA analysis.
 - Define the geographic boundary or Resource Study Area (RSA) for each resource to be addressed in the cumulative impact analysis.
 - 3) Describe the current health and the historical context of each resource.
 - 4) Identify the direct and indirect impacts of the proposed project that might contribute to a cumulative impact on the identified resources.
 - Identify the set of other current and reasonably foreseeable future actions or projects and their associated environmental impacts to include in the cumulative impact analysis
 - 6) Assess the potential cumulative impacts.

- 7) Report the results of the cumulative impact analysis.
- 8) Assess the need for mitigation and/or recommendations for actions by other agencies to address a cumulative impact.
- Identify potential large, landscape-level regional impacts, as well as potential large-scale mitigation measures.

Environmental Justice and Community Outreach

The DEIS should identify whether the proposed alternatives may disproportionately and adversely affect low income or minority populations in the surrounding area and should provide appropriate mitigation measures for any adverse impacts. Executive Order 12898 addresses Environmental Justice in minority and low income populations, and the Council on Environmental Quality has developed guidance concerning how to address Environmental Justice in the environmental review process (http://ceq.hss.doe.gov/nepa/regs/ej/justice.pdf). Community involvement activities supporting the project should include opportunities for incorporating public input, especially in Environmental Justice communities, into the facility design process to promote context sensitive design.

Recommendations:

- Identify whether the proposed alternatives may disproportionately and adversely affect
 low-income or minority populations and provide appropriate mitigation measures for any
 adverse impacts. Assessment of the project's impacts should reflect consultation with
 affected populations and mitigation measures should be considered where feasible to
 avoid, mitigate, minimize, rectify, reduce, or eliminate impacts associated with a
 proposed project (See 40 C.F.R. § 1508.20). Mitigation measures identified in the DEIS
 should reflect the needs and preferences of the affected low-income and minority
 populations to the extent practicable.
- Document the process used for community involvement and communication, including all measures to specifically outreach to potential environmental justice communities. Include an analysis of results achieved by reaching out to these populations. EPA has developed a model plan for public participation that may assist FHWA in this effort. The Model Plan for Public Participation, EPA OECA, February 2000, is available at: http://www.epa.gov/compliance/ej/resources/publications/nejac/model-public-part-plan.pdf

Protection of Historic and Cultural Resources

Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 requires federal agencies to consider the effects of their actions on historic properties, which include buildings, structures, objects, sites, districts, and archaeological resources.

- Assess potential impacts to historical, archaeological, and cultural resources and coordinate with affected Tribes and other interested parties.
- Clearly document the methodology used for determining the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources.

- Address what mitigation techniques will be used should sensitive resources be discovered, including recording or removal of materials, and/or changes in project design.
- Identify the status of any Memorandum of Understanding with the State Historic Preservation Officer regarding the project.

Biological Resources

Several special-status wildlife species have the potential to occur within the project area including the Desert Tortoise (Gopherus agassizii) and Tucson Shovelnose Snake (Chionactis occipitalis klauberi), among others. EPA recommends early coordination with the Arizona Department of Game and Fish and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in order to avoid and minimize project impacts to biological resources to the greatest extent possible.

Recommendations:

- Identify all petitioned and listed threatened and endangered species and critical habitat
 within the project area and assess which species and critical habitats might be directly or
 indirectly affected by each alternative.
- Include the status of the Endangered Species Act Section 7 consultation process.
- Describe efforts to avoid and/or minimize impacts to species and their associated habitats.
- In accordance with Executive Order 13112 on Invasive Species, identify proposed
 methods to minimize the spread of invasive species and use native plant and tree species
 where revegetation is planned. Commit to saving removed native soils for use in
 revegetation projects.
- Clearly demonstrate compliance with Section 4(f) (49 U.S.C. 303).

EPA appreciates the opportunity to provide comments on the preparation of the DEIS, and looks forward to coordinating as a Cooperating Agency in the development of the DEIS. Once the DEIS is released for public review, please send one hard copy and one electronic copy to the address above (mail code: CED-2). Please feel free to direct any questions you may have concerning our comments to me at (415) 972-3370 or meek.clifton@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Clifton Meek, Life Scientist Environmental Review Office

Cc: Rebecca Swiecki, ADOT
Kathleen Tucker, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Greg Beatty, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
Dana Warnecke, Arizona Department of Game and Fish

DEF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

US Army Corps of Engineers
Los Angeles District, Phoenix Office
3636 N. Central Ave., Suite 900
Phoenix, AZ 85012

November 3, 2010

ATTENTIONOF
Office of the Chief
Regulatory Division

Mr. Robert Hollis Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration 4000 North Central Ave, Ste 1500 Phoenix, AZ 85012-3500

File Number: SPL-2010-122-KAT

Dear Mr. Hollis:

I am responding to your letter dated October 18, 2010 requesting the Corps of Engineers (Corps) to become a participating and cooperating agency in the development of the Environmental Impact Statement for the North-South Corridor located in Pinal County (999 PN 000 H7454 01L). Based on the description in your letter, this project has the potential to cross numerous washes, including the Gila River that may require Clean Water Act Section 404 permitting and review by the Corps.

The Corps accepts the invitation to be a participating and cooperating agency for this project. Thus the Corps will provide input on defining purpose and need, determining the range of alternatives to be considered, and the methodologies and level of detail required in the alternative analysis. The Corps will participate in coordination meetings and joint field reviews as appropriate. Lastly the Corps will provide timely reviews and comments on pre-draft and pre-final environmental documents.

Thank you for this opportunity to participate in the development of this project. In regards to this project, please continue to coordinate with Kathleen Tucker of my staff at 602-640-5385 ext 254 or via e-mail at kathleen.a.tucker@usace.army.mil.

Sincerely, La lle McGune

Sallie D. McGuire Chief, Arizona Branch Regulatory Division

c: Mary E. Frye, FHWA Environmental Program Manager



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Phoenix Area Office 6150 West Thunderbird Road Glendale, Arizona 85306-4001

NOV - 4 2010



NOV 8 - 2010

Mr. Robert E. Hollis Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration 4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, AZ 85012-3500

Dear Mr. Hollis:

The Bureau of Reclamation accepts your invitation to become a cooperating agency in the development of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the U.S. 60/Interstate 10 North-South Corridor study. The study area for the EIS encompasses portions of the Central Arizona Project, a Reclamation-owned facility that conveys Colorado River water to agricultural and municipal users in the Tucson and Phoenix areas. In addition, Reclamation is providing funds to the San Carlos Irrigation and Drainage District to rehabilitate San Carlos Irrigation Project (SCIP) facilities. The SCIP facilities deliver water to 50,546 acres of Indian farmland on the Gila River Indian Community and 50,000 acres of non-Indian farmland between Florence and Casa Grande through canals and laterals that originate at the Ashurst-Hayden Diversion Dam on the Gila River. Reclamation is preparing a Draft EIS for rehabilitation of the SCIP facilities (see 75 Federal Register 53332).

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact John McGlothlen by telephone at 623-773-6256, or by email at jmcglothlen@usbr.gov.

Sincerely,

Bruce D. Ellis, Chief Environmental Resource Management Division



United States Department of the Interior

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Arizona Ecological Services Office

2321 West Royal Palm Road, Suite 103 Phoenix, Arizona 85021-4951 Telephone: (602) 242-0210 Fax: (602) 242-2513



In reply refer to: AESO/SE 22410-2011-TA-0039

February 18, 2011

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki Arizona Department of Transportation Environmental Planning Group 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

RE:

HOP AZ

STP-999-A(BBM)

TRACS No. 99 PN 000 H7454 01L

North-South Corridor Study

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

Thank you for your correspondence of October 13, 2010, received in our office October 18, 2010, requesting input on the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation's (ADOT) intent to prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed North-South Corridor Project in Pinal County, Arizona. We appreciate your patience and understanding as we worked through our internal procedures to provide you with an appropriate response.

Your correspondence indicated that the FHWA has requested that the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) become a Cooperating Agency for the North-South Corridor Project. FWS accepts FHWA's invitation to become a Cooperating Agency under the terms provided in your October 13, 2010 correspondence. This includes providing early and meaningful input on defining the project purpose and need, determining the range of alternatives considered, participating in coordination and interdisciplinary meetings as appropriate, and providing review and comments on pre-draft and pre-final National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) documents reflecting our agency's views and concerns. Please be aware that FWS's participation as a Cooperating Agency does not constitute formal or informal approval of any part of this project under any statute administered by FWS, nor does it limit in any way FWS's independent review of the draft or final EISs under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531-1544) (Act).

The FWS encourages the FHWA and ADOT to fully consider the following issues and concerns as you develop the design concept report and associated NEPA documents. As this study and the development of the EIS progresses, the FWS will have additional comments and recommendations.

A linear project of the scope of the proposed north-south corridor has the potential to have significant effects to the natural resources located within the study area. Some areas of the proposed action occur within or adjacent to active and abandoned agricultural fields and developing commercial areas associated with I-10, SR-87, and SR-79. Impacts to listed and sensitive species in these types of areas are typically reduced. However, the project area also includes areas of natural, open desert supporting a diversity of vegetation and wildlife habitat. Of particular value to wildlife, including listed and sensitive species, is the Sonoran Desertscrub community and associated xeroriparian washes. The Sonoran Desert contains a highly diverse vegetation assemblage influenced by its unique climate and location. As a result, the Sonoran Desert supports a higher biodiversity than most other desert communities. Unique plant species, such as the saguaro (Carnegiea gigantea) and ironwood (Olneya tesota), provide a suite of habitat values for a wide range of wildlife species. Ironwood forests in the project area are equivalent to old-growth forests found elsewhere in the world. Desert washes within the Sonoran Desert support enhanced vegetation structure and diversity due to increased moisture availability. Wash systems support desert woodlands characterized by larger trees and higher vegetation cover than the surrounding desert. These desert riparian areas attract and support a disproportionate number and diversity of wildlife species. We recommend that, as the assessment of the proposed north-south corridor is conducted, you consider the need to maintain these rich desert communities. Of particular concern is the need to avoid habitat fragmentation and maintain habitat linkages throughout the project area to maintain and enhance habitat for listed and sensitive species.

For example, the project proposal falls within the range of the lesser long-nosed bat (Leptonycteris curasoae yerbabuenae), a species listed as endangered under the Act. The lesser long-nosed bat forages on the flowers and fruits of the saguaro cactus during the crucial maternity season. A known lesser long-nosed bat maternity roost is located within 20 miles of the study area for this project. This bat species travels up to 40 miles one-way each night to obtain the necessary forage resources. The protection of saguaros and movement corridors between roost sites and foraging areas is important for the conservation of this species.

In addition, the project also includes habitat for the cactus ferruginous pygmy-owl (Glaucidium brasilianum cactorum; pygmy-owl), a species formerly listed as endangered under the Act. A final rule to remove the pygmy-owl from the Endangered Species list was published April 14, 2006. Therefore, the protective regulations of the Act no longer apply to the pygmy-owl. However, upon request, we continue to provide technical assistance related to the conservation of the pygmy-owl. Additionally, the FWS is currently evaluating a petition to relist the pygmy-owl. All recent nest locations for the pygmy-owl in Arizona have been in cavities in saguaros. In addition, pygmy-owls are most commonly found in desert woodlands, and large trees such as ironwood, mesquite, and blue palo verde provide important year-round thermal, foraging, and escape cover. The extra cover provided along desert washes is used by pygmy-owls for movements within home ranges, but also for dispersal across the landscape.

The area also provides potential habitat for the Tucson shovel-nosed snake (Chionactis occipitalis klauberi) and the Sonoran desert tortoise (Gopherus agassizii). Both of these species are listed as candidate species under the Act. Candidate species are those where we believe there is sufficient information to list them under the Act, but lack the necessary resources to do so. The project area also supports potential habitat for the western burrowing owl (Athene cunicularia hypugaea), a sensitive species. The burrowing owl is a species that is experiencing rangewide declines and is a covered species in three habitat conservation plans being developed in adjacent Pima County. This species is known to inhabit open areas with sparse vegetation, including agricultural areas. Burrowing owl habitat is found throughout the project area.

Current data on the occurrence of these species in the project area is limited. We recommend that surveys to determine occupancy and distribution of these species be included as an element of the north-south corridor evaluation. This type of data will be particularly useful in helping to determine the location of the proposed roadway.

Habitat fragmentation is an ongoing threat to the conservation of listed and sensitive species. Habitat linkages that allow for movements across the landscape are essential to wildlife for foraging, dispersal, breeding, and other life history activities. Locating the proposed roadway in areas that have existing structures (roadways, utility corridors, irrigation canals, etc.) and areas that have already been subjected to disturbance will reduce habitat fragmentation. Several important landscape-level wildlife linkages have been identified within Arizona, and specifically within the study area for this project. ADOT and FHWA have participated in the development and implementation of these linkage studies and we recommend that efforts to incorporate these data be made as part of the north-south corridor study. Elements can also be incorporated into the actual design of the proposed roadway that will allow for wildlife permeability, as well as reduce potential vehicle collisions with wildlife.

This letter is not intended to express any requirement of, or conditions necessary for compliance with, the Endangered Species Act. Our comments are provided to you as technical assistance and early input with regard to how effects to wildlife resources from the proposed north-south corridor can be minimized, but they do not constitute legal requirements. If there is a Federal nexus for this project, the Federal action agency will make a determination on the effects of the action on listed species and whether section 7 consultation, pursuant to the Act, is required.

If you have any questions regarding our comments, or need any additional information, please contact Scott Richardson at 520-670-6150 (x242).

Thank you for your consideration of endangered species.

Sincerely,

Steven L. Spangle

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki 4

cc (hard copy):

Habitat Branch Chief, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix, AZ

cc (email):

Assistant Field Supervisor, Fish and Wildlife Service, Tucson, AZ Regional Supervisor, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Tucson, AZ (Attn: John Windes)

W:\Scott Richardson\ADOT.FHWA.North_South Corridor Study.Coop Agency Invite.12_2010.doc:egg



1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20590

Federal Railroad Administration

JUL 17 2013

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

Subject: Cooperating Agency Invitation; North-South Corridor Study, Pinal County, Arizona

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

The Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) received your transmittal from October 13, 2010. Thank you for inviting FRA to act as a cooperating agency with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) in the development of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the North-South Corridor Study in Pinal County, Arizona.

FRA requests cooperating agency status on this EIS. FRA has an interest in the North-South Corridor Study as decisions for the roadway alignments, environmental studies (economic impacts, cultural, hazardous materials, air, invasive species, endangered species, socioeconomics and water) and evaluation of the alternatives in the Study Corridor could impact the Arizona Passenger Rail Corridor Study: Tucson to Phoenix Project. FRA and the Federal Transit Administration are funding the Arizona Passenger Rail Corridor Study; for which FHWA is a cooperating agency.

In accordance with 40 CFR 1501.6 as a cooperating agency, FRA anticipates being afforded the opportunity to participate in NEPA coordination meetings, raise concerns about technical studies, provide information on alternatives/mitigation, and review/provide comments on pre-draft/pre-final documents relation to environmental issues of concern.

Ms. Andrea Martin, Environmental Protection Specialist in the Office of Railroad Policy and Development, of my staff is hereby designated as the primary point of contact for the Project. Ms. Martin can be reached at (202) 493-6201 or email andrea.martin@dot.gov.

We look forward to working with FHWA and ADOT on this Project.

Sincerely,

David Valenstein

Division Chief, Environment and Systems Planning

Federal Railroad Administration

CC: Michael Kies, ADOT Multimodal Planning



ARIZONA DIVISION

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 Phone: (602) 379-3646

Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

October 1, 2013

RECEIVED

OCT 0 2 2013

URBAN PROJECT MANAGEMENT GROUP

In Reply Refer To: STP-999-A(365)X

HOP-AZ

STP-999-A(365)X TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Mr. David Valenstein Division Chief, Environment and Systems Planning Federal Railroad Administration 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20590

Subject: Cooperating Agency Invitation; North-South Corridor Study, Pinal County, Arizona

Dear Mr. Valenstein:

In response to your letter received July 17, 2013, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as the lead federal agency, and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), as the project sponsoring agency, recognize the Federal Railroad Administration's as a cooperating agency with the FHWA and ADOT in the development of the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the North–South Corridor.

In accordance with 40 CFR 1501.6 of the Council on Environmental Quality's Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provision of NEPA and pursuant to Section 6002 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), cooperating agencies are responsible to identify as early as practicable, any issues of concern regarding the project's potential impacts that could substantially delay or prevent an agency from granting a permit or other approval that is needed for the project. We suggest that your agency's role in the development of this project should include the following activities as they relate to your area of expertise:

- Provide meaningful and early input on defining the project purpose and need, determining the range of alternatives to be considered, and the methodologies and level of detail required in the alternatives analysis.
- 2. Participate in regular coordination meetings, quarterly interdisciplinary team meetings, and joint field reviews, as appropriate.
- Timely review and comment on pre-draft and pre-final NEPA documents to reflect views and concerns of your agency on the adequacy of the document, alternatives considered, and the anticipated impacts and mitigation.

The Alternatives Selection Report may be obtained from the following link (please note the link requires an email address to access but it is not password protected).

• Alterative Selection Report https://kimley-horn.securevdr.com/d/s1b9a31734de432d9, link to the North-South Corridor Study Draft Final Alternatives Selection Report (dated March 2013) and the North-South Corridor Study Draft Alternatives Selection Report, November 2012 Comment Log (dated March 20, 2013).

The draft Purpose and Need may be obtained from the ADOT project website from the following link.

Draft Purpose and Need
 http://www.azdot.gov/Highways/Projects/NorthSouthCorridorStudy/PDF/PNS_Draft_v1-6.pdf,
 link to the North–South Corridor Study Draft Purpose and Need (December 2011)

You have indicated that Ms. Andrea Martin, Environmental Protection Specialist in the Office of Railroad Policy and Development, is designated as the contact for the project. Ms. Martin is identified in the attached Coordination Plan as the primary point of contact. For conflict resolution, would you please provide the titles to complete the cooperating agency conflict resolution contact matrix (refer to Exhibit 1 on following page).

If you have any questions or would like to discuss the study or our agencies' respective roles in more detail, please contact David Cremer, FHWA Environmental Coordinator at (602) 382-8976 or email david.cremer@dot.gov, or Joanie Cady, ADOT Environmental Planner III, at 602-712-8633. Thank you for your cooperation and interest in this study.

Sincerely,

David Cremer

Karla S. Petty Division Administrator

Enclosure

cc:

Trent Kelso (Mail Drop EM01)
Jennifer Grentz (Mail Drop 118A)
Joanie Cady (Mail Drop EM02)
DCremer
DCremer:cdm

Exhibit 1. Cooperating agency conflict resolution contact matrix								
Management Level	ADOT	FHWA	FRA	U.S. ACE	U.S. DOI BOR	U.S. EPA	U.S. F&WS	WAPA
Tier 1 Project Manager	Environmental Planner Project Manager	Environmental Program Manager Area Engineer	Environmental Protection Specialist	ADOT Liaison to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Regulatory	Chief of Environmental Resources Management Division	Environmental Resources Specialist	Field Manager	Environmental Manager
Tier 2 Manager at Area, District, or Section Level	Predesign Section Manager	Major Projects Manager		Chief of Arizona Regulatory Branch	Area Manager	Transportation Team Supervisor	Field Supervisor	Not applicable
Tier 3 Manager at Regional or Deputy Level	Deputy State Engineer/ Development ITD* State Engineer	Senior Engineering Manager		Chief of Regulatory Los Angeles Division	Deputy Regional Director	Division Director for Community and Ecosystems	Southwest Deputy Regional Director	Regional Manager
Tier 4 Administrator, Director, or Commander	Director	Division Administrator		Commander/ District Engineer	Regional Director	Regional Administrator	Regional Director	Administrator

^{*} Intermodal Transportation Division



ARIZONA DIVISION

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 Phone: (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

July 29, 2015

In Reply Refer To:

STP-999-A(365) TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Mr. Bill Walker, Southwest Region Director Bureau of Indian Affairs, 1001 Indian School Road, NW Albuquerque, New Mexico 87104

Dear Mr. Walker:

We received a request from the Bureau of Indian Affairs, San Carlos Irrigation Project (BIA-SCIP) to become a cooperating agency for the North-South Corridor Study. This letter serves as your invitation to become a cooperating agency on the North-South Corridor Study.

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as the lead federal agency, and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), as the project sponsoring agency have initiated an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and Location/Design Concept Report for the North—South Corridor. The proposed North—South Corridor study area begins at the United States 60 (US 60), in the vicinity of the city of Apache Junction and extends south for approximately 45 miles to connect to Interstate 10 (I-10), in the vicinity of the city of Eloy and town of Marana. In May 2015, the proposed State Route 24 (SR 24) freeway (from the North—South Corridor to the facility's planned extension at Ironwood Drive) will be part of the project. Attached are figures showing the project location, study area, and published Notice of Intent (NOI).

The EIS will consider and assess a reasonable range of alternatives, including the no-build alternative. Issues to be analyzed in depth in the EIS will include the project's impacts on cultural resources, biological resources, water quality, recreational resources, noise impacts and air quality; as well as other social, economic, and environmental impacts.

We extend the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Southwest Region, an invitation to become a cooperating agency in the development of the EIS for the subject project in accordance with 40 CFR 1501.6 of the Council on Environmental Quality's Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provision of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). A separate invitation has been extended to the BIA-SCIP Acting Environmental Coordinator, Mr. Beau Goldstein.

Pursuant to Section 6002 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), cooperating agencies are responsible to identify as early as practicable, any issues of concern regarding the project's potential impacts that could substantially delay or prevent an agency from granting a permit or other approval that is needed

for the project. We suggest that your agency's role in the development of this project should include the following activities as they relate to your area of expertise:

 Provide meaningful and early input on defining the project purpose and need, determining the range of alternatives to be considered, and the methodologies and level of detail required in the alternatives analysis.

Participate in monthly coordination meetings, quarterly interdisciplinary team meetings,

and joint field reviews, as appropriate.

Timely review and comment on pre-draft and pre-final NEPA documents to reflect views and concerns of your agency on the adequacy of the document, alternatives considered, and the anticipated impacts and mitigation.

In order to ensure continued project progress, please provide a written response indicating the BIA Southwest Region's acceptance or denial of this invitation within 30 days from the receipt of this letter. If you accept, please identify the appropriate contact person within your organization for future coordination. If your agency declines, the response should state the reason(s) for declining the invitation. Pursuant to SAFETEA-LU Section 6002, any federal agency that chooses to decline the invitation to be a cooperating agency must specifically state in its response that it:

- · has no jurisdiction or authority with respect to the study;
- · has no expertise or information relevant to the study; and
- does not intend to submit comments on the project.

Declining or accepting this invitation will not affect the offer of coordinating agency previously extended to the BIA-SCIP. If you have any questions or would like to discuss the study or our agencies' respective roles in more detail, please contact Aryan Lirange, Senior Urban Engineer, at 602-382-8973 or aryan.lirange@dot.gov. Thank you for your participation and interest in this study.

Sincerely,

Karla S. Petty

Division Administrator

Enclosures

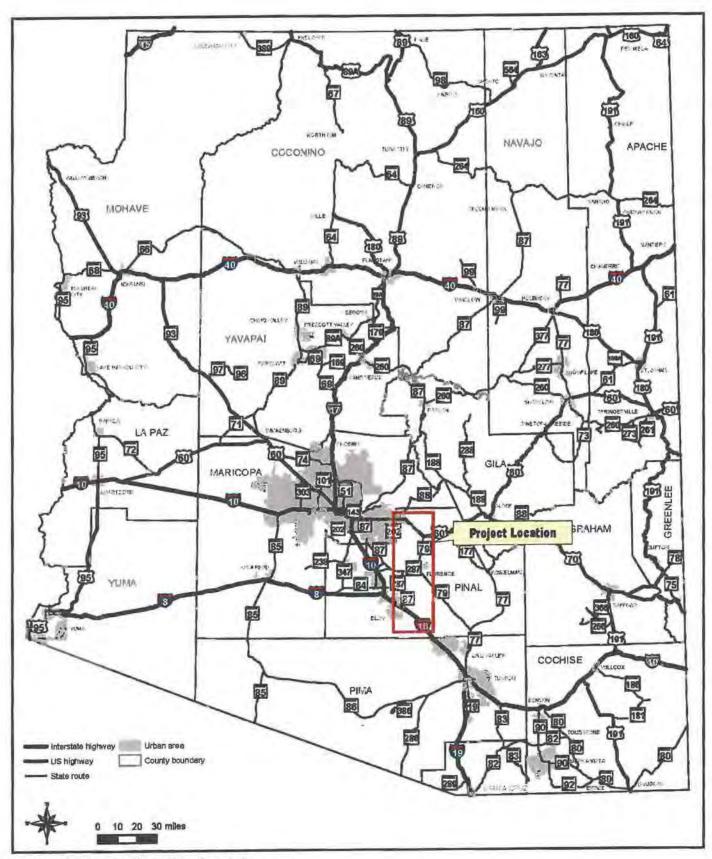


Figure 1. Project location in state

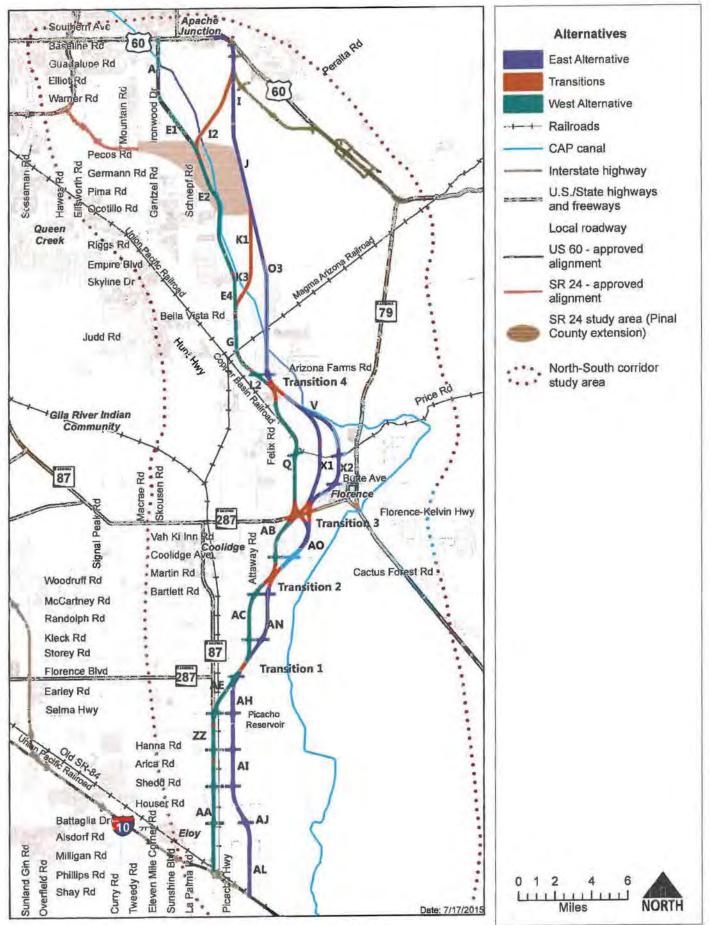


Figure 2 - Recommended Alternatives for Detailed Study

Dated: September 14, 2010.

Willem H. Brakel,

Director, Office of Environmental Policy, Department of State.

FR Doc. 2010-23425 Filed 9-17-10; 8:45 aml

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board [Docket No. FD 35407]

GNP Rly, Inc.—Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Redmond Spur and Woodinville Subdivision

AGENCY: Surface Transportation Board, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of exemption, request for comments.

SUMMARY: On August 24, 2010, GNP Rly, Inc. (GNP), a Class III rail carrier, filed a petition under 49 U.S.C. 10502 for exemption from the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 10902 to acquire and resume rail service over 2 segments of railbanked railroad right-of-way (ROW) totaling 9.1 miles, consisting of: (1) A ROW extending from milepost 0.0, at Woodinville, Wash., to approximately milepost 7.30 at Redmond, Wash. (Redmond Spur); and (2) a ROW extending from milepost 23.8 to milepost 22.0, at or near Woodinville (Woodinville Subdivision).1 The petition for exemption was filed concurrently with GNP's petition to vacete in part the NITUs issued for the Redmond Spur and a longer segment of the Woodinville Subdivision (extending from milepost 23.8 to milepost 11.25). Those NITUs permitted railbanking/ interim trail use negotiations under the Trails Act, 16 U.S.C. 1247(d). The Board seeks comments from interested persons on GNP's request to resume rail service and partially vacate the NITUs.

DATES: Written comments must be filed with the Board by October 20, 2010. Replies must be filed by November 19, 2010.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted either via the Board's e-filing format or in the traditional paper format. Any person using e-filing should attach a document and otherwise comply with the instructions at the E-FILING link on the Board's Web site, at http://www.stb.dot.gov. Any person

submitting a filing in the traditional paper format should send an original and 10 copies to: Surface Transportation Board, Attn: Docket No. FD 35407, 395 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20423— 0001.

In addition, send one copy of any comments to: (1) John Heffner, 1750 K Street, NW., Suite 200, Washington, DC 20006; (2) Charles A. Spitulnik, Kaplan Kirsch & Rockwell LLP, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, NW., Suite 800, Washington, DC 20036; (3) Craig Wetson, Port of Seattle, Pier 69, P.O. Box 1209, Seattle, WA 98111; and (4) Kristy Clark, BNSF Railway Company, 2500 Lou Menk Drive, AOB-3, Fort Worth, TX 76131.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julia Farr at 202-245-0359. Assistance for the hearing impaired is available through the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 24, 2010, GNP filed a petition under 49 U.S.C. 10502 for exemption from the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 10902 to acquire the "residual common carrier rights and obligations," including the right to reinstate rail service over the Redmond Spur and a portion of the Woodinville Subdivision. These segments are currently subject to an interim trail use agreement between BNSF Railway Company (BNSF) and King County, a political subdivision of the State of Washington. The Port of Seattle (Port) owns the real estate associated with the lines, which it acquired from BNSF.2 In King County, Wash.—Acquisition Exemption-BNSF Railway Company, FD 35148 (STB served Sept. 18, 2009). the Board granted the request by King County for exemption from 49 U.S.C. 10901 to acquire BNSF's rights and obligations, including the right to reinstate rail service in the future.

GNP's petition presents this issue: Under what circumstances will the Board grant a carrier's request to vacate a NITU to permit reactivation of rail service, when the petitioning carrier does not own or have any other interest in the ROW? An interim trail use arrangement is subject to being cut off at any time by the reinstitution of service. Here, the abandoning railroad (BNSF) has transferred its rights and obligations, including the right to reinstate rail service, to King County (the trail sponsor), and a different carrier, GNP, seeks to reinstitute service.

GNP states that 2 customers have requested service: Drywall Distributors, a supplier of drywall products, which anticipates receiving 40 carloads per year; and Building Specialties, a distributor of building products, located in the industrial park formerly served by BNSF, which also anticipates receiving 40 carloads per year. GNP includes a statement in support of its petition from Wallace/Knutsen L.L.C., owner of the industrial park located on the Redmond Spur. In enticipation of reactivation of rail service on the Redmond Spur, Wallace/Knutsen L.L.C. has leased to GNP an unused rail spur that crosses the industrial park and connects to the Redmond Spur.

By issuance of this notice, the Board is instituting an exemption proceeding pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 10502(b). A final decision will be issued by June 15,

2011.

Decided: September 14, 2010.
By the Board.
Rachel D. Campbell,
Director, Office of Proceedings.
Kulunia L. Cannon,
Cleorance Clerk.
[FR Doc. 2010–23370 Filed 9–17–10; 8:45 am].
BILLING CODE 4915–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Highway Administration

Environmental impact Statement; Pinal County, AZ

AGENCY: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of Intent.

SUMMARY: The FHWA is issuing this notice to advise the public that an Environmental impact Statement will be prepared for a proposed transportation project in Pinal County, Arizona. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kenneth H. Davis, Senior Engineering Manager for Operations, Federal Highway Administration, 4000 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1500, Phoenix, Arizona 85012-1906, Telephone (602) 382-8970, Fax (602) 382-8998, e-mail: Ken.davis@dot.gov; or Mary Frye, Environmental Coordinator, Federal Highway Administration. Arizona Division, 4000 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1500, Phoenix, Arizona 85012-1906, Telephone (602) 382-8979, Fax (602) 382-8998, e-mail: Mary.Frye@dot.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FHWA, in cooperation with the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT). will prepare an environmental impact statement (EIS) on a proposed 40-milelong project along a new route located between US 60 on the north and Interstate 10 (I-10) on the south. The

These segments were the subjects of abandonment proceedings and notices of interim trail use (NITUs) in BNSF Railway Company—Abandonment Exemption—in King County, Wash., AB 6 (Sub-No. 463X) and BNSF Railway Company—Abandonment Exemption—in King County, Wash., AB 6 (Sub-No. 465X).

² The Port of Seattle—Acquis. Exemption— Certain Assets of BNSF Ry., FD 35128 (STB served June 20, 2008).

project is considered necessary to achieve a transportation objective identified in Pinal County's 2008 Regionally Significant Routes for Safety and Mobility. The project would address current and future transportation needs in an area that currently exceeds existing road capacity and is expected to continue to worsen with the projected increase in traffic demand associated with regional

growth.

The proposed project evaluation will include, but not be limited to, potential impacts to adopted local and regional land use plans, Tribal lands, the existing and proposed Maricopa, Pinal, and Pima County regional transportation network, Central Arizona Project canals, railroads, residential and commercial development, cultural resources. Threatened and Endangered species, jurisdictional waters of the United States, air and noise quality, hazardous materials, and secondary and cumulative impacts. A full range of reasonable alternatives will be evaluated, including taking no action, using alternative transportation modes, making transportation system management improvements, a combination of arterial and freeway improvements, a new freeway, and combinations of these alternatives.

The EIS will conform to the environmental review process established in Section 6002 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU). The Section 6002 environmental review process requires the following activities: the identification and invitation of cooperating and participating agencies; the development of a coordination plan and management plan; and provision of opportunities for additional agency and public comment on the project's purpose and need, alternatives and methodologies for assessing alternatives. Additionally, the public hearing following the release of the draft EIS will also be provided. Public notice advertisements and direct mailings will notify interested parties of the time and place of public meetings and public hearing. A formal agency scoping meeting is planned between federal, state, city, county, and Tribal stakeholders.

Letters describing the proposed ection and soliciting comments will be sent to appropriate Federal, State, and local agencies, including the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation, Federal Emergency Management Agency, U.S.

Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Transit Administration, U.S. Department of Energy Western Area Power Administration, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Arizona State Land Department, Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, Arizona State Parks, Arizona Department of Emergency and Military Affairs, Arizona Department of Public Safety, Arizona Department of Corrections, Arizona Attorney General's Office, Gila River Indian Community, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, Ak-Chin Indian Community, Tohono O'odham Nation, Hopi Tribe, Pascua Yaqui Tribe, San Carlos Apache Nation, White Mountain Apache Tribe, Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe, Yavapai-Apache Nation, Salt River Project, Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Authority, Town of Florence, City of Coolidge, City of Eloy, City of Queen Creek Town of Gilbert, City of Mesa, City of Apache Junction, City of Casa Grande, Town of Marana, Pima County, Maricopa Association of Governments, Pima Association of Governments, Pinal County, Central Arizona Project, and Central Arizona Association of Governments. Letters will also be sent to interested parties, including the Union Pacific Railroad, San Carlos Irrigation District and Resolution Copper Mining.

To insure that the full range of issues related to this proposed action is addressed and all significant issues are identified, comments and suggestions are invited from all interested parties. Comments, suggestions, or questions concerning this proposed action and the EIS should be directed to the FHWA at the address provided above.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 20.205, Highway Planning and Construction. The regulations implementing Executive Order 12372 regarding intergovernmental consultation on Federal programs and activities apply to this program.)

Issued on: September 10, 2010. Kenneth H. Davis,

Senior Engineering Manager for Operations, Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division Office, Phoenix, Arizona. [FR Doc. 2010–23296 Filed 9–17–10; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–22-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration [Summary Notice No. PE-2010-41]

Petitions for Exemption; Summary of Petitions Received

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of petitions for exemption received.

SUMMARY: This notice contains a summary of a petition seeking relief from specified requirements of 14 CFR. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public's awareness of, and participation in, this aspect of FAA's regulatory activities. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of any petition or its final disposition. DATES: Comments on petitions received must identify the petition docket number involved and must be received on or before October 12, 2010. ADDRESSES: You may send comments identified by Docket Number FAA-2010-0287 using any of the following

 Government-wide rule making Web site: Go to http://www.regulations.gov and follow the instructions for sending your comments electronically.

Mail: Send comments to the Docket Management Facility; U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, Washington, DC 20590.

 Fax: Fax comments to the Docket Management Facility at 202–493–2251.

• Hand Delivery: Bring comments to the Docket Management Facility in Room W12-140 of the West Building Ground Floor at 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington. DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. For more information on the rulemaking process, see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this document.

Privacy: We will post all comments we receive, without change, to http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information you provide. Using the search function of our docket Web site, anyone can find and read the comments received into any of our dockets, including the name of the individual sending the comment (or signing the comment for an association business, labor union, etc.). You may review DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement in the Federal Register published on April 11, 2000 (65 FR 19477-78).



ARIZONA DIVISION

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 Phone: (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

July 29, 2015

In Reply Refer To:

STP-999-A(365) TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Mr. Beau J. Goldstein, RPA Bureau of Indian Affairs, San Carlos Irrigation Project, Acting Environmental Coordinator PO Box 250 Coolidge, Arizona 85228

Dear Mr. Goldstein:

We received your request for the Bureau of Indian Affairs, San Carlos Irrigation Project (BIA-SCIP) to become a cooperating agency for the North-South Corridor Study. This letter serves as your invitation to become a cooperating agency on the North-South Corridor Study.

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as the lead federal agency, and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), as the project sponsoring agency have initiated an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) and Location/Design Concept Report for the North—South Corridor. The proposed North—South Corridor study area begins at United States 60 (US 60), in the vicinity of Apache Junction and extends south for approximately 45 miles to connect to Interstate 10 (I-10), in the vicinity of Eloy and Marana. In May 2015, the project team decided to include the proposed State Route 24 (SR 24) freeway (from the North—South Corridor to the facility's planned extension at Ironwood Drive) as part of the project. Attached are figures showing the project location, study area, and published Notice of Intent (NOI).

The EIS will consider and assess a reasonable range of alternatives, including the no-build alternative. Issues to be analyzed in depth in the EIS will include the project's impacts on cultural resources, biological resources, water quality, recreational resources, noise impacts and air quality; as well as other social, economic, and environmental impacts.

We extend the Bureau of Indian Affairs, San Carlos Irrigation Project, an invitation to become a cooperating agency in the development of the EIS for the subject project in accordance with 40 CFR 1501.6 of the Council on Environmental Quality's Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provision of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). A separate invitation has been extended to the BIA Southwest Region Director, Mr. Bill Walker.

Pursuant to Section 6002 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU), cooperating agencies are responsible to identify as early as practicable, any issues of concern regarding the project's potential impacts that could

substantially delay or prevent an agency from granting a permit or other approval that is needed for the project. We suggest that your agency's role in the development of this project should include the following activities as they relate to your area of expertise:

- Provide meaningful and early input on defining the project purpose and need, determining the range of alternatives to be considered, and the methodologies and level of detail required in the alternatives analysis.
- Participate in monthly coordination meetings, quarterly interdisciplinary team meetings, and joint field reviews, as appropriate.
- Timely review and comment on pre-draft and pre-final NEPA documents to reflect views and concerns of your agency on the adequacy of the document, alternatives considered, and the anticipated impacts and mitigation.

In order to ensure continued project progress, please provide a written response indicating BIA-SCIP's acceptance or denial of this invitation within 30 days from the receipt of this letter. If you accept, please identify the appropriate contact person within your organization for future coordination. If your agency declines, the response should state the reason(s) for declining the invitation. Pursuant to SAFETEA-LU Section 6002, any federal agency that chooses to decline the invitation to be a cooperating agency must specifically state in its response that it:

- · Has no jurisdiction or authority with respect to the study;
- · Has no expertise or information relevant to the study; and
- · Does not intend to submit comments on the project.

If you have any questions or would like to discuss the study or our agencies' respective roles in more detail, please contact Aryan Lirange, Senior Urban Engineer, at 602-382-8973 or aryan.lirange@dot.gov. Thank you for your participation and interest in this study.

Sincerely,

Karla S. Petty

Division Administrator

Enclosures

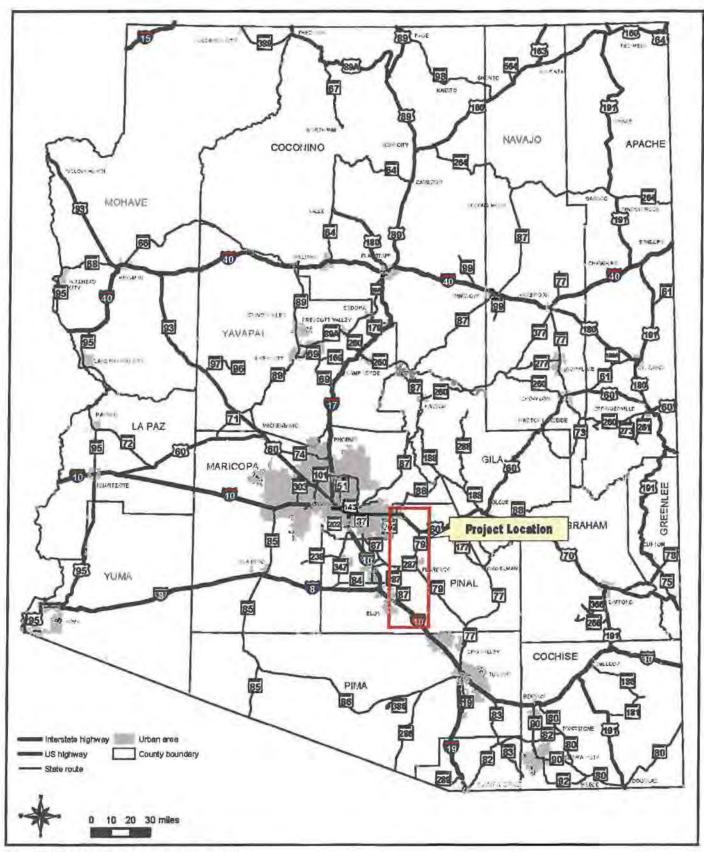


Figure 1. Project location in state

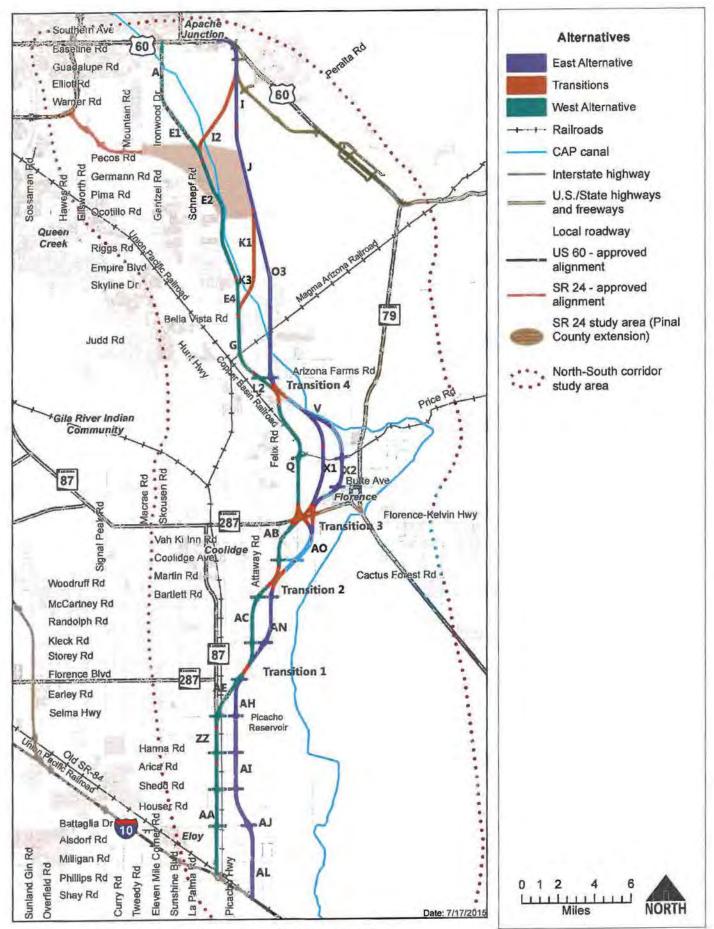


Figure 2 - Recommended Alternatives for Detailed Study

Dated: September 14, 2010.

Willem H. Brakel.

Director, Office of Environmental Policy, Department of State.

[FR Doc, 2010-23425 Filed 9-17-10; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4710-09-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board

[Docket No. FD 35407]

GNP Rly, inc.—Acquisition and Operation Exemption—Redmond Spur and Woodinville Subdivision

AGENCY: Surface Transportation Board, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of exemption, request for comments.

SUMMARY: On August 24, 2010, GNP Rly. Inc. (GNP), a Class III rail carrier, filed a petition under 49 U.S.C. 10502 for exemption from the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 10902 to acquire and resume rail service over 2 segments of railbanked railroad right-of-way (ROW) totaling 9.1 miles, consisting of: (1) A ROW extending from milepost 0.0, at Woodinville, Wash., to approximately milepost 7.30 at Redmond, Wash. (Redmond Spur); and (2) a ROW extending from milepost 23.8 to milepost 22.0, at or near Woodinville (Woodinville Subdivision).1 The petition for exemption was filed concurrently with GNP's petition to vacate in part the NITUs issued for the Redmond Spur and a longer segment of the Woodinville Subdivision (extending from milepost 23.8 to milepost 11.25). Those NITUs permitted railbanking/ interim trail use negotiations under the Trails Act, 16 U.S.C. 1247(d). The Board seeks comments from interested persons on GNP's request to resume rail service and partially vacate the NITUs.

DATES: Written comments must be filed with the Board by October 20, 2010. Replies must be filed by November 19, 2010.

ADDRESSES: Comments may be submitted either via the Board's e-filing format or in the traditional paper format. Any person using e-filing should attach a document and otherwise comply with the instructions at the E-FILING link on the Board's Web site, at http://www.stb.dot.gov. Any person

submitting a filing in the traditional paper format should send an original and 10 copies to: Surface Transportation Board, Attn: Docket No. FD 35407, 395 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20423— 0001.

In addition, send one copy of any comments to: (1) John Heffner, 1750 K Street, NW., Snite 200, Washington, DC 20006; (2) Charles A. Spitulnik, Kaplan Kirsch & Rockwell LLP, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, NW., Suite 800, Washington, DC 20036; (3) Craig Watson, Port of Seattle, Pier 69, P.O. Box 1209. Seattle, WA 98111; and (4) Kristy Clark, BNSF Railway Company, 2500 Lou Menk Drive, AOB-3, Fort Worth, TX 76131.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Julia Farr at 202-245-0359. Assistance for the hearing impaired is available through the Federal Information Relay Service (FIRS) at 1-800-877-8339.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On August 24, 2010, GNP filed a petition under 49 U.S.C. 10502 for exemption from the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 10902 to acquire the "residual common carrier rights and obligations," including the right to reinstate rail service over the Redmond Spur and a portion of the Woodinville Subdivision. These segments are currently subject to an interim trail use agreement between BNSF Railway Company (BNSF) and King County, a political subdivision of the State of Washington. The Port of Seattle (Port) owns the real estate associated with the lines, which it acquired from BNSF.2 In King County, Wash,—Acquisition Exemption—BNSF Railway Company, FD 35148 (STB served Sept. 18, 2009), the Board granted the request by King County for exemption from 49 U.S.C. 10901 to acquire BNSF's rights and obligations, including the right to reinstate rail service in the future.

GNP's petition presents this issue:
Under what circumstances will the
Board grant a carrier's request to vacate
a NITU to permit reactivation of rail
service, when the petitioning carrier
does not own or have any other interest
in the ROW? An interim trail use
arrangement is subject to being cut off
at any time by the reinstitution of
service. Here, the abandoning railroad
(BNSF) has transferred its rights and
obligations, including the right to
reinstate rail service, to King County
(the trail sponsor), and a different
carrier, GNP, seeks to reinstitute service.

GNP states that 2 customers have requested service: Drywall Distributors, a supplier of drywall products, which anticipates receiving 40 carloads per year; and Building Specialties, a distributor of building products, located in the industrial park formerly served by BNSF, which also anticipates receiving 40 carloads per year. GNP includes a statement in support of its petition from Wallace/Knutsen L.L.C., owner of the industrial park located on the Redmond Spur. In anticipation of reactivation of rail service on the Redmond Spur, Wallace/Knutsen L.L.C. has leased to GNP an unused rail spur that crosses the industrial park and connects to the Redmond Spur.

By issuance of this notice, the Board is instituting an exemption proceeding pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 10502(b). A final decision will be issued by June 15,

2011.

Decided: September 14, 2010.
By the Board.
Rachel D. Campbell,
Director, Office of Proceedings.
Kulunia L. Cannan,
Clearance Clerk.
[FR Doc. 2010-23370 Filed 9-17-10; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4918-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Highway Administration

Environmental impact Statement; Pinal County, AZ

AGENCY: Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of Intent.

SUMMARY: The FHWA is issuing this notice to advise the public that an Environmental impact Statement will be prepared for a proposed transportation project in Pinal County, Arizona. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT; Kenneth H. Davis, Senior Engineering Manager for Operations, Federal Highway Administration, 4000 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1500, Phoenix, Arizona 85012-1906. Telephone (602) 382-8970, Fax (602) 362-8998, e-mail: Ken.davis@dot.gov; or Mary Frye. Environmental Coordinator, Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division, 4000 N. Central Avenue. Suite 1500, Phoenix, Arizona 85012-1906, Telephone (602) 382-8979, Fax (602) 382-8998, e-mail: Mary.Frye@dot.gov. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FHWA, in cooperation with the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), will prepare an environmental impact statement (EIS) on a proposed 40-milelong project along a new route located between US 60 on the north and

Interstate 10 (I-10) on the south. The

¹ These segments were the subjects of abandonnent proceedings and notices of interim trail use (NITUs) in SNSF Railway Company—Abandonnent Evemption—in King County, Wash., AB 6 (Sub-No. 463^N) and BNSF Railway Company—Abandonnent Evemption—in King County, Wash., AB 6 (Sub-No. 465^N).

^{*} The Port of Seuttle—Acquis. Exemption— Certain Assets of BNSF By., FD 35128 (STB served June 20, 2008).

project is considered necessary to achieve a transportation objective identified in Pinal County's 2008 Regionally Significant Routes for Safety and Mobility. The project would address current and future transportation needs in an area that currently exceeds existing road capacity and is expected to continue to worsen with the projected increase in traffic demand associated with regional

The proposed project evaluation will include, but not be limited to, potential impacts to adopted local and regional land use plans, Tribal lands, the existing and proposed Maricopa, Pinal, and Pima County regional transportation network Central Arizona Project canals, railroads, residential and commercial development, cultural resources, Threatened and Endangered species, jurisdictional waters of the United States, air and noise quality, hazardous materials, and secondary and cumulative impacts. A full range of reasonable alternatives will be evaluated, including taking no action, using alternative transportation modes, making transportation system management improvements, a combination of arterial and freeway

improvements, a new freeway, and

combinations of these alternatives. The EIS will conform to the environmental review process established in Section 6002 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU). The Section 6002 environmental review process requires the following activities: the identification and invitation of cooperating and participating agencies: the development of a coordination plan and management plan; and provision of opportunities for additional agency and public comment on the project's purpose and need, alternatives and methodologies for assessing alternatives. Additionally, the public hearing following the release of the draft EIS will also be provided. Public notice advertisements and direct mailings will notify interested parties of the time and place of public meetings and public hearing. A formal agency scoping meeting is planned between federal, state, city, county, and Tribal stakeholders.

Letters describing the proposed action and soliciting comments will be sent to appropriate Federal, State, and local agencies, including the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation, Federal Emergency Management Agency, U.S.

Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Transit Administration, U.S. Department of Energy Western Area Power Administration, Arizona Game and Fish Department, Arizona State Land Department, Arizona Department of Environmental Quality, Arizona State Parks, Arizona Department of Emergency and Military Affairs, Arizona Department of Public Safety, Arizona Department of Corrections, Arizona Attorney General's Office, Gila River Indian Community, Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community, Ak-Chin Indian Community, Tohono O'odham Nation, Hopi Tribe, Pascua Yaqui Tribe, San Carlos Apache Nation, White Mountain Apache Tribe, Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe, Yavapai-Apache Nation, Salt River Project, Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Authority, Town of Florence, City of Coolidge, City of Eloy, City of Queen Creek, Town of Gilbert, City of Mesa, City of Apache Junction, City of Case Grande, Town of Marana, Pima County, Maricopa Association of Governments, Pima Association of Governments, Pinal County, Central Arizona Project, and Central Arizona Association of Governments, Letters will also be sent to interested parties. including the Union Pacific Railroad. San Carlos Irrigation District and Resolution Copper Mining.

To insure that the full range of issues related to this proposed action is addressed and all significant issues are identified, comments and suggestions are invited from all interested parties. Comments, suggestions, or questions concerning this proposed action and the EIS should be directed to the FHWA at the address provided above.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Program No. 20,205, Highway Planning and Construction. The regulations implementing Executive Order 12372 regarding intergovernmental consultation on Federal programs and activities apply to this program.)

Issued on: September 10, 2010,

Kenneth H. Davis,

Senior Engineering Manager for Operations, Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division Office, Phoenix, Arizona. [FR Doc. 2010–23296 Filed 9–17–10; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4210-22-M DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration [Summary Notice No. PE-2010-41]

Petitions for Exemption; Summary of Petitions Received

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. ACTION: Notice of petitions for exemption received.

SUMMARY: This notice contains a summary of a petition seeking relief from specified requirements of 14 CFR. The purpose of this notice is to improve the public's awareness of and participation in, this aspect of FAA's regulatory activities. Neither publication of this notice nor the inclusion or omission of information in the summary is intended to affect the legal status of any petition or its final disposition. DATES: Comments on petitions received must identify the petition docket number involved and must be received on or before October 12, 2010. ADDRESSES: You may send comments identified by Docket Number FAA-2010-0287 using any of the following

 Government-wide rulemaking Web site: Go to http://www.regulations.gov and follow the instructions for sending your comments electronically.

 Mail: Send comments to the Docket Management Facility; U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, Washington, DC 20590.

 Fax: Fax comments to the Docket Management Facility at 202-493-2251.

* Hand Delivery: Bring comments to the Docket Management Facility in Room W12-140 of the West Building Ground Floor at 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE., Washington, DC, between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. For more information on the rulemaking process, see the SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION section of this document.

Privacy: We will post all comments we receive, without change, to http://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information you provide.
Using the search function of our docket Web site, anyone can find and read the comments received into any of our dockets, including the name of the individual sending the comment (or signing the comment for an association, business, labor union, etc.). You may review DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement in the Federal Register published on April 11, 2000 (65 FR 19477-78).

LaBianca, Michael

From: Victor Yang <VYang@azdot.gov>
Sent: Victor Yang <VYang@azdot.gov>
Monday, August 31, 2015 8:23 AM

To: LaBianca, Michael

Subject: FW: STP-999-A(365); North-South Corridor Study

Filing...

From: Aryan.lirange@dot.gov [mailto:Aryan.lirange@dot.gov]

Sent: Friday, August 28, 2015 9:52 AM

To: Victor Yang; Rebecca. Yedlin@dot.gov; Joanie Cady

Cc: Alan Hansen; beau.goldstein@bia.gov

Subject: FW: STP-999-A(365); North-South Corridor Study

FYI. In lieu of a format hard copy reply, please mark 8/28/15 as the EIS cooperating agency response date for SCIP.



Arizona FHWA (eMail) <u>aryan.lirange@dot.gov</u> (602) 382 8973 | cell (602) 999 2921

From: Goldstein, Beau [mailto:beau.goldstein@bia.gov]

Sent: Friday, August 28, 2015 9:45 AM

To: Lirange, Aryan (FHWA)

Subject: STP-999-A(365); North-South Corrdior Study

Good morning-

SCIP will be accepting the invitation to be a cooperating agency. Encroachment Permits may be required to cross SCIP canals.

I'm emailing to let you know because the 30 day response period is almost done, and I have not yet prepared an official response. The SCIP Project Manager will respond via mail as soon as we can.

Thank you,

Beau J. Goldstein, RPA BIA SCIP, Acting Environmental Coordinator BIA WRO, Contractor Mobile 602.758.9335

Confidentiality and Nondisclosure Notice: This email transmission and any attachments are intended for use by the person(s)/entity(ies) named above and may contain confidential/privileged information. Any unauthorized use, disclosure or distribution is strictly prohibited. If you are not the intended recipient, please contact the sender by email, and delete or destroy all copies plus attachments.

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Or;				
No, the <i>[complete agency name]</i> does <u>not</u> wish to be a Cooperating Agency or Pa 40 CFR 1508.5 of the CEQ for the North-South	artnering Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS.			
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Please return to:				
Aryan Lirange o				
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager			
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation			
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave, MD605E			
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007			
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715			
arvan lirange@dot.gov	Wang@azdot.gov			

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

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Phoenix, Arizona 85012		Phoenix AZ 85007			
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aryan.lirange@dot.gov		VYang@azdot.gov			

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Aryan Lirange	or	Victor Yang		
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4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500		205 S.17th Ave, MD605E		
Phoenix, Arizona 85012		Phoenix AZ 85007		
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Email Address:	2	Ave Ste 900 Phoenix Az BSOIZ sace-army, mil
Please return to:		
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012	or	Victor Yang Project Manager Arizona Department of Transportation 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973 aryan.lirange@dot.gov		(602) 712-8715 VYang@azdot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Yes, the [complete agency name]	
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Agency contact for this project:	1. Paukowits
Address: 96 Seventh S	A, Sufe 15-300
Email Address: San Francis	LO, CA 94103
Phone Number: 4/5-734-94	69
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange or	Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

	Study Tier 1 Environme	intal Impact Statement			
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Date: December 1,	2016				
Name of Organization:	BIA - Western Regi	on			
Agency contact for this project:	Chip Lewis				
Address:	2600 N. Central Av	renue, Phoenix, Arizona 85004			
Email Address:	Chip.Lewis@bia.gov				
Phone Number:	602-379-6750 EXT.	1257			
Please return to:					
Aryan Lirange	or	Victor Yang			
Senior Urban Engineer		Project Manager			
Federal Highway Admin	istration	Arizona Department of Transportation			
4000 N. Central Ave., S	uite 1500	205 S.17th Ave, MD605E			
Phoenix, Arizona 85012		Phoenix AZ 85007			
(602) 382-8973		(602) 712-8715			
arvan.lirange@dot.gov		VYang@azdot.gov			

(602) 382-8973

aryan.lirange@dot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Er	nvironmental Impact Statement
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Agency contact for this project:	t Lehmon
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Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave, MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007

(602) 712-8715

VYang@azdot.gov

/ 1 4	Western Area Power Administration
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Date: 12.7.16	
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Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave, MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Env	ironmental Impact Statement
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Date: 2/8/17	
Name of Organization: BLM	
Agency contact	a agrando ace
for this project:	uger
Email Address:	tral Ave #800
Phone Number:	5lm:gov
602-417	1-9612
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave, MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

North-South Corridor Stu	dy Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement
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Cooperating Agency will	ency that fails to respond or chooses not to continue as a be designated a Participating Agency for the project.]
Name of Organization:	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AUGNCY
Agency contact for this project: Address:	CLIFTON MEEK
Email Address:	75 HAWTHORNS ST, ENF 4-2, SAN FRANCISIO, CA 94105 meck. clifton @ epa.gov
Phone Number:	415-972-3370
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Adminis	tration Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Sui	te 1500 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

From: meek, clifton

To: Yedlin, Rebecca (FHWA)

Subject: FW: U.S. EPA North-South Corridor Cooperating Agency Acceptance

Date: Monday, February 27, 2017 10:44:15 AM

Hi Rebecca-

See email exchange below regarding EPA's desire to remain a cooperating agency for the North-South corridor. I further confirmed our desire to remain a cooperating agency in a separate set of emails with the consultants last month. Seems there has been some miscommunication. In light of this, shall I still go ahead and fill out the form you sent?

Clifton Meek, Life Scientist U.S. EPA, Region 9 Environmental Review Section - Transportation Team 75 Hawthorne Street, ENF 4-2 San Francisco, CA 94105

phone: 415-972-3370, fax: 415-947-8026

meek.clifton@epa.gov

From: Lirange, Aryan (FHWA) [mailto:Aryan.lirange@dot.gov]

Sent: Thursday, November 03, 2016 9:53 PM

To: meek, clifton <meek.clifton@epa.gov>; Victor Yang <VYang@azdot.gov>
Cc: Yedlin, Rebecca (FHWA) <Rebecca.Yedlin@dot.gov>; LaBianca, Michael
(Michael.LaBianca@hdrinc.com) <Michael.LaBianca@hdrinc.com>; LaFata, Catherine
(Cathy.LaFata@hdrinc.com) <Cathy.LaFata@hdrinc.com>

Subject: RE: U.S. EPA North-South Corridor Cooperating Agency Acceptance

By email is fine, we will use your name and contact information below for correspondence. Thank you for replying.

Aryan

Arizona FHWA (eMail) <u>aryan.lirange@dot.gov</u> (602) 382 8973 | cell (602) 999 2921

From: meek, clifton [mailto:meek.clifton@epa.gov]
Sent: Thursday, November 03, 2016 3:27 PM
To: Lirange, Aryan (FHWA); Victor Yang

Cc: Yedlin, Rebecca (FHWA)

Subject: U.S. EPA North-South Corridor Cooperating Agency Acceptance

Hi Victor and Aryan-

Do I need to fill out and send back the cooperating agency acceptance form? I'd prefer to just let you know via email that EPA wishes to remain a cooperating agency for the North-South Corridor Study.

					cc.		\neg
۱۸	/II	l th	15	SI	ıttı	CP	٦,

I continue to be the EPA contact for the project and all of my information is below.

Thanks,

Clifton

Clifton Meek, Life Scientist U.S. EPA, Region 9 Environmental Review Section - Transportation Team 75 Hawthorne Street, ENF 4-2 San Francisco, CA 94105

phone: 415-972-3370, fax: 415-947-8026

meek.clifton@epa.gov



United States Department of the Interior NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Intermountain Region 12795 West Alameda Parkway Lakewood, CO 80228



FEB 08 2018

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL: NO HARD COPY TO FOLLOW

Memorandum

To: Rebecca Yedlin, Environmental Coordinator, Federal Highway Administration, Arizona

Division

From: Sue Masica, Intermountain Regional Director, National Park Service

Subject: NPS Declines Cooperating Agency Status for Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

North South Corridor Study in Arizona

Dear Ms. Yedlin:

The National Park Service (NPS) respectfully declines the opportunity to become a cooperating agency under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) as defined by Title 40 CFR Section 1501.6 with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for the Tier I Environmental Impact Statement for the North South Corridor Study project in Arizona. The NPS appreciates the opportunity to continue as a participating agency under Title 23 U.S.C. Section 139 (d)(3), working with FHWA and the Arizona Department of Transportation; however, the proposed project as described appears to pose only minimal, indirect impact to Casa Grande Ruins National Monument. As a participating agency, please coordinate project status and updates with Karl M. Pierce, Superintendent for Casa Grande Ruins National Monument.

If you have any questions, please contact Katherine Kraft, Acting NPS Intermountain Regional Environmental Protection Specialist, as the primary point of contact. She can be reached at 303-969-2455 or by email at kraft@nps.gov.

Sue E. Masica

CC:

Auck. Wasen

Karl M. Pierce, Superintendent, Casa Grande Ruins National Monument

Melissa Trenchik, Environmental Quality Program Chief, IMR

David Hurd, Environmental Protection Specialist, IMR

LaBianca, Michael

From: Cowger, Lane <lcowger@blm.gov>
Sent: Thursday, October 31, 2019 1:47 PM

To: LaBianca, Michael Subject: N/S comments

Michael,

To follow up on our brief conversation. BLM Arizona does not have any comments on the DEIS for the North-South Corridor project. We feel the comments we did have on the admin draft version of the document were adequately addressed and incorporated into the public DEIS.

Please ensure BLM remains on your project distribution list. We look forward to our continued cooperation on this project.

Thanks,

Lane Cowger
Project Manager
Bureau of Land Management- Arizona State Office
One N Central Avenue, Suite 800
Phoenix, AZ 85004
602-417-9612
lcowger@blm.gov

From: <u>Duarte, Richard M.</u>

To: Schippers, Susanna; Cecere, Pamela

Subject: FW: H7454 - Response to Cooperating Agency Invitation

Date: Friday, April 01, 2011 9:54:01 AM

From: Rebecca Swiecki [mailto:RSwiecki@azdot.gov]

Sent: Monday, October 18, 2010 5:22 AM

To: 'mary.frye@dot.gov' **Cc:** Duarte, Richard M.

Subject: FW: H7454 - Response to Cooperating Agency Invitation

fyi

From: ryoung@azstateparks.gov [mailto:ryoung@azstateparks.gov]

Sent: Saturday, October 16, 2010 12:51 PM

To: Rebecca Swiecki

Subject: Response to Cooperating Agency Invitation

Rebecca.

In repose to your written invitation regarding: HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 O1L North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation, I will be participating in your request representing Arizona State Parks. Please feel free to correspond through the mailing address on record or preferably e-mail at ryoung@azstateparks.

Robert Young Park Manager Picacho Peak State Park 520-466-3183

Fax: 520-466-7442

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GAME AND FISH DEPARTMENT

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GOVERNOR



November 8, 2010

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki, Environmental Project Manager ADOT Environmental Planning Group 206 South Seventeenth Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

RE:

HOP AZ

STP-999-A(BBM)

TRACS No. 999 PN 000H745401L North-South Corridor Study **Cooperating Agency Invitation**

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) has received your letter, dated October 13, 2010, inviting the Department to become a participating agency with the Federal Highway Administration in the development of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) documentation and Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the North-South Corridor. The Department understands the North-South Corridor study is to identify a transportation corridor to connect US 60 with Interstate 10 in order to provide access to a rapidly growing portion of Pinal County and to improve regional mobility. The Department further understands the proposed North-South Corridor study begins at US 60 in the vicinity of Apache Junction, and ends south approximately 45 miles to connect to Interstate 10 in the vicinity of Eloy and Marana.

The Department accepts this invitation to become a cooperating/participating agency with the Federal Highway Administration on the North-South Corridor. For future correspondence and coordination please direct all information to the two Department contacts listed below:

Ms. Dana Warnecke

Mesa, AZ 85207

Phone: 480-324-3547

Habitat Specialist - Region VI

7200 E. University Avenue

Arizona Game and Fish Department

Mr. Mike Demlong Habitat Specialist - Region V Arizona Game and Fish Department 555 N. Greasewood Road Tucson, AZ 85745 Phone: 520-388-4447

Fax: 520-628-5080 mdemlong@azgfd.gov

Fax: 480-324-3596 dwarnecke@azgfd.gov

Sincerely

Director

DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY AND THE AIR FORCE

Joint Force Headquarters - Arizona 5636 East McDowell Road Phoenix, Arizona 85008-3495

November 10, 2010

Construction and Facilities Management Officer

Rebecca Swiecki
Environmental Project Manager – ADOT Environmental Planning Group
206 South Seventeenth Avenue
Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

Dear Rebecca,

My office is in receipt of your North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation letter dated October 13, 2010. We appreciate the opportunity to be involved with this process as a cooperating agency, and look forward to participating in your agency's various meetings to address our concerns regarding this project. As an agency with limited land resources on which to train its soldiers, protecting the lands that we do have is very important to us. The outer limits of this project affect two of our training areas.

The first location that is potentially affected is the Rittenhouse Auxiliary Airfield (RAA) located at the NEC of Schnepf and Ocotillo Roads. While the North South Corridor does not include lands within this training area, any highway project within two miles of RAA would impact the National Guard's training capacity and ability to train for worldwide contingency missions and state emergency response. The close proximity of a highway degrades, if not eliminates, the areas' practical use for day and night helicopter training use. Light poles, power lines, cranes, general congestion and associated structures will negatively affect safe flight operations potentially resulting in the loss of the area as an important training asset. Due to increasingly diminishing training lands in the Phoenix area, it is unlikely to find a suitable replacement that offers the advantages and utility provided by the use of Rittenhouse Airfield.

The second location that is potentially affected is the Florence Military Reservation (FMR). This location is our second largest training site in the State. It appears from the depiction of the project's outer limits that some of the Federal Lands used by the State for training are included as the eastern most boundary for the corridor. This not only reduces the lands available to train soldiers, it may also affect existing and planned ranges in this area. Additionally, it appears that our munitions storage facility is encroached upon by the corridor's path through the training site. While better information would be needed to analyze the impact, munitions storage facilities have

explosive arcs that limit the development within a specific radius. The proximity of a public thoroughfare to this structure could limit the viability of its use.

The Construction and Facilities Management Office would be happy to coordinate any information that you may require for consideration during your investigations. Please feel free to contact Sandra Mallach, Director, Planning and Programming Office at 602.629.4395 or Sandra.mallach@us.army.mil.

Again, thank you for the invitation, and we look forward to working with you.

STEVEN L. SMITH LTC, SC, AZARNG

Construction and Facility Management Officer

Douglas A. Ducey Governor

Arizona State Land Department

Lisa A. Atkins Commissioner

January 19, 2016

1616 West Adams, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 (602) 542-4631

Victor Yang P.E. Arizona Department of Transportation Major Projects Group Manager Multimodal Planning Division 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007

Re: Proposed Idaho Rd. Alignment for the North/South Freeway Corridor, Pinal County

Dear Mr. Yang,

Thank you for meeting with the Arizona State Land Department to inform us of ADOT's plan to reconsider Idaho Road as a potential alignment for the proposed North South Freeway. As we explained in that meeting, and at the subsequent Stakeholder meeting held May 14, 2015, the Department position regarding a preferred alignment remains unchanged. The Department's preferred alternative is the alignment that starts at the curve of US 60 in the vicinity of the Mountain View Road alignment and continues through Lost Dutchman Heights and Superstition Vistas. This is referred to as the "I" and "J" alignments in the Alternatives Selection Report.

We understand that there may be some confusion related to a 12 square mile project called Lost Dutchman Heights (also known as Portalis). The Department has been working a Master Plan for Lost Dutchman Heights since 2003. In 2006 we sold a 1,000 acre parcel from that area contingent on the purchaser placing 6.25 million dollars in an escrow account to fund the planning for the entire 12 square mile project area. (See attached Map) During the recession, the purchaser of the 1,000 acres defaulted on the sale, and the land was returned to the Department.

There are funds remaining in the escrow account and the Department is currently considering how it should continue the planning process and where the remaining funds could be best spent to obtain maximum value. The Project is not "defunct" as stated in the presentation at the July 14 Stakeholder meeting.

I hope this letter clarifies the Department's position on the proposed Idaho Road alignment. Should you have any questions or require additional information please do not hesitate to contact Michelle Green at 602-364-2502 or via e-mail at mgreen@azland.gov.

Sincerely,

cc:

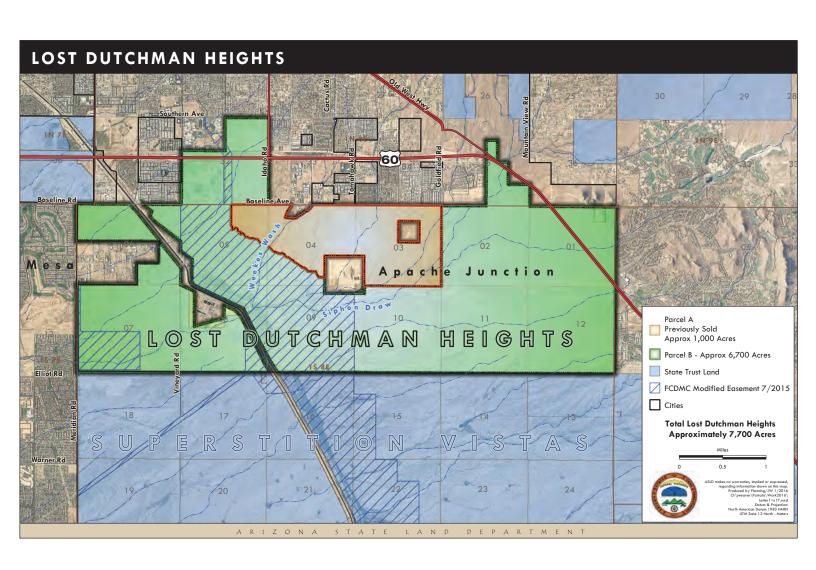
Lisa A. Atkins Commissioner

Mark Edelman, Manager, Planning and Engineering Section

Michelle Green, Project Manager, ASLD

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DIRECTOR LARRY D. VOYLES

DEPUTY DIRECTOR

ERIC S. SPARKS, TUCSON

TY E. GRAY



February 3, 2016

Mr. Victor Yang Arizona Department of Transportation 205 South 17th Avenue MD 605E Phoenix, AZ 85007

Re: Preliminary Evaluation for the Arizona Department of Transportation's North-South

Corridor Study Analysis

Dear Mr. Yang:

The North-South Corridor Study area is a new new transportation route designed to provide a continuous north-south route through central Pinal County. The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) and Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) are studying the area between U.S. Route 60 in Apache Junction and Interstate 10 near Eloy and Picacho. The purpose of the study is to identify and evaluate a possible route to provide a connection between these two areas. The North–South Corridor Study will result in the preparation of a Location/Design Concept Report (L/DCR) and an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the proposed 45-mile-long transportation corridor.

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) appreciates this opportunity to submit the results of our preliminary evaluation of the potential impacts to wildlife and wildlife habitat along the North-South Corridor Study area (North-South Corridor). In addition to identifying potential impacts to sensitive resources along the corridor alternatives, this evaluation has also allowed us to identify data needs and mitigation opportunities along these alternative routes.

METHODOLOGY

The Department recognizes that use of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and geospatial data can be powerful tools for wildlife conservation and planning. In addition to web-based tools such as HabiMap Arizona (www.habimap.org) and the Online Environmental Review Tool (www.azgfd.gov/hgis), site-specific project evaluation and analysis may require additional data. The Department has been developing a repeatable and standardized approach that facilitates the incorporation of relevant geospatial datasets in order to identify potential impacts of projects on wildlife and habitat resources and wildlife-related recreation. Our goal is to provide a general assessment of the potential effects of the various alternatives identified by the ADOT. We will enhance this initial assessment as additional data and information become available throughout the project planning timeline.

Initially, the Department examined each segment for the potential impact of the infrastructure on the following wildlife/habitat/recreation resources in the area, and determined or identified:

- 1.) Vegetation/land cover
 - o Potential impacts on the natural versus built environment
 - o Amount of riparian resources that could be affected
- 2.) Hydrologic function
 - o Amount of waterways that are potentially affected
 - o Perennial water that could be affected
 - o Amount of floodplain that might be affected
- 3.) Landscape connectivity
 - o Known permeability concerns already in the area
 - o Areas that are important for wildlife connectivity
- 4.) Landscape integrity
 - o Level of disturbance in the area
 - o Potential for a road corridor to fragment or isolate blocks of currently in-tact land
- 5.) Wildlife and wildlife habitat
 - O Department concerns for the wildlife in the area, including: Species of Economic and Recreational Importance, Species of Greatest Conservation Need, Federal listed species and associated critical habitat, and key species habitat within the area
- 6.) Conservation and wildlife management lands
 - o Any lands that have been acquired or are managed for conservation or wildlife considerations in the area
- 7.) Outdoor and wildlife-related recreation
 - o Potential impacts of the road segments on hunting/fishing/wildlife viewing in the area, including access to surrounding lands

To adequately answer these questions, each segment of the North-South Corridor was attributed in GIS with the best available data. The results of these analyses are summarized in Table 1, and detailed in Attachments 2a and 2b. The method to populate the segments depends on the type and spatial resolution of the input data. For example, segments were assigned the maximum value among all the intersected 30 meter pixel raster data values from the HabiMap layers, and the landscape integrity data had both a maximum score and majority score attributed to give a clearer picture of the values within each segment (Figure 1). For other datasets, a length, area, or occurrence of overlapping features was attributed to the segments.

One aspect of the analysis worth noting is that the segments are not uniform in size, which may result in unintended disparity in output numbers. For example, the transition segments, and segments V and X, are of different widths than the standard 1,500-foot width of the other segments. Segments Q and O3 are particularly long, which could result in an under- or over-representation of underlying data when compared to other segments. These factors were considered in the summarized analysis results.

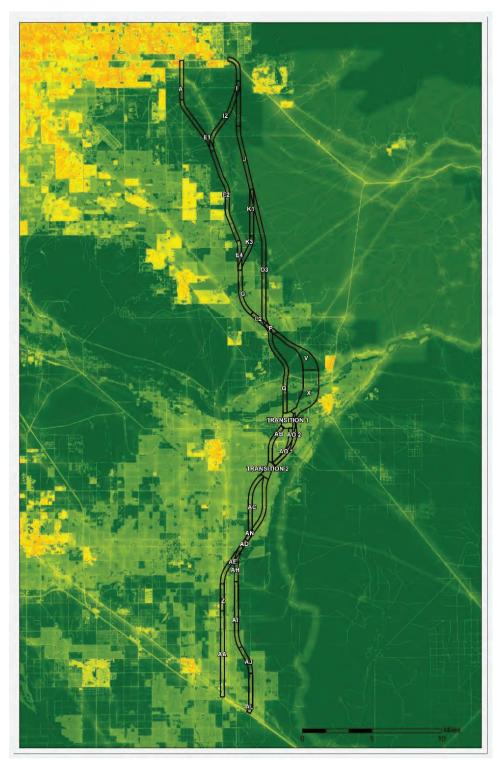


Figure 1: North-South Corridor Segments and Landscape Integrity dataset Alignments in this figure are overlaid on top of the AGFD Landscape Integrity dataset.

The Department evaluated each segment separately and categorized the potential impacts per segment as low, moderate, or high (Figure 2). Expert opinion of Department staff was relied upon for the ranking, based on the quantitative values in relation to other segments; i.e. if the number of linear feet of waterways per acre ranged between 0 and 16 among the segments, segments with 0-5 linear feet per acre were ranked low, segments with 6-10 linear feet per acre were ranked moderate, and segments with greater than 10 feet per acre were ranked high. While it is understood that a transportation corridor would require ground disturbance at any given location, the expected level of impact to sensitive resources would differ depending on its placement within the landscape (i.e. within dense urban development, adjacent to existing transportation facilities, within an agricultural area, or within native habitat currently un-bisected by a roadway or rail line). "New" transportation facilities would result in the highest amount of actual disturbance and fragmentation to habitat, while "expansion" segments, which fall adjacent to existing facilities, would result in less habitat fragmentation). Evaluation criteria values were weighted according to the potential degree of impact given current land use. Data sets, types, and sources used in analysis, and the analytical methods used, are described in Attachment 1.

ANALYSIS RESULTS

In general, the western-most segments would result in fewer impacts to wildlife, habitat, and wildlife resources, than the segments to the east. Table 1 summarizes the results of the Department's evaluation, including a segment by segment ranking, with discussion comments to provide context for the ranking. Each segment was given an overall ranking; a high rating indicates potential significant impacts to resources; a moderate rating indicates moderate to significant impacts to resources, with the potential to minimize or mitigate impacts; and a low rating indicates limited impacts to resources if appropriate mitigation measures are implemented. Datasets, types, and sources used in analysis, and the analytical methods used, are described in Attachment 1. The evaluation criteria results, showing the data associated with each segment and resource category, are detailed in Attachments 2a and 2b.

- Segments A, E1, and E2, are situated west of the CAP canal, which is an existing constraint to east-west wildlife movement in the area. When compared to segments I, I2, and J, which are situated east of the CAP canal, the segments to the west would result in fewer impacts to terrestrial wildlife movement through the area, and less overall habitat fragmentation. The same is true for western segments E4, G, and L2, when compared to eastern segments K1, K3, and O3. Additionally, the eastern segments (K1, K3, and O3) contain a greater amount of native desert habitat for key species of concern such as kit fox (*Vulpes macrotis*), Tucson shovel-nosed snake (*Chionactis occipitalis klauberi*), and the Sonoran desert tortoise (*Gopherus morafkai*).
- A data-driven comparison between Segment Q (western segment), and Segments P, V, and X (eastern segments), is difficult due to the significant size differences of the segments. Segment Q is a very long segment that is consistent with the typical 1,500-foot corridor width, while resources within P, V, and X would collectively be compared to resources within Segment Q, but the width of V and X are much greater than Q. Despite the quantitative comparison challenges, Segment Q would likely result in fewer impacts to

wildlife, habitat, and wildlife resources. A large portion of Q parallels an existing railway, thereby minimizing additional fragmentation of the native vegetation that acts as a linkage between the San Tan Mountains and open space and mountain ranges to the east.

- Transitions 1 and 1-2 are similar in length and would have similar overall impacts to wildlife and wildlife habitat when looking at a direct comparison; however, Transition 1-2 would only be employed to connect eastern Segments P/V/X and AO2. Given the previously-stated concerns about the eastern segments, the Transition 1 would contribute to fewer overall corridor impacts to wildlife and wildlife resources.
- As the corridor progresses south to Interstate 10, the western segments, including AC, AE, Z, and AA, are expected to have fewer overall impacts to wildlife and wildlife resources. Segments AE, Z, and AA would expand the existing State Route 87, whereas agricultural lands with small dirt farm roads comprise the eastern routes. The eastern segments are closer to the native habitats and open spaces to the east of the corridor, including the Picacho Reservoir; there is a higher likelihood that the eastern routes would indirectly affect the adjacent open space through noise, lighting, and air quality, etc., as well as limiting opportunities for recreationists to access the open space.

CONSIDERATIONS

Agricultural Lands

Almost all of the vegetation/land cover types found within the North-South Corridor segments provide valuable habitat to different wildlife species. As seen in Attachment 3, a very small percentage of the segments contain developed land (residential or industrial development); agricultural cropland and native desert scrub vegetation comprise the majority of the land cover within the North-South Corridor. The ranking of segments as "Low", "Moderate", or "High" is relative to other segments within the project area; the agricultural lands may be ranked as moderate or low, but the value of agricultural lands should not be discounted as there are many species utilizing these areas. Agricultural croplands often provide habitat for migratory birds and species that may occur year-round, such as the western burrowing owl (*Athene cunicularia hypugaea*) and other foraging raptors.

Picacho Reservoir

The Department owns and manages a portion of the Picacho Reservoir lands along with the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), and the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD). Historically, this reservoir has provided excellent habitat for wildlife, including waterfowl. It has been a popular destination for birding, fishing, and hunting. Currently, the Picacho Reservoir is dry, as water flow to the reservoir has been diverted to provide irrigation to nearby croplands since 2010. Although the reservoir does not currently contain water, the Department's evaluation treats the reservoir as if it is still holding water. This is necessary to adequately represent the reservoir's high habitat value, should it be filled in the future.

Passenger Rail Comparison

When reviewing the Arizona Passenger Rail Corridor Study- Tucson to Phoenix (Passenger Rail) project, the Department identified the Orange alternative as having the most potential impacts to wildlife resources. Although the Orange Passenger Rail alternative overlaps much of the North-South Corridor, the Department's ranking of segments within the Passenger Rail Corridor (AGFD 2014) cannot be directly applied to the areas of overlap. The Passenger Rail evaluation, similar to the North-South evaluation, ranked segments in relation to other segments within the project area, i.e. the Green, Yellow, and Orange routes were compared, and of those routes, the Department determined that the Orange could result in the most impacts to wildlife movement and fragmentation of habitat. Similarly, when comparing the western segments to the eastern segments of the North-South Corridor, the eastern segments could result in the greatest impacts.

CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

In 2011, Pinal County amended the Comprehensive Plan to include the vision for Superstition Vistas, a large development in an undisturbed landscape. This amendment includes the conversion and loss of lands designated for conservation and recreation to moderate low density residential (1-1.3 du/ac) and residential (1du/ac) north of Highway 60 and east of Highway 79, south to Florence.

Maricopa County Flood Control District's flood-control structures are also found in the vicinity of the North-South Corridor. The mesquite bosque vegetation associated with these flood-control structures provides high quality habitat and year round water sources for wildlife. These structures are adjacent to the CAP, which also presents a barrier to wildlife movement. The proposed regional CAP trail would also traverse the flood control structures, further fragmenting habitat along the CAP. The North-South Corridor encompasses the CAP and flood control structures, and transverses the CAP in some locations. Cumulatively, the loss of habitat, fragmentation, new barriers to movement, and loss of movement corridors, open space and recreation in this area could have significant impacts to wildlife resources.

• It is important that ADOT consider cumulative impacts to wildlife habitat and recreation opportunities in the vicinity of the North-South Corridor.

Should the Passenger Rail be constructed in the vicinity of the North-South Corridor, the potential cumulative impacts of the these two barriers to wildlife movement should be examined. According to Forman et al., "Road density appears to affect many species of large animal...and many other ecological patterns can be related to road density" (2003). Additionally, the Handbook of Road Ecology identifies that "The density and configuration of the road network across the landscape are important drivers of the scale and intensity of road impacts on wildlife" (van der Ree et al. 2015).

• It is especially imperative that ADOT consider cumulative impacts to wildlife movement. If additional information/data/studies are needed from the Department for ADOT to perform this analysis, we request further coordination with ADOT to coordinate on the analysis.

DATA NEEDS

Tucson shovel-nosed snake, kit fox, and Sonoran Desert tortoise have been recorded within the native desert lands east of the North-South Corridor (Attachment 4; Grandmaison et al 2010; Jones 2016; Grimsley et al. 2015; Hoffman and Leavitt 2015). In order to fully evaluate project effects to the local populations of these species, as well as movement issues and needs, more information is needed about their current distribution and movement patterns across the proposed routes. These data are critical to establishing meaningful and effective mitigation and minimization approaches and designs for Tucson shovel-nosed snake and Sonoran Desert tortoise along the chosen route.

A greater understanding is needed of the current movement of larger mammals, such as mule deer, across Segments A, E1, E2, I, I2, J, K1, K3, O3, and especially through Q, V, and X, which connect the San Tan Mountains to the mountain ranges and open space east of the North-South Corridor. These areas have been identified as potentially important habitat for key species (Attachment 5); however, more detailed information about movement patterns and species' use, is necessary to identify appropriate mitigation for the additional barrier effects that the North-South Corridor would cause in the region.

• The Department recommends collection of movement data for target species prior to, during, and for at least four years following construction, and considers this an essential component of any mitigation strategy regardless of which route is selected. An evaluation with accompanying pre- and post-construction data is also imperative for the application of any and all mitigation components.

MITIGATION OPPORTUNITIES

Wildlife Movement

Transportation infrastructure compromises the natural movement of mammals, reptiles, and some birds. The barrier effect on wildlife results from a combination of disturbance and avoidance effects, physical hindrances, and traffic mortality that all reduce the number of movements across the barrier. The North-South Corridor is part of a larger transportation network contributing to overall statewide fragmentation, degradation, isolation, mortality and barrier effects on wildlife and habitats. Therefore, individual infrastructure projects should be evaluated at a landscape scale, considering their contributions to the cumulative impacts of a larger infrastructure network. Additionally, ensuring the safe and effective movement of wildlife through the North-South Corridor also improves the safety of the roadway itself, by reducing the likelihood of wildlife-vehicle interactions and accidents.

- There are opportunities to improve connectivity over the CAP canal, which presents an existing barrier to wildlife movement.
- Opportunities also exist to improve and maintain connectivity between the Picacho Mountains and San Tan Mountains. The Gila River is a prime corridor in this area, but other connectivity opportunities, such as along washes, ridges, and other landscape features, may be present.

- A network of crossing structures including overpasses, underpass, culverts, funnel fencing, and other components should be included from the initial design stages. Specific locations and extents can be refined by execution of the surveys and movement studies indicated in the data needs section above.
- Mitigation features along the North-South Corridor need to align with corresponding mitigation features in adjacent barriers (such as the CAP wildlife crossings). Additionally, while mitigation features in existing barriers should be considered in the location of mitigation features in the North-South Corridor N-S, an absence of existing wildlife movement features is not a valid reason for omitting movement features in new barriers. In fact, they could be for upgrades in the existing barriers, as opportunities are presented to do so.

Impacts to Wildlife

Arizona's State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP) provides a comprehensive vision for managing Arizona's fish, wildlife and wildlife habitats. The SWAP identifies the Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) and Species of Economic and Recreation Importance (SERI) for the State of Arizona.

• The Department recommends that potential impacts to, as well as appropriate avoidance and minimization measure for, all state trust species be addressed in the upcoming NEPA analysis. Attachment 4 details known occurrences of special status species in the project vicinity. Attachment 5 identifies SGCN and SERI predicted within the project vicinity based on predicted range models.

Impacts to Habitat

It is the Department's policy to seek compensation at a 100% level, when feasible, for actual or potential habitat losses resulting from land and water projects (Department Policy I2.3).

• The Department recommends that all impacts to habitat be mitigated in-kind (i.e. impacts to Sonoran Desert scrub habitat should be mitigated with Sonoran Desert habitat), through a combination of on-site impact avoidance and/or minimization when feasible, and off-site preservation, creation, or compensation.

Recreation/Open Space Access

The Department recommends examining the potential effects of the Corridor to economically important recreation opportunities. Many of the Segments cross roadways that currently provide access to recreation opportunities within, or east of, the North-South Corridor; some of these access concerns are identified below:

- Recreationists access the open space east and west of Segment A for small game hunting. A parking or pullout area for hunters would be a great addition, as no parking is currently present.
- Segments AE and AH cross Selma Highway access point into Picacho Reservoir.
 Regardless of which route is chosen, this access to the Picacho Reservoir should be maintained.

- Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities to the east of Segment E2, K1, and O3 using Ocotillo Rd. Maintaining recreation access is important.
- Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities are located throughout the area. Maintaining recreation access through Segments I and I2 is critical.
- Recreationists access open space east and west of Segment J for small game hunting and OHV activities. Installation of a parking area or pullout is recommended for recreationists accessing open space.
- Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area, and hunting opportunities to the east, using E. Skyline Drive. Maintaining recreation access through Segment E4, K3, and O3 are important.
- A gas-line dirt road through Segments Q and V provides very popular walking access for recreationists. Maintaining access is recommended.
- Houser Road, which runs east-west through Segments AA and AI, provides critical
 access from Highway 87 to the northern end of the Picacho Mountains. Regardless of
 which route is chosen, access to the adjacent open space should be maintained via Houser
 Road.

Indirect Effects

In addition to the typical effects to wildlife movement discussed above, pollution by toxins, nutrients, and noise from the transportation corridor can create edge effects on adjacent hydrology and microclimate, reducing the suitability of the remaining habitats. These indirect effects spread into the surrounding landscape and may contribute far more to the overall loss and degradation of natural habitat than the road body itself. The indirect effects are influenced by road and traffic characteristics, landscape topography and hydrology, wind, and vegetation. In addition, the consequent impacts on wildlife and ecosystems also depend on the sensitivity of the species in the vicinity.

• Opportunities to minimize new edge effects include: constructing the road corridor along existing infrastructure, such as the segments in the "Expanded" categories, instead of creating new infrastructure corridors; develop and implement adequate weed abatement and habitat restoration programs that monitor adjacent habitats; and adaptively address effects such as toxins, invasive species, and habitat conversion.

The Department hopes this preliminary evaluation of the North-South Corridor Study will aid ADOT in upcoming alternative selection and evaluation, and provide information on future data needs and mitigation opportunities as the study progresses. We continue to look forward to partnering with ADOT on this important transportation project. If you have further questions or wish to further discuss our evaluation, please contact Cheri Bouchér, the Department's Project Evaluation Program transportation coordinator, at cboucher@azgfd.gov (623-236-7615).

Sincerely,

Joyce Francis, PhD

Habitat, Evaluation, and Lands Branch Chief

cc: Joshua Fife, ADOT

Kurt Watzek, HDR

M16-02013521

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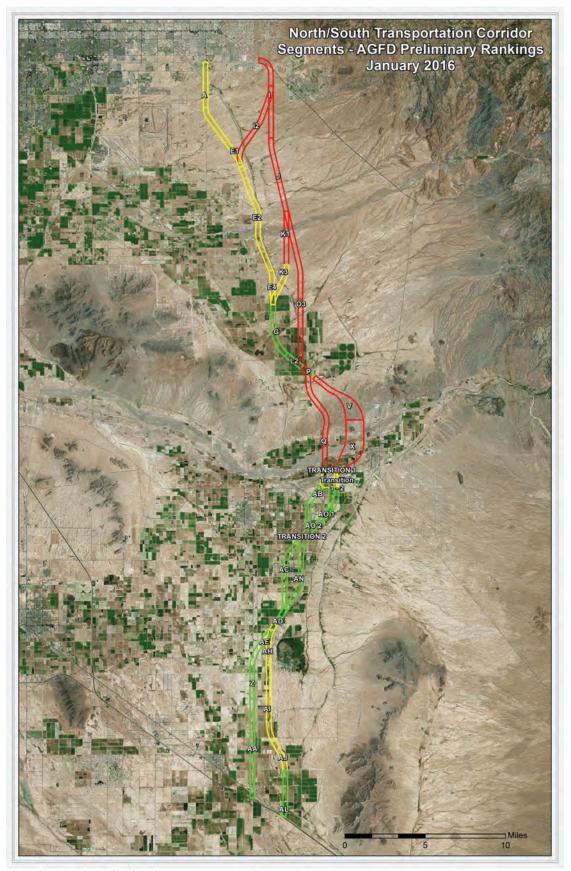


Figure 2: North-South Corridor Segments, as Ranked in Table 1

Note: This is a preliminary Level 1 evaluation based on broad alternatives. As ADOT's planning progresses, and/or as additional relevant data along the corridor alternatives is made available, the Department will adjust its evaluation to incorporate new information and/or more specific route locations.

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Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

100101	The first of the first segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study											
		Sensitivity Score (Low/Moderate/High)					OV	ERALL ASSESS	MENT			
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
Segment	Change in Infrastructure (New/ Expanded)	Vegetation	Hydrologic Function	Landscape Connectivity	Landscape Integrity	Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat	Conservation And Wildlife Management Lands	Effects to Recreation	Significant Impacts to Sensitive Areas	Likely, but Potential Strategies to Offset Impacts	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and Enhance	Comments
Seguent		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					Addition					Although the segment is dominated by native vegetation, the project would expand an existing roadway, N. Ironwood Drive. High number of floodplains and waterways present, but disrupted by existing roadway and CAP canal. The CAP canal and Ironwood Drive limit east-west wildlife movement through native habitat. Roadway expansion not expected to increase isolation of intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for key species. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the open space east and west of the segment for small game hunting. A parking or pullout area
A	Expansion	High	Moderate- High	Low- Moderate	Low	High	Moderate	Moderate				for hunters would be a good addition, as no parking is currently present. 1. Segment would be expansion of existing SR87, through
AA	Existing	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High diversity of species in the vicinity and high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW and kit fox. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists may hunt for small game within the agricultural fields.
												Segment would be new roadway, and expansion of existing roads, primarily through agricultural fields. Floodplain and waterways present along Bogart Wash. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks.
AB	Expansion- new	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Department will edicat its evaluation to incompare a new control of the compared provides to incompare a new control of the compared provides to incompare a new control of the control of t

Note: This is a preliminary Level 1 evaluation based on broad alternatives. As ADOT's planning progresses, and/or as additional relevant data along the corridor alternatives is made available, the Department will adjust its evaluation to incorporate new information and/or more specific route locations.

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Table	i: Summa	ry or mit	iai Segiii	ent Anary	SIS TOP U	ne North-S	outil Corr	luor Stu	uy			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			OV.	ERALL ASSESS	MENT	
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
Segment	Change in Infrastructure (New/ Expanded)	Vegetation	Hydrologic Function	Landscape Connectivity	Landscape Integrity	Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat	Conservation And Wildlife Management Lands	Effects to Recreation	Significant Impacts to Sensitive Areas	Likely, but Potential Strategies to Offset Impacts	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and Enhance	Comments
g												Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural fields.
												Segment would be new expansion of existing roads, through agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space.
AC	Expansion	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural fields. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural fields.
												2. No floodplain or waterways present. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. 5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitat. 6. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitat, including Picacho Reservoir. 7. Recreation opportunities for sportsmen and wildlife
AD	New	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	High	Low				viewing at Picacho Reservoir. 1. Segment would be new expansion of existing roads,
AE	New-existing	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate				through agricultural fields. 2. No floodplain or waterways present. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks.

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BIOW. 6. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. 7. The segment crosses Selma Highway access point into Picacho Reservoir, this access should be maintained. 1. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural fields. 2. No floodplain or waterways present. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large inta blocks. 5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjace native habitats, including Picacho Reservoir. 6. Proximity to Picacho Reservoir. 7. Recreation opportunities for sportsment and wildlife viewing at Picacho Reservoir. 8. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural field and some desert scrub. 9. No floodplain or waterways present. 9. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural field and some desert scrub. 9. No floodplain or waterways present. 9. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. 1. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large inta blocks. 9. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Potential indirect impacts or wildlife in adjace native habitats, including Picacho Reservoir. 9. Proximity to Pi	Tab	e 1. Sullilla	i y or init	iai begin	ciit ixiiai,	JOIN TOT L	ic rioi tii b	outii Coii	idoi bidi	-y			
Proposed Change in Infrastructure (New) Segment Expanded Vegetation Function Vegetation Vegetation Function Vegetation					Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			OV.	ERALL ASSESSI	MENT	
Segment Expanded) Vegetation Function Connectivity Integrity Habitat Lands Recreation Areas Offset Impacts Enhance Comments Segment		Change in Infrastructure	(1)			, ,	Wildlife and	Conservation And Wildlife	.,	Significant Impacts to	Impacts to Wildlife are Likely, but Potential	Limited Impacts to Wildlife and Opportunities	
S. High diversity of species in the vicinity and high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. 6. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. 7. The segment crosses Selma Highway access point into Picacho Reservoir, this access should be maintained. 1. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural Fields. 2. No floodaphian or waterways present. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural shelds. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large inta Section of large intained the section operatural for section operatural for section operatural for section operaturals for sportsmen and wildlife vicewing at Picacho Reservoir. 8. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural field and some desert scrub. 9. No floodaphia or waterways present. 9. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural field and some desert scrub. 1. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural field and some desert scrub. 1. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intained the section of large	Seome		Vegetation										Comments
2. No floodplain or waterways present. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movementhrough agricultural habitat. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intablocks. 5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacentative habitats, including Picacho Reservoir. 6. Proximity to Picacho Reservoir. New- AH expansion Low Low Low High High High Whigh High High Low Low Low Low High High Expansion Low Low Low High High High High High High High High	Segme	Dapanded	vegetation	Tunction	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Dants	Recreation	nicus	Onset impacts	Dimance	High diversity of species in the vicinity and high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. The segment crosses Selma Highway access point into
1. Segment would be new roads, through agricultural field and some desert scrub. 2. No floodplain or waterways present. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intablocks. 5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat fe BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent active habitats, including Picacho Reservoir. 6. Proximity to Proximity to Proximity to Picacho Reservoir. 6. Proximity to Picacho Reservoir. 7. Recreation opportant and indirect impacts to wildlife adjacent native habitat, including Picacho Reservoir. 8. New-	АН		Low	Low	Low	Low	Hioh	Hieh	Hish				Segment would be new roads, through agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitats, including Picacho Reservoir. Proximity to Picacho Reservoir, including AGFD managed area. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitat, including Picacho Reservoir. Recreation opportunities for sportsmen and wildlife
		New-											Segment would be new roads, through agricultural fields and some desert scrub. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitats, including Picacho Reservoir. Proximity to Picacho Reservoir, including AGFD managed area. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitat, including Picacho Reservoir. Recreation opportunities for sportsmen and wildlife

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

_'1	lable 1	ı: Summa	ry of Init	ıaı Segm	ent Analy	sis for th	ne North-S	outh Corr	idor Stud	ıy			
					Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			ov	ERALL ASSESS!	MENT	
		Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
		Change in Infrastructure (New/		Hydrologic	Landscape	Landscape	Wildlife and Wildlife	Conservation And Wildlife Management	Effects to	Significant Impacts to Sensitive	Likely, but Potential Strategies to	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and	
	Segment	Expanded)	Vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Enhance	Comments 1. Segment would be new roads, through desert scrub and
													agricultural fields.
													No floodplain or waterways present.
													 Desert scrub vegetation connects to open space to the east through a large crossing over the CAP canal at Brady
													Pump Road.
													4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact
													blocks. 5. High species diversity and high percentage of segment
													provides suitable habitat for key species. Potential indirect
													impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitats.
													Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists may hunt for small game within the desert
Δ	J	New	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Low	High	Moderate	Moderate				scrub agricultural fields.
													Segment would be expanding existing dirt roads through
													agricultural fields. 2. Runoff from agricultural fields forms a floodplain or
													waterways present.
													Desert scrub vegetation connects to open space to the east
													through a large crossing over the CAP canal at Brady Pump Road.
													4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact
													blocks.
													 High species diversity and high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for key species. Potential indirect
													impacts to wildlife in adjacent native habitats.
													Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists may hunt for small game within the desert
Α	L	New	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Moderate				scrub agricultural fields.
													1. Segment would be new expansion of existing roads,
													through agricultural fields. 2. No floodplain or waterways present.
													The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement
													through agricultural habitat.
													Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks.
		New-											High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for
Α	N	expansion	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	Moderate	Low				BUOW. Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Table	ı: Summa	i y or init	iai Segiii	chi Anaiy	1313 101 11	10 1101 til-8	outh Corri	uoi Stu	цу			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			ov	ERALL ASSESS	MENT	
									HIGH:	MODERATE:	LOW:	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		Impacts to	Limited	
	Proposed									Wildlife are	Impacts to	
	Change in						Conservation		Significant	Likely, but	Wildlife and	
	Infrastructure					Wildlife and	And Wildlife	Ties	Impacts to	Potential Strategies to	Opportunities	
Segment	(New/ Expanded)	Vegetation	Hydrologic Function	Landscape Connectivity	Landscape Integrity	Wildlife Habitat	Management Lands	Effects to Recreation	Sensitive Areas	Offset Impacts	to Offset and Enhance	Comments
Segment	Expanded)	vegetation	Function	Connectivity	integrity	павна	Lanus	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Elinance	native habitat.
												Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space.
												Potential indirect impacts to wildlife in adjacent native
												habitat, including Picacho Reservoir.
												Recreation opportunities for sportsmen and wildlife
												viewing at nearby Picacho Reservoir and in adjacent
												desert scrub.
												 Segment would be new roadway, and expansion of existing roads, through agricultural fields.
												Floodplain and waterways present along Bogart Wash.
												The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement
												through agricultural habitat.
												4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact
												blocks.
												5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for
												BUOW.
												Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural
AO1	New	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				fields.
AOI	INCW	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				Segment would be new roadway, and expansion of
												existing roads, through agricultural fields.
												Floodplain and waterways present along Bogart Wash.
												3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement
												through agricultural habitat.
												4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact
												blocks.
												 High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW.
												Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space.
												Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural
AO2	New	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				fields.
												1. Segment would be a new roadway through native
												vegetation.
												2. Moderate number of floodplains and waterways present,
												but disrupted by CAP canal.
												3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement
E1	New	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate				through native habitat.
									alona tha aoni	don alternatives is	mada availabla tl	Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact be Department will adjust its evaluation to incorporate new

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Tubic	. Summa	ly of line	iai begin	ciit miiai	1010101	ic i toi tii b	outh Corr	idoi bidi	*J			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			OV	ERALL ASSESS!	MENT	
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to Wildlife and	
	Change in Infrastructure (New/		Hydrologic	Landscape	Landscape	Wildlife and Wildlife	Conservation And Wildlife Management	Effects to	Significant Impacts to Sensitive	Likely, but Potential Strategies to	Opportunities to Offset and	
Segment	Expanded)	Vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Enhance	Comments
Segment	2.apanaca)	vegennon	Tunction	Connectivity	Integraly	AMONIN	Tanas		TT Cas	Oliste In piece	Smurce	blocks, but small amount of habitat present is largely undisturbed. 5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, TSNS, and SDT. 6. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. 7. Recreationists access hunting opportunities to the southeast, using a dirt road east of Ironwood Drive.
E2	New	High	High	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Low	Moderate				1. Segment would be a new roadway through native vegetation, including riparian vegetation. 2. High amount of floodplain and waterways present, including Queen Creek, but disrupted by CAP canal. 3. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through native habitat. 4. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks, but small amount of habitat present is largely undisturbed. 5. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, TSNS, and SDT. 6. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. 7. Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities to the east, using Ocotillo Rd. Maintaining recreation access is important.
E4	Expansion	High	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Moderate				Segment would be an expansion of N. Quail Run Lane, through primarily native vegetation. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through native habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, TSNS, and SDT. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities to the east, using Skyline Dr. Maintaining recreation access is important.

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

I UDIC 1		7 01 11110	508				outh Corr	idol Stat	Ť			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			OV	ERALL ASSESSI	MENT	
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
Segment	Change in Infrastructure (New/ Expanded)	Vegetation	Hydrologic Function	Landscape Connectivity	Landscape Integrity	Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat	Conservation And Wildlife Management Lands	Effects to Recreation	Significant Impacts to Sensitive Areas	Likely, but Potential Strategies to Offset Impacts	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and Enhance	Comments
Segment	New-	regemion	Tunction	Connectivity			ZAMAG.	Teer days	111000		<i>Statute</i>	Segment would be new roadway, and expansion of existing roads, through agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural
G	Expansion	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				fields.
I	New-existing	High	High	High	High	High	High	High				Segment would be a primarily new roadway through native vegetation. High amount of floodplain and waterways present. Area offers high permeability and falls within linkages and connectivity zones. Roadway would bisect a large intact block of land. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, BUOW, and SDT. Segment would bisect existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities are located throughout the area. Maintaining recreation access is critical.
12	New	High	High	High	High	High	High	High				Segment would be a new roadway through native vegetation. High amount of floodplain and waterways present. Area offers high permeability and falls within linkages and connectivity zones. Roadway would bisect a large intact block of land. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, TSNS, and SDT. Segment would bisect existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities through the area. Maintaining recreation access is critical.

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Table	1: Summa	ry of Init	ial Segm	ent Analy	sis for the	ne North-S	outh Corri	dor Stu	dy			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			OV	ERALL ASSESSI	MENT	
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
	Change in Infrastructure (New/		Hydrologic	Landscape	Landscape	Wildlife and Wildlife	Conservation And Wildlife Management	Effects to	Significant Impacts to Sensitive	Likely, but Potential Strategies to	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and	
Segment	Expanded)	Vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Enhance	Comments
												Segment would be a new roadway through native vegetation. High amount of floodplain and waterways present. Area offers high permeability and falls within linkages and connectivity zones. Roadway would bisect a large intact block of land. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, TSNS, and SDT. Segment would bisect existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access open space east and west of the segment for small game hunting. Installation of a parking area or pullout would be advised for recreationists
J	New	High	High	High	High	High	High	High				accessing open space.
K1	New	High	High	High	Moderate	High	Moderate	High				Segment would be a new roadway through native vegetation, including riparian vegetation. High amount of floodplain and waterways present, including Queen Creek. Area offers high permeability and falls within linkages and connectivity zones. Roadway could to increase isolation of nearby intact blocks of land. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for key species. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and hunting opportunities are throughout the area. Maintaining recreation access is critical.
K3	New	High	Low	Moderate	Low	High	Low	Moderate				Segment would be primarily a new roadway through native vegetation; a portion is bisected by the CAP canal. Limited amount of floodplains and waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through native habitat on the western portion of segment. Roadway expansion not expected to increase isolation of intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for key species. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the Desert Wells Multiuse Area and

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Table	i: Sullillia	ry or mit	iai Segili	ent Anary	SIS TOP U	ie Norm-S	outh Corri	dor Stud	1 y			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Ioderate/High)			OVI	ERALL ASSESSI	MENT	
	Proposed Change in	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6) Conservation	(7)	HIGH: Significant	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are Likely, but	LOW: Limited Impacts to Wildlife and	
	Infrastructure (New/		Hydrologic	Landscape	Landscape	Wildlife and Wildlife	And Wildlife Management	Effects to	Impacts to Sensitive	Potential Strategies to	Opportunities to Offset and	
Segment	Expanded)	Vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Enhance	Comments
												hunting opportunities to the east, using E. Skyline Drive.
L2	New	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				Segment would be new roadway through agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural fields.
												Segment would be a new roadway, primarily through native vegetation, including riparian vegetation. High amount of floodplain and waterways present, including Queen Creek. Area offers high permeability and falls within linkages and connectivity zones. Roadway could to increase isolation of nearby intact blocks of land. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for key species. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists access the area for hunting opportunities in
O3	New	High	Moderate	High	High	High	Moderate	High				the vicinity. Maintaining recreation access is critical.

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Tab	e 1: Summa	iry or min	iai Segin	cht Anai	101 01 01	101111-5	outil Coll	iuoi Stu	ıy			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/M	Ioderate/High)			ov	ERALL ASSESS	MENT	
Segmo	Proposed Change in Infrastructure (New/ nt Expanded)	(1) Vegetation	(2) Hydrologic Function	(3) Landscape Connectivity	(4) Landscape Integrity	(5) Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat	(6) Conservation And Wildlife Management Lands	(7) Effects to Recreation	HIGH: Significant Impacts to Sensitive Areas	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are Likely, but Potential Strategies to Offset Impacts	LOW: Limited Impacts to Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and Enhance	Comments
P	New	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Low				Segment would be new roadway primarily through agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural fields. Segment would be a primarily new roadway through native vegetation, although a portion would parallel a
	New-					Moderate -						railway. 2. High amount of floodplain and waterways present, including the Gila River. 3. West of CAP canal and adjacent to or bisected by railway, but the Gila River and a bridge over the CAP canal (along a gas-line road) provide critical wildlife movement connectivity between the San Tan Mountains and the open space and mountain ranges to the northeast, east, and southeast. 4. Roadway could reduce connectivity between large intact blocks of land, and further isolate the San Tan Mountains. 5. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, BUOW, and SDT. 6. Segment would bisect existing open space along the Gila River. 7. Gas-line dirt road provides very popular walking access for hunting and hiking. Maintaining access is
Q	New- Expansion	High	High	High	High	Moderate - High	High	Moderate				

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

Table 1	1: Summa	ry of Init	ial Segm	ent Analy	ysis for tl	he North-S	outh Corri	dor Stu	dy			
				Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Moderate/High)			OV.	ERALL ASSESS!	MENT	
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
	Change in Infrastructure (New/		Hydrologic	Landscape	Landscape	Wildlife and Wildlife	Conservation And Wildlife Management	Effects to	Significant Impacts to Sensitive	Likely, but Potential Strategies to	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and	
Segment	Expanded)	Vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Enhance	Comments
												Segment would be an expansion of existing dirt roads through agricultural fields, disturbed native vegetation, and a landfill. Although disrupted by the landfill, floodplain and erosional ponding is present. The landfill and disturbed native vegetation between Adamsville Road and the SR287 allows for east-west wildlife movement through the segment. Potential to increase isolation of nearby intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space.
T1	New- Expansion	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate				 Recreationists could hunt for small game within the agricultural fields.
T1-2	Expansion	Low	Moderate High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate				Segment would be an expansion of existing dirt roads through agricultural fields, disturbed native vegetation, and a retention basin. A large retention basin that catches runoff from adjacent agricultural lands is present within the segment. The retention basin and disturbed native vegetation between Adamsville Road and the SR287 allows for eastwest wildlife movement through the segment. Potential to increase isolation of nearby intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW and kit fox. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists could hunt for small game within the agricultural fields.
T2	New	Low	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Low	Low				Segment would be new roadway, and expansion of existing roads, through agricultural fields. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space.

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

14010		3 01 11110	2002 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				outh Corri		ľ	EDALL AGGEGG	A FEDERAL	
	Proposed Change in Infrastructure	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) Wildlife and	(6) Conservation And Wildlife	(7)	HIGH: Significant Impacts to	ERALL ASSESS MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are Likely, but Potential	LOW: Limited Impacts to Wildlife and Opportunities	
Commont	(New/ Expanded)	Vegetation	Hydrologic Function	Landscape Connectivity	Landscape Integrity	Wildlife Habitat	Management Lands	Effects to Recreation	Sensitive Areas	Strategies to Offset Impacts	to Offset and Enhance	Comments
Segment	Expanded)	vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Onset impacts	Ennance	14. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural fields.
V	New	High	High	High	High	Moderate - High	Moderate	High				Segment would be a new roadway through native vegetation. High amount of waterways present. West of CAP canal, but the bridge over the CAP canal (along a gas-line road) provides critical wildlife movement connectivity between the San Tan Mountains and the open space and mountain ranges to the northeast, east, and southeast. Roadway could reduce connectivity between large intact blocks of land, and further isolate the San Tan Mountains. Area of high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, TSNS, and SDT. Segment would bisect existing undeveloped land. Gas-line dirt road provides very popular walking access for hunting and hiking.
X	New	High	High	High	High	High Moderate - High	Moderate	High				Segment would be a new roadway through native vegetation, agricultural lands, and the Gila River. High amount of floodplain and waterways present, including the Gila River. West of CAP canal, but the Gila River provides critical wildlife movement connectivity between the San Tan Mountains and the open space and mountain ranges to the northeast, east, and southeast. Roadway could reduce connectivity between large intact blocks of land, and further isolate the San Tan Mountains. Area of moderate-high wildlife diversity and a high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for KF, BUOW, and SDT. Segment would bisect existing open space along the Gila River. This segment would impact small and big game hunting in GMU 26 M, especially north of Hunt Hwy

Table 1: Summary of Initial Segment Analysis for the North-South Corridor Study

		•		Sensitivity	Score (Low/N	Moderate/High)			ov	ERALL ASSESS	MENT	
	Proposed	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	HIGH:	MODERATE: Impacts to Wildlife are	LOW: Limited Impacts to	
	Change in Infrastructure (New/		Hydrologic	Landscape	Landscape	Wildlife and Wildlife	Conservation And Wildlife Management	Effects to	Significant Impacts to Sensitive	Likely, but Potential Strategies to	Wildlife and Opportunities to Offset and	
Segment	Expanded)	Vegetation	Function	Connectivity	Integrity	Habitat	Lands	Recreation	Areas	Offset Impacts	Enhance	Comments
												Segment would be expansion of existing SR87, through agricultural fields and desert scrub. No floodplain or waterways present. The CAP canal limits east-west wildlife movement through agricultural habitat. Roadway not expected to increase isolation of large intact blocks. High diversity of species in the vicinity and high percentage of segment provides suitable habitat for BUOW and kit fox. Limited proximity to existing and proposed open space. Recreationists hunt for small game within the agricultural
Z	Existing	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	High	Low	Low				 Recreationists hunt for small game within fields.

Attachment 1. Data Sources

Data Sets, Types, and Sources Used in Analysis

	Data			
Data Set	Type	Source	Analytical Method	Ranking Thresholds
				<u>Low</u> - Dominated by non-native
				vegetation cover such as agricultural
		AGFD modified version of Southwest ReGAP		fields or developed land.
				Moderate- 40-60% native vegetation.
	30 m	(Southwest ReGAP can be found at	Percent of each summary	<u>High</u> - Over 60% of segment contains
Vegetation Type	pixel	http://swregap.nmsu.edu/default.htm)	habitat type per segment	native vegetation.
				<u>Low</u> - 0-4.9 linear feet of waterways per
				acre.
		National Hydrography Database (NHD)		Moderate - 5.0-9.9 linear feet of
		ftp://rockyftp.cr.usgs.gov/vdelivery/Datasets/Stage	Feet of rivers and streams	waterways per acre.
Linear		d/Hydro/FileGDB101/NHD_M_04_Arizona_ST.zi	intersecting each segment,	<u>High</u> - 10.0-16.0 linear feet of waterways
Waterways	Polylines	<u>p</u>	represented as feet/acre	per acre.
		Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)		<u>Low</u> - No floodplain present.
		National Flood Hazard Layer	Acres of segment that	Moderate - 0.1-9.9 acres.
		https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/national-flood-	intersect with NFH layer,	High- 10.0 acres or greater
		hazard-layer-nfhl/resource/ef47d769-564b-4dbb-	using 100 year floodplain	
Floodplain	Polygons	a130-30e212b6e308	attributes	
				Low- Multiple barriers to larger habitat
				blocks are present. Barriers may include
				the CAP canal as well as roads and
				human disturbance.
				Moderate- Barriers to larger habitat
		A CER C. A L. I. ALAH A CER M		blocks are present, but a crossing is
		AGFD County Linkages/NAU-AGFD Missing		present and habitat is conducive to
		Linkages		wildlife movement.
C		1.44//	I.1	High- Few barriers present and/or
Connectivity –	D - 1	http://www.azgfd.gov/w_c/conn_whatGFDoing.sh	Identify overlap within	multiple crossing opportunities
County Linkages	Polygons	<u>tml</u>	segment	available.

AGFD Preliminar	y Level I E	valuation for the North-South Corridor Study		
Landscape	30 m	AGFD Landscape Integrity model1	Mean and majority values of	Low- Mean or Majority score of 0-79.
Integrity –	pixel		landscape integrity within	Moderate- Mean or Majority score of
Undisturbed			segment. This is an AGFD	80-90.
			GIS dataset representing	High- Mean or Majority score of 90-100.
			cumulative impacts of	
			various human infrastructure	
			on Arizona's landscape. A	
			high score indicates very	
			little human modification on	
			the landscape, or a very high	
			landscape integrity.	
			Mean score taken from	Low- A connectivity index score of 0-
			intersection of statewide	79.9.
			index. ICZ (important	Moderate- A connectivity index score of
			connectivity zone) indicates	80-89.9.
			if a segment overlaps with an	High- A connectivity index score of 90-
			ICZ which are areas	100.
			important for statewide	
			connectivity. This is and	
			AGFD GIS dataset	
			representing statewide	
Connectivity –			connectivity based on the	
Statewide			landscape integrity dataset	
Connectivity	Polygons	AGFD Statewide Connectivity Dataset ¹	used as a cost surface.	
			Identify overlap or change in	<u>Low</u> - No increased isolation or
			isolation of the blocks given	fragmentation of large intact blocks.
			the build of a segment. This	Moderate- Potential to increase isolation
			is an AGFD GIS dataset	of nearby intact block(s).
Landscape			representing the most intact	<u>High</u> - Bisects intact block or reduces
Integrity –			areas based on the AGFD	connectivity between intact blocks.
Fragmentation	Polygons	AGFD Large Intact Blocks ¹	Landscape Integrity model.	

Perkl, Ryan M. 2013. Arizona landscape integrity and wildlife connectivity assessment. The University of Arizona and the Arizona Game and Fish Department. Tucson, AZ. Available at

 $[\]frac{http://capla.arizona.edu/sites/default/files/file_uploads/Perkl, \%20Ryan\%20M.\%202013.\%20Arizona\%20landscape\%20integrity\%20and\%20wildlife\%20connectivity\%20assessment.\%20The\%20University\%20arizona\%20Arizona\%20Arizona\%20Department\%20of\%20Game\%20and\%20Fish.\%20Tucson,\%20AZ..pdf$

AGFD Prelimina	ry Level 1 E	valuation for the North-South Corridor Study		
Species of Economic and Recreational		AGFD model as depicted in HabiMap and described in the Arizona SWAP		Low- Maximum score of 0-3. Moderate- Maximum score of 4-6. High- Maximum score of 7-10
Importance	30 m	http://habimap.org/	Maximum score of the SERI	
(SERI)	pixel	http://www.azgfd.gov/w c/swap.shtml	model	
		AGFD model as depicted in HabiMap and		Low- Maximum score of 0-3.
Species of		described in the Arizona State Wildlife Action		Moderate- Maximum score of 4-6.
Greatest		Plan (SWAP)		High- Maximum score of 7-10
Conservation	30 m	http://habimap.org/	Maximum score of the	
Need (SGCN)	pixel	http://www.azgfd.gov/w c/swap.shtml	SGCN model	
				Low- 0-3 HDMS species within a 3 mile radius of the segment. Moderate- 4-6 HDMS species within a 3 mile radius of the segment. High- HDMS species have been recorded within the segment, in addition
Special Status		Heritage Data Management System (HDMS)	Count of species within 3	to records within a 3 mile radius of the
Species	Polygons	http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/	mile buffer of each segment	segment.
		Potential distributions of species from AGFD/GAP models as depicted in HabiMap and described in		Low- 0 -19% of the segment is potential habitat for a key species. Moderate- 20-39% of the segment is
Species		the Arizona SWAP ²	Percent of each segment that	potential habitat for a key species.
Distribution	30 m	http://habimap.org/	is potential habitat by	<u>High</u> - 40% or more of the segment is
Models	pixel	http://www.azgfd.gov/w_c/swap.shtml	species.	potential habitat for a key species.

² The burrowing owl model has been modified to more accurately reflect potential burrowing owl distribution. This revised model is not shown within HabiMap.

AGFD Preliminary Level 1 Evaluation for the North-South Corridor Study Attachment 2A: Evaluation Criterial for the North-South Corridor-Vegetation, Hydrologic Function, Landscape Connectivity, and Landscape Integrity

are.	CAMENTE DATE		VEGET	ATTON	HI/DDOL O	OLO ELIN	CTION	T 437	OGG A DE GOATATEGERIA	.,		LANDGGAR		DYDY.
SE	Proposed	A	VEGET. Primary	ATION	HYDROLO			LANI	DSCAPE CONNECTIVITY	Statewic		LANDSCAPE		
Segment ID	Change in Infra-	A	Vegetation or Land Cover Type ³	Riparian/	(Linear Feet	Flood- plain	Flood- plain (%)	Permeability/Known	County Linkages/Movement	Connectiv	ICZs	Fragmentation	Mean Score	Majority
ID	structure	Acres	Type	Wetland (%)	per Acre)	(Acres)	(%)	Concerns Moderate/ CAP Canal and	Zones Valley north and east of	Index	ICZS	Low- No increased	Score	Score
				-				Ironwood Drive bisect the	the San Tan Mountains.			isolation of intact		
A	Expansion	513	Desert scrub		15	4	0.8%	segment	Weekes Wash	84.80		blocks.	80	97
Α	Expansion	313	Desert scrub	_	13	- 4	0.070	segment	Southeastern-most corner	04.00		DIOCKS.	80	9/
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal	is ~4.8 miles from			Low- No increased		
			Agriculture/					and bisected by SR87, farm	modeled corridor			isolation of intact		
AA	Existing	1123	Desert scrub		0	1	0.1%	roads and agricultural crops	Ironwood to Picacho	77.30		blocks.	78	76
2121	Laisting	1123	Desert serub	_	· ·	1	0.170	Low/ West of CAP canal	Ironwood to I leacho	77.50		Low- No increased	7.0	70
	Expansion-							and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AB	new	513	Agriculture		6	2	0.5%	and agricultural crops	_	81.22		blocks.	82	80
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
								and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AC	Expansion	902	Agriculture		1	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	_	83.31		blocks.	83	82
			Ü	-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
								and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AD	New	102	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	_	88.09		blocks.	84	86
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
								and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AE	New-existing	563	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	_	83.12		blocks.	84	86
	-			-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
	New-							and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AH	expansion	475	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	-	89.00		blocks.	85	80
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
	New-							and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AI	expansion	865	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	-	86.97		blocks.	84	80
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
								and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AJ	New	369	Desert scrub		0	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	-	87.55		blocks.	91	94
				-					Southeastern-most corner					
								Low/ West of CAP canal	is ~2.5 miles from			Low- No increased		
								and bisected by farm roads	modeled corridor			isolation of intact		
AL	New	519	Agriculture		0	46	9.0%	and agricultural crops	Ironwood to Picacho	83.71		blocks.	82	86
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
	New-				_			and bisected by farm roads				isolation of intact		
AN	expansion	901	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	and agricultural crops	-	83.20	1	blocks.	81	82
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
							0.20/	and bisected by farm roads		00.40		isolation of intact		
AO1	New	547	Agriculture		4	2	0.3%	and agricultural crops	-	80.49	1	blocks.	80	81
				-				Low/ West of CAP canal				Low- No increased		
4.02	27	540				١.,	0.201	and bisected by farm roads		01.14		isolation of intact	0.1	0.1
AO2	New	549	Agriculture		4	1	0.2%	and agricultural crops	-	81.14		blocks.	81	81
			Desert scrub	-				M 1 //W / COAR	77.11			Low- No increased		
El	None	701			9	10	1.20/	Moderate/ West of CAP Canal	Valley north and east of	06.28		isolation of intact	97	100
E1	New	786		1	9	10	1.3%	Canai	the San Tan Mountains	96.38	Yes	blocks.	9/	100

³ Refer to Attachment C for detailed breakdown of vegetation/land cover types within each Segment.

AGFD Preliminary Level 1 Evaluation for the North-South Corridor Study Attachment 2A: Evaluation Criterial for the North-South Corridor-Vegetation, Hydrologic Function, Landscape Connectivity, and Landscape Integrity

SE	GMENT DATA		VEGET	ATION	HYDROLO	GIC FUN	CTION	LANI	OSCAPE CONNECTIVITY	7		LANDSCAPE	INTEGI	RITY
52	Proposed Change in		Primary Vegetation or		Waterways	Flood-	Flood-	25.11.12	County	Statewic Connectiv		Fragmentation		isturbed
Segment ID	Infra- structure	Acres	Land Cover Type ³	Riparian/ Wetland (%)	(Linear Feet per Acre)	plain (Acres)	plain (%)	Permeability/Known Concerns	Linkages/Movement Zones	Index	ICZs	Blocks	Mean Score	Majority Score
			Desert scrub	-					Valley north and east of the San Tan Mountains.			Low- No increased isolation of intact		
								Moderate/ West of CAP	Queen Creek - Gila River			blocks.		
E2	New	1237			16	11	0.9%	Canal, Queen Creek	Indian Community	89.83			91	92
			Desert scrub	-				Low/ West of CAP canal	V-11			Low- No increased isolation of intact		
E4	Expansion	387			0	0	0.0%	and bisected by farm roads and agricultural crops	Valley north and east of the San Tan Mountains	89.53		blocks.	88	83
1.4	Expansion	307		-	0	0	0.070	Moderate/ West of CAP	the San Tan Wountains	89.55		Low- No increased	- 66	0.5
								canal and bisected by farm				isolation of intact		
G	New	613	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	roads and agricultural crops	-	84.23		blocks.	86	83
			Desert scrub	-					Valley north and east of					
									the San Tan Mountains, Superstition Mountains to					
									Goldfield Mountains and			High- Bisects intact		
I	New-existing	949			13	5	0.5%	High	Weekes Wash	95.46	Yes	block	95	100
			Desert scrub	0.3%					Valley north and east of					
									the San Tan Mountains,					
									Superstition Mountains to Goldfield Mountains and			High- Bisects intact		
12	New	1002			10	4	0.4%	High	Weekes Wash	96.93	Yes	block	97	100
12	TTEW	1002	Desert scrub	-	10	7	0.470	11igii	Valley north and east of	70.75	103	High- Bisects intact	- / /	100
J	New	845			16	9	1.1%	High	the San Tan Mountains	95.18		block	95	94
			Desert scrub	2.6%					Valley north and east of			Moderate- Potential		
									the San Tan Mountains,			to increase isolation		
K1	New	607			8	7	1.1%	High	Queen Creek - Gila River Indian Community	94.46		of nearby intact block.	94	94
KI	INCW	007	Desert scrub	-	8		1.1 /0	riigii	Indian Community	24.40		Low- No increased	24	24
									Valley north and east of			isolation of intact		
K3	New	481			3	0	0.0%	Moderate, bisected by CAP	the San Tan Mountains	90.83		blocks.	94	92
				-				Moderate/ West of CAP				Low- No increased		
L2	New	222	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	canal and bisected by farm roads and agricultural crops		83.37		isolation of intact blocks.	83	83
LL	INCW	222	Agriculture	_	J	U	0.076	roads and agricultural crops	Valley north and east of	03.37	1	DIOCKS.	0.5	0.3
									the San Tan Mountains,			High- Reduces		
								High/ Majority of segment is	Queen Creek - Gila River			connectivity between		
O3	New	1847	Desert scrub		4	2	0.1%		Indian Community	89.23		intact blocks	91	94
				-				Moderate/ West of CAP canal and bisected by farm				Low- No increased isolation of intact		
P	New	184	Agriculture		0	0	0.0%	roads and agricultural crops	_	84.68		blocks.	86	86
Q	New	1241	Desert scrub	-	14	20	1.6%	High/ West of CAP canal	Florence Military	88.42	Yes	High- Reduces	91	100
`								and adjacent to or bisected	Reservation, Gila River			connectivity between		
								by railway, but Gila River				intact blocks		
TI	N	564	D 1 1				0.007	provides movement corridor		01.51	1	M. 1. (D. (2.1	70	07
T1	New	564	Developed	-	I	5	0.9%	Moderate/ Disturbed land	-	81.51	1	Moderate- Potential	79	87

AGFD Preliminary Level 1 Evaluation for the North-South Corridor Study Attachment 2A: Evaluation Criterial for the North-South Corridor-Vegetation, Hydrologic Function, Landscape Connectivity, and Landscape Integrity

SE	GMENT DAT	A	VEGET	ATION	HYDROLO	GIC FUN	CTION	LANI	SCAPE CONNECTIVIT	Y		LANDSCAPE	DSCAPE INTEGRITY Intation Undisturbed					
	Proposed Change in		Primary Vegetation or		Waterways	Flood-	Flood-		County	Statewi Connecti		Fragmentation	Und	isturbed				
Segment ID	Infra- structure	Acres	Land Cover Type ³	Riparian/ Wetland (%)	(Linear Feet per Acre)	plain (Acres)	plain (%)	Permeability/Known Concerns	Linkages/Movement Zones	Index	ICZs	Blocks	Mean Score	Majority Score				
								could provide east-west movement				to increase isolation of nearby intact block.						
T1-2	New	41	Desert scrub	-	14	29	70.3%	Moderate/ Disturbed land could provide east-west movement	-	83.51		Moderate- Potential to increase isolation of nearby intact block.	85	79				
T2	New	383	Agriculture	-	0	0	0.0%	Moderate/ West of CAP canal and bisected by farm roads and agricultural crops	-	81.23		Low- No increased isolation of intact blocks.	81	82				
V	New	1282	Desert scrub	-	13	0	0.0%	High/ West of CAP canal but land undeveloped	Florence Military Reservation	95.44		High- Reduces connectivity between intact blocks	97	100				
X	New	2206	Desert scrub/ Agriculture	-	14	34	1.5%	High/ West of CAP canal, but Gila River provides movement corridor through agricultural lands, and connects San Tan Mountains to the Tortolita and Tortilla Mtns	Florence Military Reservation, Gila River	89.05	Yes	High- Reduces connectivity between intact blocks	89	86				
Z	Existing	352	Desert scrub	-	0	0	0.0%	Low/ West of CAP canal and bisected by SR87, farm roads and agricultural crops	-	79.78		Low- No increased isolation of intact blocks.	82	91				

AGFD Preliminary Level 1 Evaluation for the North-South Corridor Study

Attachment 2B: Evaluation Criteria for the North-South Corridor-Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat, Conservation and Wildlife Management

Lands, and Outdoor and Wildlife Related Recreation

CONSERVATION AND

										CONSERVATION AND	
SE(GMENT DATA			13	II DI IEE A	AND WILDL	TEE IIA	DITAT		WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT LANDS	OUTDOOR AND WILDLIFE RELATED RECREATION
SEC	JMENI DATA	`		VV	ILDLIFE F			Habitat (9	2/6)	LANDS	RECREATION
Segment	Proposed Change in Infra-		SERI Rank (1-10)	SGCN Rank (1-10)	HDMS Species Diversity	Burrowing	Kit	Tucson Shovel- nosed	Sonoran Desert	Areas Identified, Acquired, or Managed with Conservation	
ID	structure	Acres				Owl	Fox	Snake	Tortoise	or Wildlife Considerations	Access and Outdoor Recreation
				_		00/	000/	450/	000/	Proximity to existing and proposed open space and crosses Siphon Draw wash, a	Recreationists access the open space east and west of the segment for small game hunting. A parking or pullout area for hunters would be a good addition, as no parking is currently
A	Expansion	513 1123	5	7	0 4	0% 46%	82% 45%	47% 29%	82% 44%	potential corridor.	present.
AA	Existing Expansion-	1123	9	9	4	46%	45%	29%	44%	-	
AB	new	513	9	9	2	69%	20%	3%	6%	_	
AD	ne w	313			-	0770	2070	370	070	Near Picacho Reservior.	
AC	Expansion	902	9	6	4	83%	17%	9%	9%	including AGFD managed area	
							-,		,	Adjacent to Picacho Reservior,	
AD	New	102	9	5	3	99%	1%	0%	1%	including AGFD managed area	
										Adjacent to Picacho Reservior,	Segment crosses Selma Highway access point into Picacho
AE	New-existing	563	9	10	3	62%	38%	4%	9%	including AGFD managed area	Reservoir
	New-									Adjacent to Picacho Reservior,	
AH	expansion	475	9	8	3	52%	20%	5%	8%	including AGFD managed area	Picacho Reservoir
										Near and adjacent to Picacho	
	New-	0.05	9		-	720/	27%	70/	12%	Reservior, including AGFD	
AI AJ	expansion New	865 369	9	8	5	72% 34%	66%	7% 66%	66%	managed area	
AL	New	519	9	6	1	79%	23%	21%	23%	-	
AL	New-	319	9	0	1	7970	23/0	2170	23/0	Near Picacho Reservior,	
AN	expansion	901	9	7	4	79%	3%	2%	2%	including AGFD managed area	Picacho Reservoir
AO1	New	547	9	7	5	100%	0%	0%	0%	-	Treatment treatment
AO2	New	549	9	6	6	45%	0%	0%	0%	-	
E1	New	786	5	9	0	0%	86%	83%	86%	-	Popular dove hunting area near tanks.
E2	New	1237	5	10	0	15%	85%	64%	84%	-	
E4	Expansion	387	5	8	0	26%	73%	54%	73%	-	
G	New	613	5	9	0	76%	24%	18%	24%	-	
										Proximity to existing and	
I	New-existing	949	7	10	0	0%	100%	35%	100%	proposed open space	
12	27	1002	_			00/	0.50/	500/	0.50/	Proximity to existing and	De Cline La Lorent
12	New	1002	5	9	0	0%	85%	50%	85%	proposed open space	Potential impacts popular hunting and OHV areas.
J	New	845	5	7	0	0%	100%	61%	100%	-	Hunters access open space east and west of the segment for small game hunting. Also impacts popular hunting and OHV areas. Installation of a parking area or pullout is recommended for hunters accessing open space.
K1	New	607	5	9	0	0%	100%	55%	100%	-	
K3	New	481	5	8	1	5%	75%	63%	75%	-	
L2	New	222	5	5	2	100%	0%	0%	0%	-	
O3	New	1847	5	9	2	21%	67%	40%	67%	-	Impacts popular hunting areas.
P	New	184	5	8	2	83%	16%	17%	17%	-	

AGFD Preliminary Level 1 Evaluation for the North-South Corridor Study Attachment 2B: Evaluation Criteria for the North-South Corridor-Wildlife and Wildlife Habitat, Conservation and Wildlife Management Lands, and Outdoor and Wildlife Related Recreation CONSERVATION AND

										CONSERVATION AND WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT	OUTDOOR AND WILDLIFE RELATED
SE	GMENT DATA	A		W	ILDLIFE A	ND WILDI	JFE HA	BITAT		LANDS	RECREATION
						Ke	v Species	Habitat (%)		
Segment	Proposed Change in Infra-		SERI Rank (1-10)	SGCN Rank (1-10)	HDMS Species Diversity	Burrowing	rowing Kit nosed		Sonoran Desert	Areas Identified, Acquired, or Managed with Conservation	
ID	structure	Acres	(= ==)	(/		Owl	Fox	Snake	Tortoise	or Wildlife Considerations	Access and Outdoor Recreation
										Existing Open Space	
Q	New	1241	5	9	3	23%	69%	24%	63%	designation along Gila River	
T1	New	564	1	9	5	82%	17%	7%	14%	-	
T1-2	New	41	1	7	5	30%	74%	2%	36%	=	
T2	New	383	9	5	2	100%	0%	0%	0%	-	
V	New	1282	5	7	2	0%	100%	21%	100%	-	Gas-line road provides walking access for hunting and hiking- very popular. Impacts small and big game hunting in GMU 26 M.
х	New	2206	5	10	4	50%)% 49% 6% 47%		Existing Open Space designation along Gila River and Florence Mountain.	Impacts to small and big game hunting in GMU 26 M, especially north of Hunt Hwy	
Z	Existing	352	9	8	3	30% 49% 6% 4/% ar 37% 62% 13% 37%		-			

AGFD Preliminary Level 1 Evaluation for the North-South Corridor Study **Attachment 3. Vegetation Communities/Land Cover**

Segment	Acres	Riparian/ Wash	Native scrub	Agriculture	Developed
A	1123	0.0%	80.8%	0.0%	19.2%
AA	513	0.1%	44.0%	46.0%	9.8%
AB	902	0.0%	19.5%	69.3%	11.2%
AC	102	0.0%	16.9%	82.8%	0.2%
AD	563	0.0%	0.9%	99.1%	0.0%
AE	475	0.4%	37.4%	62.0%	0.2%
AH	865	0.0%	27.8%	72.2%	0.0%
AI	369	0.0%	26.3%	72.4%	1.3%
AJ	519	0.0%	66.4%	33.6%	0.0%
AL	901	0.0%	22.8%	76.9%	0.3%
AN	547	0.0%	3.3%	90.8%	6.0%
AO1	549	0.0%	0.0%	99.9%	0.1%
AO2	786	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
E1	1237	0.0%	99.4%	0.0%	0.4%
E2	387	1.5%	83.0%	14.7%	0.2%
E4	613	0.0%	73.7%	26.3%	0.0%
G	949	0.0%	23.6%	76.4%	0.0%
Ι	1002	0.0%	99.9%	0.0%	0.0%
I2	845	0.3%	99.7%	0.0%	0.0%
J	607	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
K1	481	2.6%	97.4%	0.0%	0.0%
K3	222	0.0%	93.9%	6.1%	0.0%
L2	1847	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
О3	184	1.3%	74.9%	23.7%	0.0%
P	1241	0.0%	17.0%	82.4%	0.0%
Q	564	0.0%	74.9%	25.1%	0.0%
T1	41	0.0%	17.2%	42.3%	40.5%
T1-2	383	0.0%	70.5%	29.5%	0.0%
T2	1282	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
V	2206	0.0%	99.7%	0.0%	0.3%
X	352	0.7%	49.1%	49.7%	0.5%
Z	1123	0.0%	62.9%	37.1%	0.0%

Attachment 4. HDMS Special Status Species Documented within 3 Miles of the North-South Corridor

110000011110110 11 11	Divis special statu	ББРС	Teres 2				1			U		1020		-																			
Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	SGCN	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	АН	ΑI	AJ	AL	AN	AO1	AO2	E2	E4	G	J	K1	K3	L2	О3	P	Q	T1	T1-2	T2	V	X	1
Agosia chrysogaster chrysogaster	Gila Longfin Dace	SC		S	1B		х									х	X										х	X	Х			х	l
Athene cunicularia hypugaea	Western Burrowing Owl	SC	S	S	1B	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х			X	Х	X										Х	Х	X	Х	X	х	2
Catostomus clarkii	Desert Sucker	SC	S	S	1B		Х	Х							X	Х	X											Х	X	Х			ĺ
Catostomus insignis	Sonora Sucker	SC	S	S	1B												X											Х	X				
Chionactis occipitalis klauberi	Tucson Shovel-nosed Snake	SC			1A	X						Х	X	X		Х	X	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X		Х	х	
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed Cuckoo (Western DPS)	LT	S		1A	X		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			X																		2
Gopherus morafkai	Sonoran Desert Tortoise	CCA	S		1A											Х	X							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X		Х	х	
Rallus longirostris yumanensis	Yuma Clapper Rail	LE			1A	X		X	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х																		2

FWS = United States Fish and Wildlife Service CCA = Candidate Conservation Agreement in place LE = Federally listed Endangered LT = Federally listed Threatened SC = Species of Concern

SGN = State of Arizona Species of Greatest Conservation Need (2012)
Arizona Game and Fish Department. 2012. Arizona's State Widdlife Action Plan: 2012-2022. Arizona Game and Fish Department, Phoenix, Arizona. Available at http://www.azgfd.gov/w_c/swap.shtml
Each species in the SGCN Is twa secored for each of the following vulnerability criteria. If a species ranked as "vulnerable" (i.e., score = "1") under one or more of the vulnerability criteria it was included in the SGCN. Ranks were not additive. The rank was based on the following criteria:

Extirpated from Arizona
Federal or State status
Disjunct status
Disjunct status
Concentration status
Concentration status
Dispunction status
Distribution status

- The list of SGCN was further categorized into three tiers reflecting the Department's management commitments and priorities; tiers were ranked as follows:

 Tier 1A: Scored "1" for Vulnerability in at least one of the eight categories and matches at least one of the following:

 Federally listed as endangered or threatened under the Endangered Species Act (ESA).

 Candidate species under ESA.

 Is specifically covered under a signed conservation agreement (CCA) or a signed conservation agreement with assurances (CCAA).

 Recently removed from ESA and currently requires post-delisting monitoring

 Closed season species (i.e., no take permitted) as identified in Arizona Game and Fish Commission Orders 40, 41, 42 or 43.

 Tier 1B: Scored "1" for Vulnerability in at least one of the eight categories, but match none of the above criteria.

USFS= United States Forest Service

BLM= Bureau of Land Management
S = Sensitive

Attachment 5 Arizona Environmental Online Review Tool Report

Arizona Environmental Online Review Tool Report



Arizona Game and Fish Department Mission

To conserve Arizona's diverse wildlife resources and manage for safe, compatible outdoor recreation opportunities for current and future generations.

Project Name:

North South Corridor

Project Description:

AGFD Hexagon Analysis

Project Type:

Transportation & Infrastructure, Road construction (including staging areas), Realignment/new roads

Contact Person:

Cheri Boucher

Organization:

Arizona Game and Fish Department

On Behalf Of:

AZGFD

Project ID:

HGIS-02567

Please review the entire report for project type and/or species recommendations for the location information entered. Please retain a copy for future reference.

Disclaimer:

- 1. This Environmental Review is based on the project study area that was entered. The report must be updated if the project study area, location, or the type of project changes.
- 2. This is a preliminary environmental screening tool. It is not a substitute for the potential knowledge gained by having a biologist conduct a field survey of the project area. This review is also not intended to replace environmental consultation (including federal consultation under the Endangered Species Act), land use permitting, or the Departments review of site-specific projects.
- 3. The Departments Heritage Data Management System (HDMS) data is not intended to include potential distribution of special status species. Arizona is large and diverse with plants, animals, and environmental conditions that are ever changing. Consequently, many areas may contain species that biologists do not know about or species previously noted in a particular area may no longer occur there. HDMS data contains information about species occurrences that have actually been reported to the Department. Not all of Arizona has been surveyed for special status species, and surveys that have been conducted have varied greatly in scope and intensity. Such surveys may reveal previously undocumented population of species of special concern.
- 4. HabiMap Arizona data, specifically Species of Greatest Conservation Need (SGCN) under our State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP) and Species of Economic and Recreational Importance (SERI), represent potential species distribution models for the State of Arizona which are subject to ongoing change, modification and refinement. The status of a wildlife resource can change quickly, and the availability of new data will necessitate a refined assessment.

Locations Accuracy Disclaimer:

Project locations are assumed to be both precise and accurate for the purposes of environmental review. The creator/owner of the Project Review Report is solely responsible for the project location and thus the correctness of the Project Review Report content.

Recommendations Disclaimer:

- The Department is interested in the conservation of all fish and wildlife resources, including those species listed in this report and those that may have not been documented within the project vicinity as well as other game and nongame wildlife.
- 2. Recommendations have been made by the Department, under authority of Arizona Revised Statutes Title 5 (Amusements and Sports), 17 (Game and Fish), and 28 (Transportation).
- 3. Potential impacts to fish and wildlife resources may be minimized or avoided by the recommendations generated from information submitted for your proposed project. These recommendations are preliminary in scope, designed to provide early considerations on all species of wildlife.
- 4. Making this information directly available does not substitute for the Department's review of project proposals, and should not decrease our opportunity to review and evaluate additional project information and/or new project proposals.
- 5. Further coordination with the Department requires the submittal of this Environmental Review Report with a cover letter and project plans or documentation that includes project narrative, acreage to be impacted, how construction or project activity(s) are to be accomplished, and project locality information (including site map). Once AGFD had received the information, please allow 30 days for completion of project reviews. Send requests to:

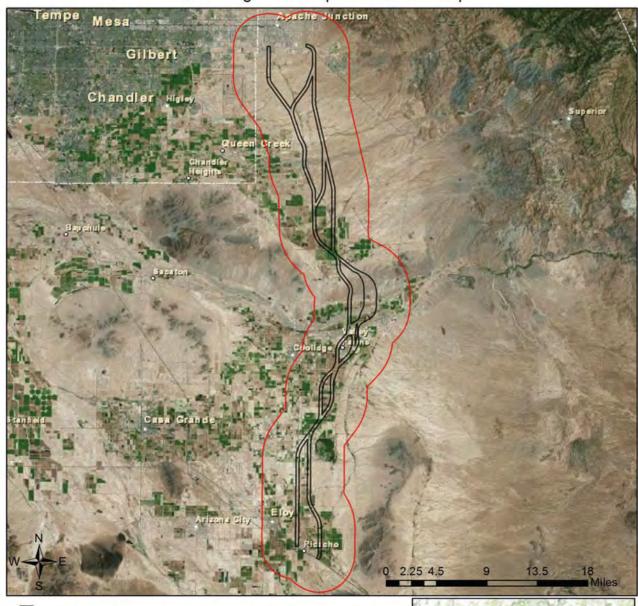
Project Evaluation Program, Habitat Branch Arizona Game and Fish Department 5000 West Carefree Highway Phoenix, Arizona 85086-5000 Phone Number: (623) 236-7600 Fax Number: (623) 236-7366

Or

PEP@azgfd.gov

6. Coordination may also be necessary under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and/or Endangered Species Act (ESA). Site specific recommendations may be proposed during further NEPA/ESA analysis or through coordination with affected agencies

North South Corridor Aerial Image Basemap With Locator Map





Buffered Project Boundary

Project Size (acres): 21,957.98

Lat/Long (DD): 32.9763 / -111.4380

County(s): Pinal

AGFD Region(s): Mesa; Tucson

Township/Range(s): T1N, R8E; T1S, R8E; T2S, R8E +

USGS Quad(s): APACHE JUNCTION; GOLDFIELD +

Service Layer Credits: Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong),

North South Corridor Web Map As Submitted By User



Project Boundary

Buffered Project Boundary

Project Size (acres): 21,957.98

Lat/Long (DD): 32.9763 / -111.4380

County(s): Pinal

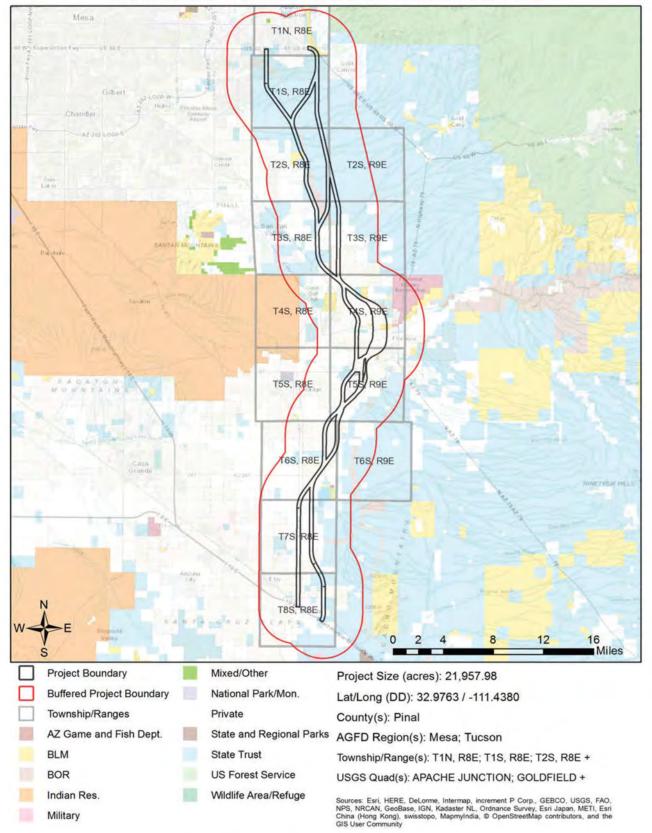
AGFD Region(s): Mesa; Tucson

Township/Range(s): T1N, R8E; T1S, R8E; T2S, R8E +

USGS Quad(s): APACHE JUNCTION; GOLDFIELD +

Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community

North South Corridor Topo Basemap With Township/Ranges and Land Ownership



Special Status Species and Special Areas Documented within 3 Miles of Project Vicinity

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Agosia chrysogaster chrysogaster	Gila Longfin Dace	SC		S		1B
Antilocapra americana sonoriensis	10J area for Sonoran Pronghorn	LE,XN				
Athene cunicularia hypugaea	Western Burrowing Owl	SC	S	S		1B
Canis lupus baileyi	10J area Zone 2 for Mexican gray wolf	LE,XN				
Catostomus clarkii	Desert Sucker	SC	S	S		1B
Catostomus insignis	Sonora Sucker	SC	S	S		1B
Chionactis occipitalis klauberi	Tucson Shovel-nosed Snake	SC				1A
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed Cuckoo (Western DPS)	LT	S			1A
Gila River Indian Reservation	Gila River Indian Reservation					
Gopherus morafkai	Sonoran Desert Tortoise	CCA	S			1A
Ironwood - Picacho Linkage Design	Wildlife Corridor					
Leopardus pardalis	Ocelot Area of Capture Concern					
PCH for Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed Cuckoo Proposed Critical Habitat					
Panthera onca	Jaguar Area of Capture Concern					
Rallus longirostris yumanensis	Yuma Clapper Rail	LE				1A

Note: Status code definitions can be found at http://www.azgfd.gov/w_c/edits/hdms_status_definitions.shtml.

Species of Greatest Conservation Need Predicted within Project Vicinity based on Predicted Range Models

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Agosia chrysogaster	Longfin Dace	SC		S		1B
Aix sponsa	Wood Duck					1B
Ammodramus savannarum perpallidus	Western Grasshopper Sparrow					1B
Ammospermophilus harrisii	Harris' Antelope Squirrel					1B
Anthus spragueii	Sprague's Pipit	C*				1A
Aquila chrysaetos	Golden Eagle	BGA		S		1B
Athene cunicularia hypugaea	Western Burrowing Owl	SC	S	S		1B
Botaurus lentiginosus	American Bittern					1B
Buteo regalis	Ferruginous Hawk	SC		S		1B
Catostomus clarkii	Desert Sucker	SC	S	S		1B
Catostomus insignis	Sonora Sucker	SC	S	S		1B
Chilomeniscus stramineus	Variable Sandsnake					1B
Chionactis occipitalis klauberi	Tucson Shovel-nosed Snake	SC				1A
Coccyzus americanus	Yellow-billed Cuckoo (Western DPS)	LT	S			1A
Colaptes chrysoides	Gilded Flicker			S		1B
Coluber bilineatus	Sonoran Whipsnake					1B
Corynorhinus townsendii pallescens	Pale Townsend's Big-eared Bat	SC	S	S		1B

Species of Greatest Conservation Need Predicted within Project Vicinity based on Predicted Range Models

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Crotalus tigris	Tiger Rattlesnake					1B
Cynanthus latirostris	Broad-billed Hummingbird		S			1B
Cyprinodon macularius	Desert Pupfish	LE				1A
Dipodomys spectabilis	Banner-tailed Kangaroo Rat			S		1B
Euderma maculatum	Spotted Bat	SC	S	S		1B
Eumops perotis californicus	Greater Western Bonneted Bat	SC		S		1B
Falco peregrinus anatum	American Peregrine Falcon	SC	S	S		1A
Gopherus morafkai	Sonoran Desert Tortoise	CCA	S			1A
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	SC, BGA	S	S		1A
Heloderma suspectum	Gila Monster					1A
Incilius alvarius	Sonoran Desert Toad					1B
Kinosternon sonoriense sonoriense	Desert Mud Turtle			S		1B
Lasiurus blossevillii	Western Red Bat		S			1B
Lasiurus xanthinus	Western Yellow Bat		S			1B
Leopardus pardalis	Ocelot	LE				1A
Leptonycteris curasoae yerbabuenae	Lesser Long-nosed Bat	LE				1A
Lepus alleni	Antelope Jackrabbit					1B
Macrotus californicus	California Leaf-nosed Bat	SC		S		1B
Melanerpes uropygialis	Gila Woodpecker					1B
Melospiza lincolnii	Lincoln's Sparrow					1B
Melozone aberti	Abert's Towhee		S			1B
Micruroides euryxanthus	Sonoran Coralsnake					1B
Myotis occultus	Arizona Myotis	SC		S		1B
Myotis velifer	Cave Myotis	SC		S		1B
Myotis yumanensis	Yuma Myotis	SC				1B
Nyctinomops femorosaccus	Pocketed Free-tailed Bat					1B
Odocoileus virginianus	White-tailed Deer					1B
Ovis canadensis nelsoni	Desert Bighorn Sheep					1B
Panthera onca	Jaguar	LE				1A
Passerculus sandwichensis	Savannah Sparrow					1B
Perognathus amplus	Arizona Pocket Mouse					1B
Perognathus longimembris	Little Pocket Mouse					1B
Phrynosoma goodei	Goode's Horned Lizard					1B
Phrynosoma solare	Regal Horned Lizard					1B
Phyllorhynchus browni	Saddled Leaf-nosed Snake					1B
Progne subis hesperia	Desert Purple Martin			S		1B
Rallus longirostris yumanensis	Yuma Clapper Rail	LE				1A

Species of Greatest Conservation Need Predicted within Project Vicinity based on Predicted Range Models

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Setophaga petechia	Yellow Warbler					1B
Tadarida brasiliensis	Brazilian Free-tailed Bat					1B
Toxostoma lecontei	Le Conte's Thrasher					1B
Troglodytes pacificus	Pacific Wren					1B
Vireo bellii arizonae	Arizona Bell's Vireo					1B
Vulpes macrotis	Kit Fox					1B
Xantusia bezyi	Bezy's Night Lizard		S			1B

Species of Economic and Recreation Importance Predicted within Project Vicinity

Scientific Name	Common Name	FWS	USFS	BLM	NPL	SGCN
Callipepla gambelii	Gambel's Quail					
Odocoileus hemionus	Mule Deer					
Ovis canadensis mexicana	Mexican Desert Bighorn Sheep					1B
Pecari tajacu	Javelina					
Puma concolor	Mountain Lion					
Zenaida asiatica	White-winged Dove					

Project Type: Transportation & Infrastructure, Road construction (including staging areas), Realignment/new roads

Project Type Recommendations:

Bridge Maintenance/ConstructionIdentify whether wildlife species use the structure for roosting or nesting during anticipated maintenance/construction period. Plan the timing of maintenance/construction to minimize impacts to wildlife species. In addition to the species list generated by the Arizona's On-line Environmental Review Tool, the Department recommends that surveys be conducted at the bridge and in the vicinity of the bridge to identify additional or currently undocumented bat, bird, or aquatic species in the project area. To minimize impacts to birds and bats, as well as aquatic species, consider conducting maintenance and construction activities outside the breeding/maternity season (breeding seasons for birds and bats usually occur spring - summer). Examining the crevices for the presence of bats prior to pouring new paving materials or that the top of those crevices be sealed to prevent material from dripping or falling through the cracks and potentially onto bats. If bats are present, maintenance and construction (including paving and milling) activities should be conducted during nighttime hours, if possible, when the fewest number of bats will be roosting. Minimize impacts to the vegetation community. Unavoidable impacts to vegetation should be mitigated on-site whenever possible. A revegetation plan should be developed to replace impacted communities. Consider design structures and construction plans that minimize impacts to channel geometry (i.e., width/depth ratio, sinuosity, allow overflow channels), to avoid alteration of hydrological function. Consider incorporating roosting sites for bats into bridge designs. During construction, erosion control structures and drainage features should be used to prevent introduction of sediment laden runoff into the waterway. Minimize instream construction activity. If culverts are planned, use wildlife friendly designs to mitigate impacts to wildlife and fish movement. Guidelines for bridge designs to facilitate wildlife passage can be found on the home page of this application at http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/guidelines.aspx.

Fence recommendations will be dependant upon the goals of the fence project and the wildlife species expected to be impacted by the project. General guidelines for ensuring wildlife-friendly fences include: barbless wire on the top and bottom with the maximum fence height 42", minimum height for bottom 16". Modifications to this design may be considered for fencing anticipated to be routinely encountered by elk, bighorn sheep or pronghorn (e.g., Pronghorn fencing would require 18" minimum height on the bottom). Please refer to the Department's Fencing Guidelines located on the home page of this application at http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/guidelines.aspx.

During the planning stages of your project, please consider the local or regional needs of wildlife in regards to movement, connectivity, and access to habitat needs. Loss of this permeability prevents wildlife from accessing resources, finding mates, reduces gene flow, prevents wildlife from re-colonizing areas where local extirpations may have occurred, and ultimately prevents wildlife from contributing to ecosystem functions, such as pollination, seed dispersal, control of prey numbers, and resistance to invasive species. In many cases, streams and washes provide natural movement corridors for wildlife and should be maintained in their natural state. Uplands also support a large diversity of species, and should be contained within important wildlife movement corridors. In addition, maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem functions can be facilitated through improving designs of structures, fences, roadways, and culverts to promote passage for a variety of wildlife.

Consider impacts of outdoor lighting on wildlife and develop measures or alternatives that can be taken to increase human safety while minimizing potential impacts to wildlife. Conduct wildlife surveys to determine species within project area, and evaluate proposed activities based on species biology and natural history to determine if artificial lighting may disrupt behavior patterns or habitat use. Use only the minimum amount of light needed for safety. Narrow spectrum bulbs should be used as often as possible to lower the range of species affected by lighting. All lighting should be shielded, cantered, or cut to ensure that light reaches only areas needing illumination.

Minimize potential introduction or spread of exotic invasive species. Invasive species can be plants, animals (exotic snails), and other organisms (e.g., microbes), which may cause alteration to ecological functions or compete with or prey upon native species and can cause social impacts (e.g., livestock forage reduction, increase wildfire risk). The terms noxious weed or invasive plants are often used interchangeably. Precautions should be taken to wash all equipment utilized in the project activities before leaving the site. Arizona has noxious weed regulations (Arizona Revised Statutes, Rules R3-4-244 and R3-4-245). See Arizona Department of Agriculture website for restricted plants, https://agriculture.az.gov/. Additionally, the U.S. Department of Agriculture has information regarding pest and invasive plant control methods including: pesticide, herbicide, biological control agents, and mechanical control, http://www.usda.gov/wps/portal/usdahome. The Department regulates the importation, purchasing, and transportation of wildlife and fish (Restricted Live Wildlife), please refer to the hunting regulations for further information http://www.azgfd.gov/h.f/hunting-rules.shtml

Minimization and mitigation of impacts to wildlife and fish species due to changes in water quality, quantity, chemistry, temperature, and alteration to flow regimes (timing, magnitude, duration, and frequency of floods) should be evaluated. Minimize impacts to springs, in-stream flow, and consider irrigation improvements to decrease water use. If dredging is a project component, consider timing of the project in order to minimize impacts to spawning fish and other aquatic species (include spawning seasons), and to reduce spread of exotic invasive species. We recommend early direct coordination with Project Evaluation Program for projects that could impact water resources, wetlands, streams, springs, and/or riparian habitats.

The Department recommends that wildlife surveys are conducted to determine if noise-sensitive species occur within the project area. Avoidance or minimization measures could include conducting project activities outside of breeding seasons.

Based on the project type entered, coordination with State Historic Preservation Office may be required (http://azstateparks.com/SHPO/index.html).

Trenches should be covered or back-filled as soon as possible. Incorporate escape ramps in ditches or fencing along the perimeter to deter small mammals and herptefauna (snakes, lizards, tortoise) from entering ditches.

project_report_north_south_corridor_16658_16948.pdf Review Date: 11/9/2015 03:58:20 PM

Design culverts to minimize impacts to channel geometry, or design channel geometry (low flow, overbank, floodplains) and substrates to carry expected discharge using local drainages of appropriate size as templates. Reduce/minimize barriers to allow movement of amphibians or fish (e.g., eliminate falls). Also for terrestrial wildlife, washes and stream corridors often provide important corridors for movement. Overall culvert width, height, and length should be optimized for movement of the greatest number and diversity of species expected to utilize the passage. Culvert designs should consider moisture, light, and noise, while providing clear views at both ends to maximize utilization. For many species, fencing is an important design feature that can be utilized with culverts to funnel wildlife into these areas and minimize the potential for roadway collisions. Guidelines for culvert designs to facilitate wildlife passage can be found on the home page of this application at http://www.azgfd.gov/hgis/guidelines.aspx.

Based on the project type entered, coordination with Arizona Department of Environmental Quality may be required (http://www.azdeq.gov/).

Based on the project type entered, coordination with U.S. Army Corps of Engineers may be required (http://www.usace.army.mil/)

Based on the project type entered, coordination with County Flood Control district(s) may be required.

Vegetation restoration projects (including treatments of invasive or exotic species) should have a completed site-evaluation plan (identifying environmental conditions necessary to re-establish native vegetation), a revegetation plan (species, density, method of establishment), a short and long-term monitoring plan, including adaptive management guidelines to address needs for replacement vegetation.

The Department requests further coordination to provide project/species specific recommendations, please contact Project Evaluation Program directly. PEP@azgfd.gov

Project Location and/or Species Recommendations:

HDMS records indicate that one or more listed, proposed, or candidate species or Critical Habitat (Designated or Proposed) have been documented in the vicinity of your project. The Endangered Species Act (ESA) gives the US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) regulatory authority over all federally listed species. Please contact USFWS Ecological Services Offices at http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/arizona/ or:

Phoenix Main Office

2321 W. Royal Palm Rd, Suite 103 Phoenix, AZ 85021

Phone: 602-242-0210 Fax: 602-242-2513

Tucson Sub-Office

Fax: 520-670-6155

201 N. Bonita Suite 141 Tucson, AZ 85745 Phone: 520-670-6144 Flagstaff Sub-Office

SW Forest Science Complex 2500 S. Pine Knoll Dr. Flagstaff, AZ 86001

Phone: 928-556-2157 Fax: 928-556-2121

HDMS records indicate that Western Burrowing Owls have been documented within the vicinity of your project area. Please review the western burrowing owl resource page at: http://www.azqfd.gov/w_c/BurrowingOwlResources.shtml.

HDMS records indicate that Sonoran Desert Tortoise have been documented within the vicinity of your project area. Please review the Tortoise Handling Guidelines found at: http://www.azqfd.gov/hqis/pdfs/Tortoisehandlingguidelines.pdf

Your project site is within one or more defined Areas of Capture Concern. Please follow Department protocols while working within an Area of Capture Concern at U:\Agency Directives\JaguarOcelot Directives 17AUG10.pdf.

Analysis indicates that your project is located in the vicinity of an identified wildlife habitat linkage corridor. Project planning and implementation efforts should focus on maintaining adequate opportunities for wildlife permeability. For information pertaining to the linkage assessment and wildlife species that may be affected, please refer to: http://www.corridordesign.org/arizona. Please contact your local Arizona Game and Fish Department Regional Office for specific project recommendations: http://www.azgfd.gov/inside_azgfd/agency_directory.shtml.

Tribal Lands are within the vicinity of your project area and may require further coordination. Please contact: Gila River Indian Community
PO Box 97
Sacaton, AZ 85247
(520) 562-6000
(520) 562-6010 (fax)



North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

	ting Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the tal Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-Sout	cy name], larticipating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the h Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be agency and continue to receive information on the project.
Date: 0ct. 31, 6	1016
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	Paula M Pflepsen
Address:	23751 N 231d Ave STE 190 Paverkix, AZ 85085
Email Address:	ppflepsen @ utstateparks, gov
Phone Number:	602 542 7160
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Admin 4000 N. Central Ave., S Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 382-8973 aryan.lirange@dot.gov	uite 1500 205 S.17th Ave MD605E

SHPO-2010-1454 (133662

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form





	THIS ENVENTION OFFICE
wishes to be a Participa	ting Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the al Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-South	articipating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be agency and continue to receive information on the project.
Date: 7 NOV	16
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	Anzona State Historic Preservation Office David Jacobs
Address:	1100 West Washington Street Phoenix, AZ
Email Address:	djacobs @ azstateparks.gov 85007
Phone Number:	602-542-7140
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager

Aryan Lirange
Senior Urban Engineer
Federal Highway Administration
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500
Phoenix, Arizona 85012
(602) 382-8973
aryan.lirange@dot.gov

Project Manager
Arizona Department of Transportation
205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 712-8715
VYang@azdot.gov

THE STATE OF ARIZONA



GAME AND FISH DEPARTMENT

5000 W. CAREFREE HIGHWAY PHOENIX, AZ 85086-5000 (602) 942-3000 • www.azgfd.gov GOVERNOR DOUGLAS A. DUCEY

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DIRECTOR LARRY D. VOYLES

DEPUTY DIRECTOR TY E. GRAY

KURT R. DAVIS, PHOENIX



November 7, 2016

Aryan Lirange FHWA Environmental Coordinator Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, AZ 85012

Re: Request for Cooperating Agency Status - North South Corridor Project

Dear Mr. Lirange:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) reviewed the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) letter, dated October 28, 2016, inviting the Department to be a Participating Agency in the Tier I Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process for the North South Corridor Study. The Tier 1 EIS will build upon the prior North South Corridor Study information collected during the Alternative Selection Report (ASR), Design Concept Report (DCR), and project-level Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) initiated in 2010.

The Department, having jurisdictional authority and state trust responsibility under Title 17 of the Arizona Revised Statutes for the management of Arizona's wildlife resources, respectfully requests Cooperating Agency status during the North South Corridor Study Tier I and subsequent NEPA processes. As a Cooperating Agency, the Department will provide expertise in identifying potentially affected resources, evaluating impacts, and developing alternatives and mitigation strategies for the Project. Specifically, due to the Department's expertise and best available data and information on Arizona's wildlife and wildlife related issues such as habitat connectivity, the Department is in a unique position to coordinate with the FHWA and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) regarding potential effects, as well as avoidance and minimization opportunities, for wildlife and habitat connectivity. In accordance with Title 40 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) 1501.6 and 23 CFR 771.111(d), this unique expertise, coupled with the Department's regulatory authority over Arizona's wildlife and wildlife resources, meets the criteria for Cooperating Agency status.

The Department has concerns that the natural resource values within the study corridor are being under-represented by the study team. Department staff attended the Agency Stakeholder meeting for the North South Corridor Study on November 1, 2016. At this meeting, the study team stated that "natural resource values within the corridor were low, along both the western and eastern alternatives". Previously, during the project level EIS preparation, the Department

provided extensive information about the natural resources in the vicinity; this information identified portions of the eastern routes, especially the northern portion east of the CAP canal, to be of higher value to wildlife and wildlife related recreation. The Department offers its support and assistance to ensure the best available natural resource data and analyses identified above are appropriately incorporated into the impact analysis as required by the NEPA, thus improving efficiency, defensibility, and conservation effectiveness.

The Department has requested, and is in the process of scheduling, a meeting with the study team to have further discussion regarding wildlife resources and wildlife related recreation within the study area. The Department has confidence that, while working collaboratively, our agencies will be able to clearly describe the natural resources concerns within the study area, assist in the development of the evaluation criteria and identify reasonable and prudent measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigation these concerns.

The Department looks forward to your response, and our continued collaboration on this project. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact the Department's transportation coordinator, Cheri Bouchér, at (623) 236-7615 or cboucher@azgfd.gov.

Sincerely,

Joyce Francis, PhD

Habitat, Evaluation, and Lands Branch Chief

Arizona Game and Fish Department

cc:

Victor Yang, ADOT Project Manager Joanie Cady, ADOT NEPA Planner

AGFD# M16-11035546

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

wishes to be a Participatin	g Agency unde	r Section 4	State Land Department O CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the th-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental		
Or;					
CEQ for the North-South (ticipating Agenc Corridor Study T	ier 1 EIS.	ection 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Unless requested otherwise your agency will be ive information on the project.		
Date: Nov. 28,	2016				
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	mic	helle	ate hand Department Green		
Address:	1616	W.f	Idams st. Phx 85007		
Email Address:	mgree	n@az	eland.gov		
Phone Number:	602-3	64-2	502		
Please return to:					
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer	dual'a a	or	Victor Yang Project Manager		
Federal Highway Adminis 4000 N. Central Ave., Su Phoenix, Arizona 85012			Arizona Department of Transportation 205 S.17th Ave MD605E Phoenix AZ 85007		
(602) 382-8973 aryan.lirange@dot.gov			(602) 712-8715 VYang@azdot.gov		

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

wishes to be a Participat	ing Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the al Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-South	articipating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be gency and continue to receive information on the project.
Date: 18/07/11	Φ
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	AZ Department of Public Safety Capt. Paul Etnice & Capt. Colen Swavely
Address:	3102 W. Enranto Blud, MD1340, Phy 85009
Email Address:	bequire@asgle=don or demandagosgle=don
Phone Number:	42566.6001
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer	or Victor Yang Project Manager

Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 382-8973 aryan.lirange@dot.gov Victor Yang
Project Manager
Arizona Department of Transportation
205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 712-8715
VYang@azdot.gov

THE STATE OF ARIZONA

GAME AND FISH DEPARTMENT

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DIRECTOR LARRY D. VOYLES

DEPUTY DIRECTOR

TY E. GRAY



December 12, 2016

Ms. Joanie Cady Arizona Department of Transportation Environmental Planning Group 1611 W. Jackson St., MD EM02 Phoenix, AZ 85007

Re: Comment Response for the North-South Corridor Study

Dear Ms. Cady:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) reviewed the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) letter, dated October 28, 2016, inviting the Department to be a Participating Agency in the Tier I Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) process for the North South Corridor Study. The Tier 1 EIS will build upon the prior North South Corridor Study information collected during the Alternative Selection Report (ASR), Design Concept Report (DCR), and project-level Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) initiated in 2010.

The Department has concerns that the natural resource values within the study corridor are being under-represented by the study team. Department staff attended the Agency Stakeholder meeting for the North South Corridor Study on November 1, 2016. At this meeting, the study team stated that "natural resource values within the corridor were low, along both the western and eastern alternatives". Previously, during the project level EIS preparation, the Department provided extensive information about the natural resources in the vicinity; this information identified portions of the eastern routes, especially the northern portion east of the CAP canal, to be of higher value to wildlife and wildlife related recreation. The Department offers its support and assistance to ensure the best available natural resource data and analyses identified above are appropriately incorporated into the impact analysis as required by the NEPA, thus improving efficiency, defensibility, and conservation effectiveness.

The Department scheduled a meeting with the study team tomorrow, December 12, 2016, to have further discussion regarding wildlife resources and wildlife related recreation within the study area. While we understand that the scope of the North South Corridor has changed to a Tier I level review instead of a project-level review, we wanted to provide this information for the project record, as it may be used for both the upcoming Tier I and subsequent Tier II analyses. The Department has confidence that, while working collaboratively, our agencies will be able to clearly describe the natural resources concerns within the study area, assist in the development of the evaluation criteria and identify reasonable and prudent measures to avoid, minimize, or mitigation these concerns.

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 2

The Department looks forward to our continued collaboration on this project. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (623) 236-7615 or cboucher@azgfd.gov.

Sincerely,

Cheri A. Bouchér

Project Evaluation Program Specialist

cc: Joshua Fife, ADOT

Kurt Watzek, HDR Victor Yang, ADOT

attachment

M16-12125515

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 3 of 14

ATTACHN	ATTACHMENT 1: AGFD RESPONSE TO COMMENTS MATRIX FOR THE NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR STUDY							
Comment	0 '	AGFD Comment Letter (February 3,	Pg #/	ADOT Response Letter (June 3, 2016)	AGFD Response			
#	¶#	2016)	¶#					
	1/3	The Department recognizes that use of Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and geospatial data can be powerful tools for wildlife conservation and planning. In addition to web-based tools such as HabiMap Arizona (www.habimap.org) and the Online Environmental Review Tool (www.habimap.org) and the Online Environmental Review Tool (www.azgfd.gov/hgis), site-specific project evaluation and analysis may require additional data. The Department has been developing a repeatable and standardized approach that facilitates the incorporation of relevant geospatial datasets in order to identify potential impacts of projects on wildlife and habitat resources and wildlife-related recreation. Our goal is to provide a general assessment of the potential effects of the various alternatives identified by the ADOT. We will enhance this initial assessment as additional data and information become available throughout the project planning timeline.	1/3	In most cases, special status species and important biological events or circumstances will be known for an area, or readily obtained, prior to initiating the NEPA document, especially near an urban environment. Unless the NEPA document is being prepared specifically as a result of potential significant impacts to a known biological resource, reasonable level of resource investigation is applied under NEPA to understand the impacts on those biological resources and at a level where there is confidence that significant impacts are reasonably believed to not occur. In the case of the North South Corridor Study, there are no important biological resource concerns at this point, on which to focus concerted NEPA investigations based on the study area's past and current land use impacts, condition of the existing habitat, and lack of species documentation from people that work in or have experience with the study area.	A "lack of species documentation" is not a valid indicator of species absence, particularly in circumstances where habitat is appropriate and occurrence is documented in adjacent patches. Active surveys are required to determine presence or a reliable estimate of absence for cryptic and/or reclusive species. Under NEPA, it is the responsibility of ADOT to conduct adequate biological surveys prior to project impact analysis in order to ensure all species and habitats are sufficiently analyzed. As discussed on page 4 (3 rd paragraph) and page 7 (1 st paragraph) of the Department's February 2016 letter, suitable Sonoran desert scrub habitat for desert tortoise, Tucson shovel-nosed snake, and kit fox occur in the segments east of the CAP canal. Additionally, the Department cited studies conducted in the Sonoran desert habitat east of the CAP (and east of Segments I, J, K1, and O3) where these species have been recorded. Furthermore, to state that "there are no important biological resource concerns at this point, on which to focus concerted NEPA investigations" is directly contrary to the species and wildlife movement concerns clearly identified by the Department.			

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 4 of 14

Comment #	Pg #/ ¶#	AGFD Comment Letter (February 3, 2016)	Pg #/ ¶#	ADOT Response Letter (June 3, 2016)	AGFD Response
					As discussed in the Data Needs section of our previous letter, the Department requests that, in addition to the general floral and faunal biological surveys within the corridor, surveys for Sonoran desert tortoise, Tucson shovel-nosed snake, and kit fox should be conducted to identify current distribution and movement patterns. Additionally, movement studies for larger mammals should be conducted to inform project design, which must address permeability of the roadway for wildlife movement.
2	4/2	In general, the western-most segments would result in fewer impacts to wildlife, habitat, and wildlife resources, than the segments to the east. Table 1 summarizes the results of the Department's evaluation, including a segment by segment ranking, with discussion comments to provide context for the ranking. Each segment was given an overall ranking; a high rating indicates potential significant impacts to resources; a moderate rating indicates moderate to significant impacts to resources, with the potential to minimize or mitigate impacts; and a low rating indicates limited impacts to resources if appropriate mitigation measures are implemented.	2/2	In the case of the study area, the agricultural lands may have more value for wildlife than the native habitat because of the degraded condition of the native habitat. It is the project team's belief that this is the case for much of the study area. While it seems obvious that any "new" transportation facility would cause the highest amount of disturbance and habitat fragmentation, we need to be careful that this is not automatically translated into the analysis as an actual "high" impact as this too should not be based solely on its own merits since there are many other elements fragmenting the entire study area (i.e., canals, flood structures, security fences, development, railroad, high voltage powerlines, roads, and trails).	While it is accurate that some of the native habitat has been disturbed by recreation activities, this level of disturbance does not negate the value of the habitat for wildlife that it presents; although this area may not support the highest quality Sonoran desert scrub and mesquite bosque vegetation in the state, it is certainly the highest quality habitat in the study area. This area in particular is extremely valuable for small game hunting due to the close proximity to the metropolitan area. The level of impact from a multi-modal transportation corridor is significantly different than that of the existing recreation pressure (i.e. OHVs); this irreversible impact (including all associated cumulative impacts) should not be discounted

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 5 of 14

Comment	Pg #/	AGFD Comment Letter (February 3,	Pg #/	ADOT Response Letter (June 3, 2016)	AGFD Response
#	¶#	2016)	¶#		
3	4/3	Segments A, E1, and E2, are situated west of the CAP canal, which is an existing constraint to east-west wildlife movement in the area. When compared to segments I, I2, and J, which are situated east of the CAP canal, the segments to the west would result in fewer impacts to terrestrial wildlife movement through the area, and less overall habitat fragmentation. The same is true for western segments E4, G, and L2, when compared to eastern segments K1, K3, and O3. Additionally, the eastern segments (K1, K3, and O3) contain a greater amount of native desert habitat for key species of concern such as kit fox (<i>Vulpes macrotis</i>), Tucson shovel-nosed snake (<i>Chionactis occipitalis klauberi</i>), and the Sonoran desert tortoise (<i>Gopherus morafkai</i>).	3/1	The project team believes that using a "high" impact rating that relates to "potential significant" impacts to resources is misleading for the North South Corridor Study Area due to habitat that is not intact and has been greatly degraded from historic land use practices. We also believe that the moderate rating that has been assigned that indicates "moderate to significant" impacts is not appropriate for this area. As indicated above, we generally agree that the alternatives west of the Central Arizona Project (CAP) would result in fewer impacts than the alternatives on the east. However, due to the condition and use of the habitat in most of the undeveloped areas, it is believed that the presence of populations of kit fox and possibly Tucson shovel-nosed snake are unlikely. Moreover, we believe suitable habitat for the Sonoran desert tortoise does not occur north of East Arizona Farms Road in the study area.	relation to other segments within the study, however, we do agree that our definitions of High, Moderate, and Low does not clearly reflect the intrinsic value of the resource. The Department's evaluation tool and ranking system is under development; we appreciate this constructive feedback and will work to correct any unintended mischaracterization. A study carried out by the Department captured approximately 50 individual kit foxes in the area east of the CAP. Captured male kit foxes were fitted with GPS radio collars for this study and data shows that kit foxes reside in the area east of the CAP, including within, or immediately adjacent to, Segments I, J, K1, and O3 (Jones 2016). Additionally, field activities carried out in the course of the research showed that there were numerous breeding pairs, suggesting a self-sustaining population in the area to the east of the CAP. Finally, Department biologist Andrew Jones incidentally found a Tucson shovelnosed snake while conducting field work for the kit fox research project. The condition of the habitat in the undeveloped area is good and typical of the Sonoran desert. Tucson shovel-nosed snake are expected to occur in undisturbed creosote flats which would be impacted by I, I2, J,

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 6 of 14

Comment	Pg #/	AGFD Comment Letter (February 3,	Pg #/	ADOT Response Letter (June 3, 2016)	AGFD Response
#	¶#	2016)	¶#		
					K1, K3, and O3. Protocol surveys for Sonoran desert tortoises have not been conducted within I, I2, J, K1, K3, and O3, but the desert washes that bisect the alignments provide suitable habitat for this species. East of O3, along SR 79 where protocol surveys have been conducted, numerous Sonoran desert tortoise have been recorded.
4	5/3	the agricultural lands may be ranked as moderate or low, but the value of agricultural lands should not be discounted as there are many species utilizing these areas. Agricultural croplands often provide habitat for migratory birds and species that may occur year-round, such as the western burrowing owl (Athene cunicularia hypugaea) and other foraging raptors.	3/2	It is true that all of the study area provides valuable habitat for some species but there is little habitat in the study area where vegetation species diversity could be considered high and would provide valuable habitat in the broader sense for a wider range of wildlife species. It appears likely that the class of wildlife benefitting most and afforded the greatest resources by the habitat in the study area is birds and the habitat likely providing the greatest resources are the irrigated agricultural lands.	While agricultural lands occur within much of the corridor, the undeveloped Sonoran desert scrub cannot be discounted. Drainage features and additional water sources occur within the Sonoran desert scrub habitat in the area, including mesquite bosque vegetation occurring adjacent to the CAP. Additionally, the Sonoran desert scrub is valuable for wildlife movement and small game hunting. In addition to birds (quail, mourning dove), javelina, mule deer, kit fox, antelope jack rabbits, and Gila Monster are known to inhabit the area. It should also be noted that the Picacho Reservoir currently has water in it and the Department has been getting calls from waterfowl hunters about access issues to the reservoir. This reservoir cannot be discounted as valuable habitat within the Tier I EIS.

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 7 of 14

5	6/3	Maricopa County Flood Control	3/5	The CAP creates an almost complete	The CAP is indeed a substantial barrier to
		District's flood-control structures are		barrier to terrestrial wildlife movement	wildlife movement. It has fragmented
		also found in the vicinity of the North-		because of security fences According	habitats leaving patches with reduced
		South Corridor. The mesquite bosque		to CAP personnel, the only mammals that	connectivity to surrounding habitat. It is
		vegetation associated with these		appears to cross the CAP regularly are	likely that it has effectively isolated some
		floodcontrol structures provides high		coyotes that get through the security fence	terrestrial species populations.
		quality habitat and year round water		and swim across the canal. Significant	
		sources for wildlife. These structures are		cumulative impacts from loss of habitat,	However, there are 19 locations along the
		adjacent to the CAP, which also presents		fragmentation, new barriers to movement,	CAP between I-10 and U.S. Hwy 60 that
		a barrier to wildlife movement. The		and loss of movement corridors, are	various species of wildlife are likely to
		proposed regional CAP trail would also		addressed based on context and intensity	utilize. There are also 25 culverts and 8
		traverse the flood control structures,		and are not likely to occur based on	road bridges that may provide limited
		further fragmenting habitat along the		current biological and land use conditions.	passage opportunities for select species.
		CAP. The North-South Corridor			
		encompasses the CAP and flood control			While these crossings are far from ideal,
		structures, and transverses the CAP in			they do provide some potential for highly
		some locations. Cumulatively, the loss of			mobile species to utilize habitat on both
		habitat, fragmentation, new barriers to			sides of the CAP. They may also facilitate
		movement, and loss of movement			gene flow in populations of high and low
		corridors, open space and recreation in			mobility species.
		this area could have significant impacts			
		to wildlife resources.			Anecdotal documentation of coyotes
					crossing the canal is not adequate
					justification for an assumption that other
					mammalian species do not cross.
					Movement and/or genetics studies on target
					species would need to be conducted in
					order to arrive at a useable metric of
					permeability. At a minimum comprehensive
					surveillance of the available crossing
					locations would be needed to suggest that
					most species do not cross the CAP.
					W/4. 41 11/4
					With the addition of another movement
					barrier, the species that were functionally
					isolated by the CAP will have their

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 8 of 14

						remaining habitat further fragmented. As fragmented patches of habitat become smaller, species will be lost to extirpation as they are unable to persist within the confines of the reduced area. Where small populations of species are able to persist, the added barrier of a highway will substantially reduce (possibly eliminate) gene flow with neighboring populations. The implications of the resulting inbreeding effects can be devastating to the long-term viability of these isolated populations. Consideration of existing barriers in alignment selection of the new highway and inclusion of appropriate passage features can minimize its overall barrier effect. Given current biological conditions, significant cumulative effects from the reduction in habitat patch sizes and the reduction in gene flow are almost certain to occur for a variety of species. However, if the project were to include select improvements (crossings) to the existing barriers (CAP) and incorporate appropriate paired crossings on the new highway, the local connectivity could be improved which would substantially reduce the overall barrier effect of the new highway.
	6	6/6	It is especially imperative that ADOT	3/6	Cumulative impacts will be addressed in	Numerous Sonoran desert tortoise, Tucson
			consider cumulative impacts to wildlife movement. If additional		the NEPA document; however, undertaking extensive research projects	shovel-nosed snake, other reptiles and amphibians, and kit fox have been recorded
			information/data/studies are needed from		for common species is not the intent of	along the SR79 and Florence area where
						Č
			the Department for ADOT to perform		NEPA unless existing evidence indicates	surveys (live and roadkill) have been
L			this analysis, we request further		it may be warranted. For example, if deer	conducted (AGFD 2016; iNaturalist 2016a

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		coordination with ADOT to coordinate on the analysis.		or other wildlife collisions occur regularly in certain areas along SR 79, or regular sightings of uncommon species by ranchers, CAP personnel, or recreational users are reported, this could be evidence that more investigation is needed.	and 2016b; Jones 2016; Hoffman and Leavitt 2015; Grimsley et. al. 2015). It is likely that many of these species occur within, or adjacent to, the proposed segments east of the CAP. A "lack of species documentation" is not a valid indicator of species absence, particularly in circumstances where habitat is appropriate and occurrence is documented in adjacent patches. Active surveys are required to determine presence or a reliable estimate of absence for cryptic and/or reclusive species. Under NEPA, it is the responsibility of ADOT to conduct adequate biological surveys prior to project impact analysis in order to ensure all species and habitats are sufficiently analyzed. The Arizona Game & Fish Department manages wildlife resources in accordance with our State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP), which is mandated nationwide by Congress to be proactive and help conserve wildlife and natural areas (i.e. keeping
7	7/ 1	Tucson shovel-nosed snake, kit fox, and	4/ 1	Regarding data needs, habitat conditions	common species common) before they become rare and more costly to protect. A study carried out by the Department
,	// 1	Sonoran Desert tortoise have been recorded within the native desert lands east of the North-South Corridor (Attachment 4; Grandmaison et al 2010; Jones 2016; Grimsley et al. 2015; Hoffman and Leavitt 2015). In order to fully evaluate project effects to the local populations of these species, as well as movement issues and needs, more	7/ 1	suitable for the kit fox and desert tortoise are not likely found in the study area north of East Judd Road due to impacts on habitat from grazing and recreational vehicles. Tucson shovel-nosed snakes may also be problematic in this area due to cattle and recreational vehicle use. The areas including Segments Q, V, and X have the greatest potential for any of these	captured approximately 50 kit fox individuals in the area North of East Judd Road from 2010-2012. Captured male kit foxes were fitted with GPS radio collars for this study and data shows that kit foxes reside in the areas between East Judd Road and Baseline Ave, including within, or immediately adjacent to, Segments I, J, K1, and O3 (Jones 2016).

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		information is needed about their current distribution and movement patterns across the proposed routes A greater understanding is needed of the current movement of larger mammals, such as mule deer, across Segments A, E1, E2, I, I2, J, K1, K3, O3, and especially through Q, V, and X, which connect the San Tan Mountains to the mountain ranges and open space east of the North-South Corridor.		species to occur as isolated populations/individuals resulting from the CAP, SR 79, Hunt Highway, agricultural land, and development isolating this habitat.	Additionally, field activities carried out in the course of the research showed that there were numerous breeding pairs, suggesting a self-sustaining population in the areas north of East Judd Road; this population did not appear to be negatively impacted by grazing. It is also important to note that previous studies (Cypher et al. 2000. Population Dynamics of San Joaquin kit foxes at the naval petroleum reserves in California. Journal of Wildlife Management Monograph) found no negative impacts of cattle grazing to kit foxes. Tucson shovel-nosed snake should be expected to occur in undisturbed creosote flats (those that have not been turned over
					for agriculture or heavily tilled) where there is no evidence of impacts from livestock or recreational vehicles.
					Sonoran Desert Tortoises and their habitat most likely occur in the desert washes north of East Judd Road no matter the grazing or recreational vehicle conditions.
8	7-8	See Wildlife Movement paragraph and associated bullets	4/2	Movement of any mammals, especially large mammals, across Segments A, El, E2, I, 12, J, Kl, K3, and 03 to access mountains on either side is highly unlikely due to the CAP canal and its security fencing. While it is possible that any mammals could cross the CAP at one location while crossing Segments Q and V along a bridge constructed for a private trail, this would require negotiating numerous other barriers and development	See Comment #5 response.

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9	7-8	See Wildlife Movement paragraph and	4/3	and would likely only be used opportunistically rather than as an intended connection for movement between areas. With the proximity of the Gila River to Segments Q and V, it is most likely the Gila River would be used for large mammal movement and is the only wildlife movement corridor that provides unobstructed access across the CAP near the study area. Unobstructed movement of mammals between the San Tan Mountains and the mountain ranges to the east is only provided by the Gila River. The Gila River would be bridged at any alternative crossing, providing the best scenario for wildlife movement and habitat connectivity. It is unlikely that target species surveys	See Comment #6 response.
9	7-0	associated bullets	4/ 3	for non-federally listed special status species or species that are not shown to be of great concern, would be considered unless evidence shows this is warranted. NEPA does not require exhaustive studies to determine impacts but after considering the context and intensity of potential impacts, additional investigations could be shown to be justified.	see Comment #0 response.
10	7-8	See Wildlife Movement paragraph and associated bullets	4/4	It is understood that transportation projects have an effect on wildlife movement and cumulative effects will be analyzed in the NEPA document. However, the study team believes that the project's effects on the natural movement of wildlife in this highly fragmented and degraded habitat would not have a singularly important role in affecting	See Comment #5 response.

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				wildlife or movement other than direct impacts by displacing habitat and road mortality for limited populations of resident wildlife that would have territories in the area. Opportunities to provide permeability for wildlife along the proposed roadway facility will be addressed as the project progresses and would consider many factors including biology, drainage, land use, and barriers. We agree the Gila River is the prime corridor for these purposes in the study area.	
11	7-8	See Wildlife Movement paragraph and associated bullets	4/5	Although there are potential features such as drainage crossovers and road bridges that wildlife could use to cross the CAP, there are currently no CAP-designated wildlife crossings in the project area. Any crossings that may occur across the CAP outside the project area and that would be conducive to wildlife use would be evaluated to address continuity for movement under the North South Corridor project. Efforts to engage owners of existing barriers to allow or provide crossing structures on their facilities is not anticipated as part of the efforts for this project.	See Comment #5 response.
12	8	Impacts to Habitat: The Department recommends that all impacts to habitat be mitigated in-kind (i.e. impacts to Sonoran Desert scrub habitat should be mitigated with Sonoran Desert habitat), through a combination of on-site impact avoidance and/or minimization when feasible, and off-site preservation,	5/2	Regarding habitat compensation, ADOT believes the habitat in the study area would fall primarily within Resource Category IV for a majority of the undeveloped land in the study area with the exception of the relatively intact private lands between East Heritage Road and West Hunt Highway, located just	It is the Commission Policy that the Department shall seek compensation at 100% level, when feasible for actual or potential habitat loss resulting from land and water projects. Among factors deemed important by the Commission are potential impacts to special category species and/or economically important wildlife species as

Ms. Joanie Cady December 12, 2016 Page 13 of 14

creation, or compensation.	north of the Gila River. The goal for	well as issues which reflect the value,
	Resource Category IV habitat is to	quantity and quality of habitats which may
	minimize loss of habitat value.	be impacted by proposed projects. While
		agricultural lands fall into the resource
		category IV, the Sonoran desert scrub falls
		into the resource category III. The
		Department will recommend ways to
		minimize or avoid category III habitat
		losses, with anticipated losses compensated
		by replacement of habitat values in-kind, by
		substitution of high value habitat types, or
		by increased management of replacement
		habitats, so that no net loss occurs.
		The Department continues to work with the
		MCFCD and the NRCS for the replacement
		of 80% of the mesquite bosque habitat
		along the flood control structures. In
		addition, the Department continues to work
		with BOR and Pinal County on the CAP
		trail planning to ensure connectivity and
		movement of wildlife.

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ARIZONA DIVISION

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 Phone: (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

January 10, 2017

In Reply Refer To:

999-A(365)S TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North South Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS Cooperating Agency Acceptance Letter

Ms. Joyce Francis, Habitat, Evaluation, and Lands Branch Chief Arizona Game and Fish Department 5000 West Carefree Highway Phoenix, Arizona 85086

Dear Ms. Francis:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are in receipt of two letters from Arizona Game and Fish Department (AGFD), dated November 7, 2016 and December 30 2016. The letters requested and reiterated AGFD desire to be granted Cooperating Agency status for this Tier 1 EIS process due to jurisdictional authority and state trust responsibility under Title 17 of the Arizona Revised Statutes for the management of Arizona's wildlife resources.

The FHWA considers the elevation of a given agency to Cooperating or Participating Agency status on a project by project basis. Ultimately, the decision to elevate an agency's status depends on the appropriateness of including the petitioning agency into the process, the role and responsibilities of the agency, and finally the project type, size and location. After evaluating the potential AGFD role for this project, FHWA accepts the request and concurs with AGFD's role as a Cooperating Agency in the Tier 1 EIS process for the North South Corridor Study due to special expertise regarding wildlife resources within the project study area. As a Cooperating Agency, you will be requested to provide the following during the development of the Tier 1 EIS:

- Meaningful and early input on the purpose and need, range of alternatives, methodologies and level of detail required by your agency to evaluate impacts to your resource(s);
- Participation in periodic coordination meetings, and/or field visits, as appropriate;
- Timely reviews and comments on the NEPA documents that explain the views and concerns
 of your agency on the adequacy of the document, anticipated impacts and mitigation; and
- Identification of the impacts and important issues to be addressed in the EIS pertaining to the intersection of the alternatives with the resource(s) in your jurisdiction.

If you have any questions or would like additional information regarding your role as a Cooperating Agency, please contact Rebecca Yedlin, FHWA Environmental Coordinator, at 602-382-8979 or rebecca.yedlin@dot.gov. We look forward to your continued involvement in the North South Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS.

Sincerely,

Karla S. Petty

Arizona Division Administrator

ecc:

Cheri Boucher, AGFD Project Evaluation Program Specialist Rebecca Yedlin, FHWA Environmental Coordinator Aryan Lirange, FHWA Senior Urban Engineer Victor Yang, ADOT Project Manager Joanie Cady, ADOT Environmental Planning

THE STATE OF ARIZONA



GAME AND FISH DEPARTMENT

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TY E. GRAY



February 6, 2017

Mr. Aryan Lirange FHWA Environmental Coordinator Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, AZ 85012-1906

Re: AGFD Comments for the North-South Corridor Study Tier I EIS Draft Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement

Dear Mr. Lirange:

The Arizona Game and Fish Department (Department) reviewed the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) letter, dated January 19, 2017, requesting review of the FHWA/Arizona Department of Transportation's (ADOT's) Draft Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement (Plan) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier I Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). The Department appreciates this opportunity to review and provide comments regarding the Draft Plan.

The Department has the following recommendations for the Final Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement:

- Page 1, Second Bullet: Add stakeholders.
- Page 1, Third Bullet: Recommend revising to read "establishes the timing and methods for gathering <u>Cooperating, Participating, and Stakeholder</u> agency input on the project's purpose and need, study area, range of alternatives, study methodologies <u>and criteria</u>, technical reports, findings of the draft EIS, preferred alternative, and <u>avoidance</u>, <u>minimization and/or mitigation strategies</u>.
- Page 5, Section 2.1, Second Bullet: Add "and criteria" after study methodologies.
- Page 6, Table 2: Correct the Department's role to be Cooperating Agency.
- Page 8, Table 3: Remove Arizona Game & Fish Department from this table.
- Page 11, Table 4: Split into two tables to differentiate between previous project specific EIS actions and current Tier I EIS actions.
- Appendix A: Correct the Department's role to be Cooperating Agency in Tables 1 and 2.
- Appendix D: Correct the Department's primary contact to be Cheri Bouchér (Project Evaluation Transportation Coordinator)

Mr. Aryan Lirange

AGFD Comments for the North-South Corridor Study Tier I EIS Draft Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement

February 6, 2017

2

We continue to look forward to collaborating with FHWA and ADOT on this important transportation project. If you have any questions or wish to further discuss our comments and concerns, please contact me at cboucher@azgfd.gov or 623-236-7615.

Sincerely,

Cheri A. Bouchér

Project Evaluation Program Specialist Arizona Game and Fish Department

cc: Rebecca Yedlin, FHWA

Victor Yang, ADOT Project Manager Michael LaBianca, HDR Project Manager

AGFD# M17-01194944

North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agencies Acceptance Form

(602) 382-8973

aryan.lirange@dot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement Yes, the [complete agency name] Arizova Game wishes to be a Cooperating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Or; Thank you but, the [complete agency name] wishes to be a Participating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Or; No, the [complete agency name] does not wish to be a Cooperating Agency or Partnering Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the CEQ for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS. [Note: A Cooperating Agency that fails to respond or chooses not to continue as a Cooperating Agency will be designated a Participating Agency for the project.] Date: Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project: Address: Email Address: Phone Number: Please return to: Aryan Lirange Victor Yang or Senior Urban Engineer Project Manager Federal Highway Administration Arizona Department of Transportation 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix, Arizona 85012 Phoenix AZ 85007

(602) 712-8715

VYang@azdot.gov



Salt River Project

Janeen C. Rohovit

Senior Government Relations Representative

P.O. Box 52025
Mail Stop: PAB221
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2025
Phone: (602) 236-2679
Janeen.Rohovit@srpnet.com

Aryan Lirange, PE Senior Urban Engineer FHWA Arizona Division 4000 North Central Avenue, Suite 1500 Phoenix Arizona 85012-1906

August 30, 2017

Dear Mr. Lirange,

I am writing to submit SRP's written comments as requested of the Participating Agencies collaborating on the North South Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS Evaluation. SRP appreciates the opportunity to provide input for this analysis.

Location of electric transmission lines and associated major infrastructure facilities does not exactly fall within the outlined evaluation criterion for utilities. Therefore, SRP staff has worked to convey preferences and concerns for all four segments, and along each remaining alternative then fit those comparisons into the utilities evaluation criterion. Both findings are provided in the attached document.

SRP worked from a map of the transmission system with an overlay of the ADOT shape file to arrive at these recommendations. I invite you to contact me with any questions. SRP representatives are happy to meet to discuss any portion of this submission.

Very respectfully yours,

. Janeen Rohovit

Janeen Rohovit

Segment 1 -

North South:

E1a toE1a/b – SRP can support the entire length of this segment to where it intersects Magma Road

E1b to E1a/b -- SRP can support the entire length of this segment to where it intersects Magma Road

SR-24:

E1b is preferred – this alternative creates significantly less interference with existing electric infrastructure. In addition, the area is more open providing opportunity to plan around the future freeway alignment.

Note: W1a, E1a and W1b all interfere with access to SRP's existing Dinosaur 500/230/69kV Substation, multiples existing 69kV as well as future transmission lines that will need to access the Dinosaur Substation. In addition, W1a/b interferes with existing Extra High Voltage transmission. The National Guard Auxiliary Field and multiples existing residential subdivisions further compound location of the NSFC along these four alternative segments.

Segment 2 -

North South:

E2a/b – SRP can support this alternative as a means to transition from E1a/b to E3 a/c (please see support for E3a/c below).

Segment 3 -

North South:

E3a/c -- SRP can support this alternative due to minimal impact to electric infrastructure.

E3a/b -SRP can support

E3c/d – SRP can support

Note: regarding W3, SRP attended the Florence coordination meetings and support the Town Council recommendation that was the outcome of those meetings. In addition, while this alternative has minimal impact to electric infrastructure it does bifurcate existing subdivisions located in both Florence and Coolidge. E3b/d is not acceptable to SRP, it presents excessive impact by crossing the existing SRP 500/230kV transmission line four times and the existing SRP 115kV transmission line. In addition, this segment crosses the recently permitted Florence Copper Mine. It appears particularly difficult to traverse existing electric transmission (both APS and SRP), the copper mining and rock mining operations located along this route segment.

Finally, we cannot support W2a, E2c/d nor W2b because they transition to unsupported segments in our comments for segment E3a/c, E3a/b and E3c/d.

Segment 4 -

This segment does not conflict with any SRP electric infrastructure. SRP can support either alternative, however we recommend coordination with planned economic development along the railroad near Highway 287.

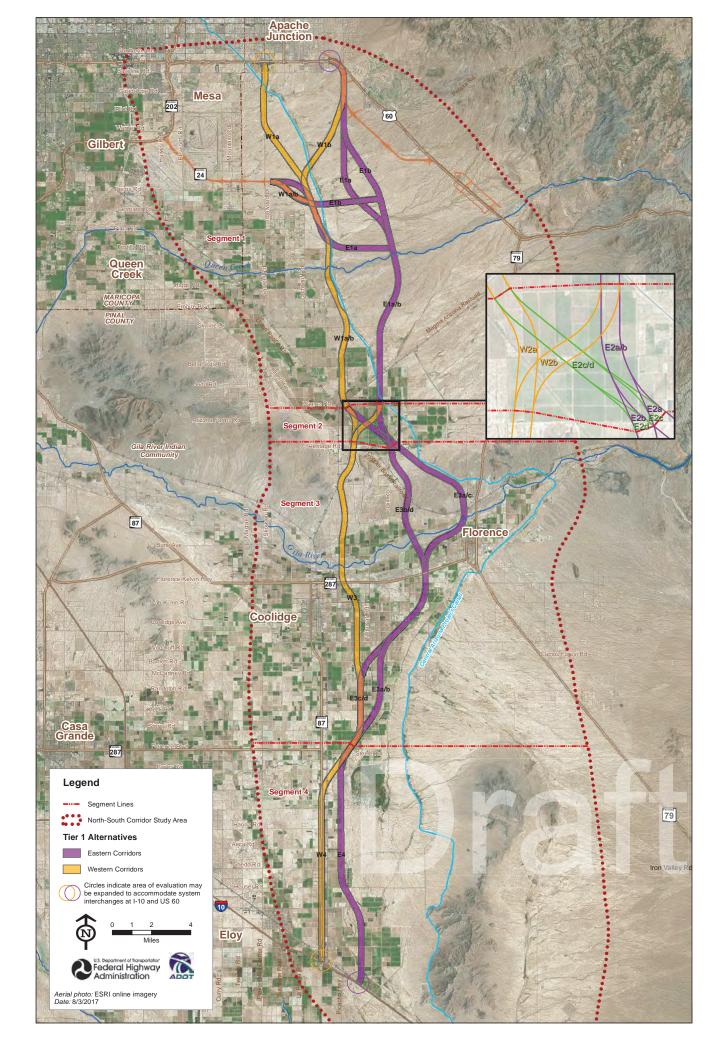
Regarding Evaluation Criterion for utilities, the performance measure for existing linear utilities covers canals and railroads potentially impacted and not electric infrastructure. However, using the project evaluation scale for support and inability to support alternatives, as expressed above, we rate segments for electric utilities as follows:

North South:

- Low number of transmission crossings/station interference (strongly support):
- E1a to E1a/b
- E1b to E1a/b
- E2a/b
- E3a/c
- Either alternative acceptable (mixed opinion):
- E3a/b or E3c/d
- W4 or E4
- Substantial number of transmission crossings/station interference (strongly oppose)
- W1a
- W1b
- W1a/b, W2a, E2c/d, W2b
- W3,E3b/d

SR-24:

- Low number of transmission crossings/station interference (strongly support)
- E1b to N/S Freeway E1b
- Substantial number of transmission crossings/station interference (strongly oppose)
- E1a to W1a/b



LaBianca, Michael

From: Coleman, Dorenda <dorenda.coleman@fmo.azdema.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, January 2, 2018 10:17 AM

To: LaBianca, Michael

Cc: russell.a.carter20.nfg@mail.mil; Victor Yang; ADOT NSCS

Subject: Re: ADOT North-South Corridor Study

Michael, the JLUS study for Pinal county including Rittenhouse is really in the very beginning stages. Rittenhouse is one of the Arizona Army National Guard installations we are trying to protect with the JLUS. At this time we do not have any updated information regarding the JLUS.

Thank you so much for reaching out to us.

Dorenda Coleman

Sent from my iPad

On Dec 29, 2017, at 3:22 PM, LaBianca, Michael < Michael. LaBianca@hdrinc.com > wrote:

Good afternoon,

During the December 14, 2017, Cooperating and Participating agency meeting for the ADOT North-South Corridor Study, mention was made of the JLUS study that is underway for the o Rittenhouse Army Heliport facility. During the Alternative Selection Report public meetings (November 2014) I discussed and received materials regarding the facility from Major Aldrich, Arizona Army National Guard, regarding opposition to Segment E for the North-South freeway (currently referred to as the W1a or W1b alternatives), and a preference "that SR 24 stays north of the sub-station and Rittenhouse" (which would be the E1b Alternative).

I am writing to inquire if there is any update to this information, or if there is any information from the JLUS that you are able to share with the study team as we advance the environmental evaluation of the alternatives. Please let me know if any questions. Thank you, Michael

(this email is addressed to the people currently identified as contacts for the Arizona Department of Emergency and Military Affairs, which is a Participating agency on the study.)

Michael LaBianca, AICP

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HDR

3200 E Camelback Road, Suite 350 Phoenix, AZ 85018

D 602.778.7334 M 602.568.5287 michael.labianca@hdrinc.com

hdrinc.com/follow-us

North-South Corridor Study Cooperating and Participating Agency Corridor Preference

We identify the following action corridor alternative(s) as our preferred alternative. We recognize that the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Draft Environmental Impact Statement will identify a recommended preferred action corridor alternative, and this form provides us the opportunity to provide our preference to be considered in that process.

We acknowledge that as more information is provided through the National Environmental Policy Act process, we will continue to provide comments throughout the study, and that input will be considered by the study team.

Preferred Action Corridor Alternative

The map to the right (or the webmap found at https://northsouthtier1deis.hdrgateway.com/Home/Map) identifies all action corridor alternatives by segment under consideration in the Draft Environmental Impact Statement. Our preference for each segment, based on a continuous corridor (for example, the E1a Alternative in Segment 1 connects only with E2a or W2b in Segment 2), is indicated on the form provided on the 2nd page of this form.

Please complete:

Name of agency:

DEMA

Agency contact for this study:

Doverala Coleman Cono. azdema.

Phone number:

GOV 1629 4766 1



Cooperating and Participating Agency Corridor Preference

Segment	Alternative	Comment
	E1a	acceptable
Samuel 4	E1b	acceptable
Segment 1	W1a	inpact to Ritten house minings
	W1b	impact to Rettenhouse I musito
	E2a	acuptable
Segment 2	E2b	acceptable
oegment 2	W2a	docuptable
	W2b	acceptable.
	E3a	Impacto Florence military Reservation
	E3b	acaptable
Segment 3	E30 =	Impact to Florence Military Reservation
	E3d	acoptable
	W3	acceptable
Segment 4	E4	acceptable
	W4	acceptable

Please provide completed forms by December 28, 2017 to:

Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 382-8973 aryan.lirange@dot.gov Project Manager
Arizona Department of Transportation
205 S.17th Ave, MD605E
Phoenix AZ 85007
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ARIZONA DIVISION

4000 North Central Avenue Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 Phone: (602) 379-3646 Fax: (602) 382-8998 http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

July 29, 2015

In Reply Refer To:

STP-999-A(365)
TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L
North-South Corridor Study
On-going Project Coordination

Mr. Stephen Roe Lewis, Governor Gila River Indian Community P.O. Box 97 Sacaton, Arizona 85147

Dear Governor Lewis:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), as the lead federal agency, and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), as the project sponsoring agency have initiated an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the North-South Corridor Study. The Notice of Intent was published in the Federal Register on September 20, 2010. The purpose of this study is to identify a transportation corridor to connect United States 60 (US 60) with Interstate 10 (I-10) in order to provide access to a rapidly growing portion of Pinal County and improve regional mobility. The proposed North-South Corridor study area begins at US 60, in the vicinity of Apache Junction and extends south for approximately 45 miles to connect to I-10, in the vicinity of Eloy (see Exhibit 1 attached). In May 2015, the project team decided to include the proposed State Route 24 (SR 24) freeway (from the North-South Corridor to the facility's planned extension at Ironwood Drive) as part of the project. The attached figure shows the study area for the project.

In November 2014, the project team held a series of public meetings throughout the corridor to present the alternatives being recommended for further evaluation (see attached figure). In advance of the public meetings, ADOT presented an update on the project at the October 2014 Four Southern Tribes Cultural Resources Working Group meeting. At that meeting we inquired as to what additional outreach the Tribes might like for the project. The recommendation was for us to present to Gila River Indian Community Districts 1, 2, and 3. The meetings with the Districts occurred in January and February of this year. The input received at these meetings will be incorporated as part of the EIS process and help to inform the selection of a preferred alternative, expected with the Draft EIS early in 2017.

The project is now entering the EIS technical analysis and Design Concept Report phase of work. In this phase the project team will be evaluating the project impacts and preparing conceptual plans for the corridor including 15 percent design. We would like to continue coordination with Gila River Indian Community staff regarding all aspects of this project. Currently, we are coordinating with Tim Oliver and Sasha Pachito-Saliego with the Department

of Transportation; David White with Pima-Maricopa Irrigation Project; Barnaby Lewis, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer; and, Community Manager Pamela Thompson.

- Are there any additional Community representatives that should be included in ongoing project coordination?
- · Are there any new communication protocols we should follow?

If you have any questions please contact Aryan Lirange, Senior Urban Engineer, at (602) 382-8973 or aryan.lirange@dot.gov.

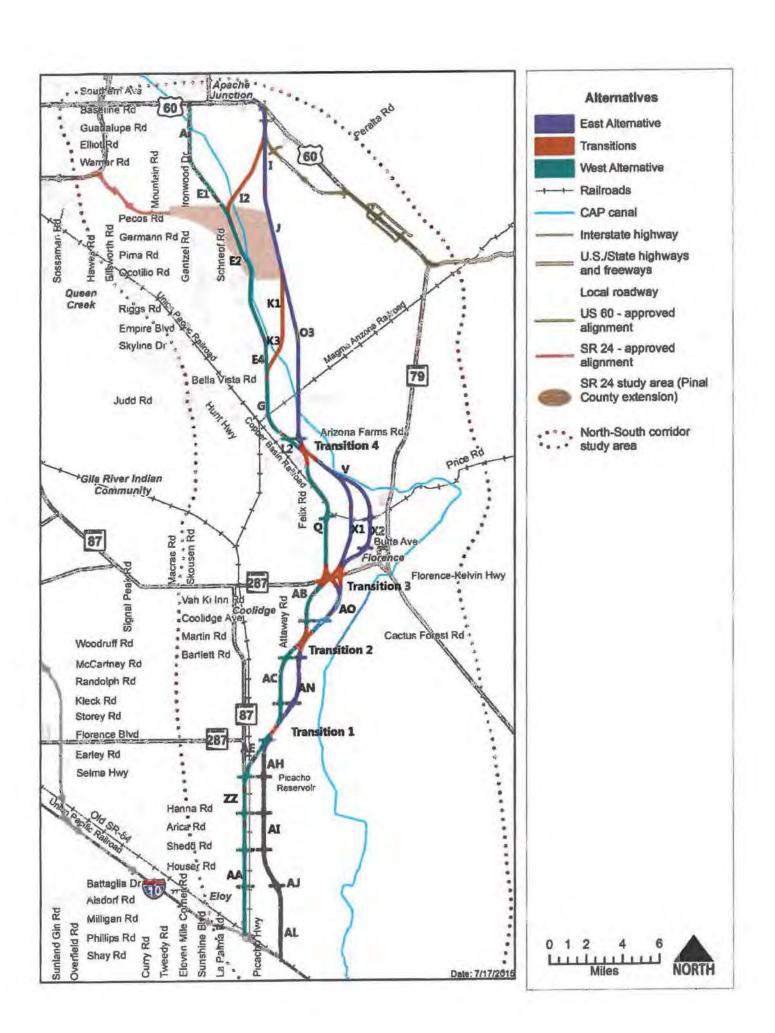
Thank you for your cooperation and interest in this study.

Sincerely,

Karla S. Petty

Division Administrator

Enclosures



RESOLUTION OF THE TOHONO O'ODHAM LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

(Opposing Any Proposed Alignment of the Federal Highway Administration and Arizona Department of Transportation's Proposed North-South Corridor and State Route 24 Projects that Disturb or Negatively Affect O'odham Traditional Cultural Places)

RESOLUTION NO. 16-513

1	WHEREAS,	the Tohono O'odham Nation ("Nation") and their ancestors, the Archaic and
2		Hohokam peoples have inhabited Southern Arizona since time immemorial;
3		and
4	WHEREAS,	it is the policy of the Tohono O'odham Nation to promote "enjoyable harmony
5	7.	between members of the [N]ation and their environment," and to preserve "its
6		historic and cultural artifacts and archeological sites" as well as "preserve and
7		cultivate native arts, crafts and traditions" (Constitution, Article VI, Section
8		1(c)(8) and Article XVIII, Section 1); and
9	WHEREAS,	it is also the Nation's policy "to seek the return to the Tohono O'odham Nation of
0		lands and natural resources, including minerals and water rights, within or
1		adjacent to the Tohono O'odham Nation, or which originally were a part of the
2	1.00	historic Papaqueria." (Constitution, Article XVI, Section 9); and
3	WHEREAS,	the Tohono O'odham Legislative Council enacted an Archaeological Resources
4		Protection Ordinance (Ordinance No. 06-84) for the protection and preservation
5		of cultural resources associated with traditional and sacred values and beliefs
6		important to the Tohono O'odham and of the physical site, location, or context
7		in which cultural resources are found; and
8	WHEREAS,	the Arizona Department of Transportation ("ADOT") and Federal Highway
9	1177	Administration ("FHWA") are conducting a study, known as the North-South
0.0		Corridor Study ("NSCS"), in the area between U.S. Route 60 in Apache Junction
1		and Interstate 10 near Eloy and Picacho; and
22	WHEREAS,	the purpose of the NSCS is to identify and evaluate possible routes to provide a
23		connection between the U.S. Route 60 in Apache Junction and Interstate 10 and
4		that will result in the preparation of a Location/Design Concept Report ("L/DCR")
25		and an Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") for a proposed 45-mile-long
6		transportation corridor in Pinal County; and
27	WHEREAS,	in 2014, ADOT and FHWA conducted Alternatives Selection Report Public
8	100	Information Meetings and received comments on proposed alignments for the
9		NSCS; and
0	WHEREAS,	traditional cultural property studies have identified Frogtown (Ancestral
1		Homeland for the Village of Anegam), the Escalante Site Group, Tankai (Poston
12		Butte) and the Adamsville Ruin as traditional cultural properties significant to
	4	

RESOLUTION NO. 16-513

(Opposing Any Proposed Alignment of the Federal Highway Administration and Arizona Department of Transportation's Proposed North-South Corridor and State Route 24 Projects that Disturb or Negatively Affect O'odham Traditional Cultural Places) Page 2 of 3

1		the Tohono O'odham Nation, which would be adversely affected by the current
2		proposed alignments; and
3	WHEREAS,	the Tohono O'odham community of Florence Village and its traditional
4		cemetery may be affected by the proposed North-South Corridor; and
5	WHEREAS,	elders have visited all of the above-listed traditional cultural properties; and
6	WHEREAS,	the Sif Oidak District Council, by Resolution No. SODC 16-116, opposed the
7		current proposed alignment through Frog Town and requests the Legislative
8		Council exercise authority to protect all O'odham ancestral homelands; and
9	WHEREAS,	the Legislative Cultural Preservation and Agricultural and Natural Resources
10		Committees strongly recommend opposing any proposed alignments for the
11		North-South Corridor and State Route 24 projects that disturb or negatively
12		affect O'odham traditional cultural places, specifically Frogtown, Escalante Site
13		Group, Tankai (Poston Butte), the Adamsville Ruin and Florence Village
14		traditional cultural places, and requests that the FHWA and ADOT change the
15		proposed alignments of the North-South Corridor and State Route 24 projects to
16		avoid O'odham traditional cultural places.
17	NOW. THER	EFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Tohono O'odham Legislative Council strongly
18	228.07	opposes any proposed alignments for the North-South Corridor and State Route
19		24 projects that disturb or negatively affect O'odham traditional cultural places,
20		specifically Frogtown, Escalante Site Group, Tankai (Poston Butte), the
21		Adamsville Ruin and Florence Village traditional cultural places, and requests
22		that the FHWA and ADOT change the proposed alignments of the North-South
23		Corridor and State Route 24 projects to avoid O'odham traditional cultural
24		places.
25	The foregoi	ng Resolution was passed by the Tohono O'odham Legislative Council on the 19^{TR}
26		BER, 2016 at a meeting at which a quorum was present with a vote of 3,021.4 FOR;
27		; <u>-0-</u> NOT VOTING; and [03] ABSENT, pursuant to the powers vested in the Council by
28	The second of the second of the second	ection 1(c)(8), Article XVIII, Section 1, and Article XVI, Section 9 of the Constitution
29 30		no O'odham Nation, adopted by the Tohono O'odham Nation on January 18, 1986; ed by the Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs (Operations) on March
31		suant to Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat.984).
32	3, 1230, put	Mant to profited to of the ver of lane to 123x (xo partitox).
33		TOHONO O'ODHAM LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
34		
35	1	XIIII OTTO XM
36		Holiman Maria
4.7		"Inventor Ladaria Latit ativa ('harrenan

Vimothy Joaquin, Legislative Chairman

day of October ,2010

38 39 40

37

RESOLUTION NO. 16-513

(Opposing Any Proposed Alignment of the Federal Highway Administration and Arizona Department of Transportation's Proposed North-South Corridor and State Route 24 Projects that Disturb or Negatively Affect O'odham Traditional Cultural Places)
Page 3 of 3

O'odham Nation on the pursuant to the provision	nitted for approval to, the office of the Chairman of the (1) day of October, 2016 at 10 o'clock, o's of Section 5 of Article VII of the Constitution and will of upon his failure to either approve or disapprove it wi
nours of submittal.	
	TOHONO O'ODHAM LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
	Anni At O
	Mullex
	Timothy Joaquin, Legislative Chairman
16 90 00 0	
APPROVED	on the 20 day of October, 2016
] DISAPPROVED	at 6:15 o'clock, P.m.
	80 Miles 0
	EDWARD D. MANUEL, CHAIRMAN
	TOHONO O'ODHAM NATION
Returned to the Legislative	Secretary on the 🕢 day of
Noteta ,2	2016, at 8.74 o'clock, a.m.
2 10	
Chambela	

ACTION: OPPOSING ANY PROPOSED ALIGNMENT OF THE FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION AND ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION'S PROPOSED NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR AND STATE ROUTE 24 PROJECTS THAT DISTURB OR NEGATIVELY AFFECT O'ODHAM TRADITIONAL CULTURAL PLACES

MOVED: COUNCILWOMAN MARY LOPEZ

SECOND: COUNCILWOMAN LUCINDA ALLEN

DATE: OCTOBER 19, 2016

DISTRICT	LEGISLATIVE REPRESENTATIVES	# OF VOTES	FOR	AGAINST	NOT VOTING	ABSENT
BABOQUIVARI 367.2	1. FRANCES MIGUEL (Absent) (Roberta E. Harvey) (Present) 2. VERNON J. SMITH (Gloria Zazueta)	183.60 183.60	x x			
CHUKUT KUK 332.1	1. ETHEL GARCIA (Absent) (Marlakay K. Henry) (Present) 2. BILLMAN LOPEZ (Patricia Vicenti)	166.05 166.05	x x			x
GU ACHI 265.0	1. TIMOTHY L. JOAQUIN (Absent) (Louis L. Johnson) (Present) 2. LORETTA LEWIS ()	132.50 132.50	x x			
GU VO 250.6	1. GRACE MANUEL (Dallas Lewis) 2. PAMELA ANGHILL (Jeffery Antone, Sr.)	125.30 125.30	x x			
HICKIWAN 205.8	1. LOUIS R. LOPEZ (Shirley Molina) 2. SANDRA ORTEGA ()	102.90 102.90	x x			
PISINEMO 219,9	1. CHESTER ANTONE () 2. MONICA K. MORGAN ()	109.95 109.95	x x			x
SAN LUCY 226.5	1. DIANA MANUEL () 2. JANA MONTANA (Gloria Ramirez)	113.25 113.25	x x			
SAN XAVIER 228.6	1. DANIEL L.A. PRESTON III () 2. RACHEAL VILSON-STONER (Olivia Villegas-Liston	114.30 114.30	x x			x
SCHUK TOAK 180.6	1. ANTHONY J. FRANCISCO JR. () 2. QUINTIN C. LOPEZ (John Fendenbeim)	90.30 90.30	x x			
SELLS 513.5	1. ARTHUR WILSON (Beverly Rivas) 2. BARBARA HAVIER ()	256.75 256.75	x x			
SIF OIDAK 231.6	1. LUCINDA ALLEN (Nicholas Jose) 2. MARY LOPEZ ()	115.80 115.80	x x			
	TOTAL	3,021.4	3,021.4	-0-	-0-	[03]

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Yes, the [complete agency i	name] Nepi Ti	ibe		
wishes to be a Participating	Agency under Section	40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the		
Council on Environmental C Impact Statement (EIS).	Quality (CEQ) for the N	orth-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental		
Or;				
No, the [complete agency na	ame]			
(1915년) (1915년) 1일 (1916년)		Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the 5. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be		
listed as a stakeholder agen	ncy and continue to rec	eive information on the project.		
Date:				
16-4-	16			
Name of Organization:	Hopi Tribe			
Agency contact for this project;	Herman Kalanie Charman			
Address:	PO Bux	23 Kykotsimous AZ 80034		
Email Address:	He Hona	med hept wen us		
Phone Number:	928-73	4-3101		
Please return to:				
Aryan Lirange	or	Victor Yang		
Senior Urban Engineer		Project Manager		
Federal Highway Administra	tion	Arizona Department of Transportation		
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500		205 S.17th Ave MD605E		
Phoenix, Arizona 85012		Phoenix AZ 85007		
(602) 382-8973		(602) 712-8715		
aryan.lirange@dot.gov		VYang@azdot.gov		



Alfred Lomahquahu Jr. VICE-CHAIRMAN



April 22, 2016

Karla S. Petty, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 4000 North Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

Re: North-South Corridor Study

Dear Ms. Petty,

Thank you for your correspondence dated April 18, 2016, regarding the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) proposed new 45 mile long north-south highway from US 60 near Apache Junction to Interstate 10 between Picacho and Eloy. The Hopi Tribe claims cultural affiliation to earlier identifiable cultural groups throughout Arizona, including the Hohokam prehistoric cultural group in southern Arizona. The Hopi Cultural Preservation Office supports the identification and avoidance of our ancestral sites and Traditional Cultural Properties, and we consider the archaeological sites of our ancestors to be "footprints" and Traditional Cultural Properties. Therefore, we appreciate the FHWA and ADOT's continuing solicitation of our input and your efforts to address our concerns.

In the enclosed letter dated July 8, 2011, the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office reviewed the Class I Cultural Resources Inventory report and stated we understood that 313 cultural resources have been identified in the 24% of the study area has been previously surveyed. Therefore we determined that this proposal is likely to adversely affect cultural resources significant to the Hopi Tribe and stated that we looked forward to receiving additional information regarding project scope, alternatives, and historic properties, for review and comment as it becomes available. In the enclosed letter dated December 5, 2011, we stated that we understood that alignment alternatives are being developed, and that we will support the alternative that adversely affects the fewest National Register eligible prehistoric sites. In the enclosed letter dated January 28, 2014, we supported the Gila River Indian Community's request for an adequate assessment of their Traditional Cultural Properties in the project area. We have now reviewed the enclosed Traditional Cultural Properties overview.

We appreciate continuing consultation to assist us in determining which alternative may adversely affect the fewest National Register eligible prehistoric sites, and we continue to look forward to receiving copies of the cultural resources surveys of the areas of potential effect for review and comment. Should you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Terry Morgart at the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office. Thank you again for your consideration.

Hopi Cultural Preservation Office

Enclosures: July 8 and December 5, 2011, January 28, 2014 letters
xc: Lori Sloat, Arizona Department of Transportation; Barnaby Lewis, Gila River Indian Community
Arizona State Historic Preservation Office



Herman G, Honanie CHAIRMAN

Alfred Lomahquahu Jr. VICE-CHAIRMAN

January 28, 2014

Karla S. Petty, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 4000 North Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

Re: North-South Corridor Study

Dear Ms. Petty,

Thank you for your correspondence dated January 21, 2014, regarding the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) proposed new 45 mile long north-south highway from US 60 near Apache Junction to Interstate 10 between Picacho and Eloy. The Hopi Tribe claims cultural affiliation to earlier identifiable cultural groups throughout Arizona, including the Hohokam prehistoric cultural group in southern Arizona. The Hopi Cultural Preservation Office supports the identification and avoidance of our ancestral sites and Traditional Cultural Properties, and we consider the archaeological sites of our ancestors to be "footprints" and Traditional Cultural Properties. Therefore, we appreciate the FHWA and ADOT's continuing solicitation of our input and your efforts to address our concerns.

In a letter dated July 8, 2011, the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office reviewed the Class I Cultural Resources Inventory report and stated we understood that 313 cultural resources have been identified in the 24% of the study area has been previously surveyed. Therefore we determined that this proposal is likely to adversely affect cultural resources significant to the Hopi Tribe and stated that we looked forward to receiving additional information regarding project scope, alternatives, and historic properties, for review and comment as it becomes available. In a letter dated December 5, 2011, we stated that we understood that alignment alternatives are being developed, and that we will support the alternative that adversely affects the fewest National Register eligible prehistoric sites.

We support the Gila River Indian Community's request for an adequate assessment of their Traditional Cultural Properties in the project area. And we reiterate that to assist us in determining which alternative may adversely affect the fewest National Register eligible prehistoric sites, we look forward to receiving copies of the cultural resources surveys of the areas of potential effect for review and comment. Should you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Terry Morgart at the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office. Thank you again for your consideration.

Hopi Cultural Preservation Office

xc: Erin Bodine, Arizona Department of Transportation Barnaby Lewis, Gila River Indian Community Arizona State Historic Preservation Office

LeRoy N. Shingoitewa

Herman G. Honanle



December 5, 2011

Karla S. Petty, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 4000 North Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

Re: North-South Corridor Study

Dear Ms. Petty,

Thank you for your correspondence dated November 16, 2011, regarding the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) proposed new 45 mile long north-south highway from US 60 near Apache Junction to Interstate 10 between Picacho and Eloy. The Hopi Tribe claims cultural affiliation to prehistoric cultural groups throughout Arizona, including the Hohokam prehistoric cultural group in southern Arizona. The Hopi Cultural Preservation Office supports the identification and avoidance of prehistoric archaeological sites and Traditional Cultural Properties, and we consider the archaeological sites of our ancestors to be "footprints" and Traditional Cultural Properties. Therefore, we appreciate the FHWA and ADOT's continuing solicitation of our input and your efforts to address our concerns.

In the enclosed letter dated July 8, 2011, the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office reviewed the Class I Cultural Resources Inventory report and stated we understand that 313 cultural resources have been identified in the 24% of the study area has been previously surveyed. Therefore we determined that this proposal is likely to adversely affect cultural resources significant to the Hopi Tribe and stated that we looked forward to receiving for review and comment additional information regarding project scope, alternatives, and historic properties, as it becomes available.

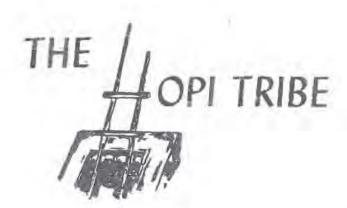
We now understand that alignment alternatives are being developed, and we will support the alternative that adversely affects the fewest National Register eligible prehistoric sites. Therefore, to assist us in determining which alternative may adversely affect the fewest National Register eligible prehistoric sites, we look forward to receiving copies of the cultural resources surveys of the areas of potential effect for review and comment. If National Register eligible prehistoric sites are identified that will be adversely affected by project activities, we request continuing consultation on any proposed treatment plans. Should you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Terry Morgart at the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office. Thank you again for your consideration.

Leigh I Ruwanwisiwma, Director Hopi Cultural Preservation Office

Enclosure: August 8, 2011 letter to FHWA xc: Erin Bodine, Arizona Department of Transportation Arizona State Historic Preservation Office

LeRoy N. Shingoitewa

Herman G. Honanie VICE-CHAIRMAN



July 8, 2011

Karla S. Petty, Division Administrator Federal Highway Administration, Arizona Division 4000 North Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500

Re: North-South Corridor Study

Dear Ms. Petty,

Thank you for your correspondence dated June 28, 2011, with an enclosed Class I Cultural Resources Inventory, for the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) proposed new 45 mile long north-south highway from US 60 near Apache Junction to Interstate 10 between Picacho and Eloy. The Hopi Tribe claims cultural affiliation to prehistoric cultural groups throughout Arizona, including the Hohokam prehistoric cultural group in southern Arizona. The Hopi Cultural Preservation Office supports the identification and avoidance of prehistoric archaeological sites and Traditional Cultural Properties, and we consider the archaeological sites of our ancestors to be "footprints" and Traditional Cultural Properties. Therefore, we appreciate the FHWA and ADOT's continuing solicitation of our input and your efforts to address our concerns.

The Hopi Cultural Preservation Office has reviewed the enclosed Class I Cultural Resources Inventory report and we understand that 313 cultural resources have been identified in the 24% of the study area has been previously surveyed. We further understand that FHWA is not making a determination of project effect at this time because the majority of the study area has not been surveyed for cultural resources. However, upon review of the Class I Inventory, we have determined that this proposal is likely to adversely affect cultural resources significant to the Hopi Tribe. Therefore, we look forward to receiving for review and comment additional information regarding project scope, alternatives, and historic properties, as it becomes available.

Should you have any questions or need additional information, please contact Terry Morgart at the Hopi Cultural Preservation Office, Thank you again for your consideration.

Respectfully,

Leigh J. Kuwanwisiwma, Director Hobi-Cultural Preservation Office

xc: Linda Davis, Arizona Department of Transportation Arizona State Historic Preservation Office



Received from Tr	ibal Admin
E-mailed	(initial & date)
Scanned	(initial & date)

SAN CARLOS APACHE TRIBE
Historic Preservation & Archaeology Department
P.O. Box 0
San Carlos Arizona 85550
Tel. (928) 475-5797, apachevern@yahoo.com

Tribal Consultation Response Letter

Tribai Consultation Response Letter
Date: 11/18/2016 Contact Name: Karla S. Petty, D.V. Administrator Company: USDOT-FHWA-4000 North Control Aug. Suite 1500
Contact Name: Karta S Petty Dol Alice States
Address: USDOT-FHWA-4000 North Central Ame, Svite 1500
Address: Obos - FHWH - 4000 North Central Aue , Juste 1500
Project Name/#: Prograix, Az. 85012-3500
Dear Sir or Madam: STP-999- A(BBM) 999 PN 000 H7454 01L
31F 119 4(DBM) 999 PN 000 H1454 01L
Under Section 106 and 110 of the National Historic Preservation Act, we are replying to the above referenced project. Please see the appropriate marked circle, including the signatures of Vernelda Grant, Tribal Historic
Preservation Officer (THPO), and the concurrence of the Chairman of the San Carlos Apache Tribe:
등 기계에 가장 가게 되었다. 나는 가장 가장 가장 가장 하는 사람들이 가장 가장 보고 있다면 하는 것이 되었다.
O NO INTEREST/NO FURTHER CONSULTATION/NO FUTURE UPDATES
We defer to the Tribe(s) located nearest to the project area.
CONCURRENCE WITH REPORT FINDINGS & THANK YOU
© REQUEST ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
I require additional information in order to provide a finding of effect for this proposed undertaking, i.e. Project
description Map Photos Sother Would tile to Continue being Contain
O NO EFFECT by ADOT-FHWA for this project. Thank you
I have determined that there are no properties of religious and cultural significance to the San Carlos Apache
Tribe that are listed on the National Register within the area of potential effect or that the proposed project will have no effect on any such properties that may be present.
O NO ADVERSE EFFECT
Properties of cultural and religious significance within the area of effect have been identified that are eligible for listing in the National Register for which there would be no adverse effect as a result of the proposed project.
O ADVERSE EFFECT
I have identified properties of cultural and religious significance within the area of potential effect that are eligible for listing in the National Register. I believe the proposed project would cause an adverse effect on these
properties. Please contact the THPO for further discussion.
We were taught traditionally not to disturb the natural world in a significant way, and that to do so may cause
harm to oneself or one's family. Apache resources can be best protected by managing the land to be as natural
as it was in pre-1870s settlement times. Please contact the THPO if there is a change in any portion of the
project, especially if Apache cultural resources are found at any phase of planning and construction. Thank you
for contacting the San Carlos Apache Tribe, your time and effort is greatly appreciated.
DIRECTOR/THPO: 11/18/2016
Vernelda J. Grant, Tribal Historic Preservation Officer Date
1/28/11
CONCURRENCE: July fruit 1/2016
Terry Rambler, Tribal Chairman Date

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

	San Carles Apache Iribe. Ider Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Q) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-South Corridor Stud	ency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the ly Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be nationed to receive information on the project.
Date: 11 18 2016	
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project: History Vern	vic Preservation & Archaedogy Dept.
Address: P.D.	Box &, San Carlos, AZ 85550
Email Address: 2000	hevern@yaheo.com
Phone Number: (9	28) 475-5797
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 382-8973	or Victor Yang Project Manager Arizona Department of Transportation 205 S.17th Ave MD605E Phoenix AZ 85007 (602) 712-8715
anyan lirange@dot gov	VYang@azdot.gov



4000 North Central Avenue **Suite 1500** Phoenix, Arizona 85012-3500 Phone: (602) 379-3646

Fax: (602) 382-8998

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/azdiv/index.htm

In Reply Refer To:

In Reply Refer To: STP-999-A(BBM) 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North South Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS Participating Agency Invitation

Mr. Terry Rambler, Chairman San Carlos Apache Tribe P.O. Box "O" San Carlos, Arizona 85550

Dear Chairman Rambler:

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) are currently evaluating 400-foot-wide alignment alternatives for a future transportation corridor in central Arizona. The North South Corridor Study (NSCS) area begins at the United States 60 (US 60), in the vicinity of the City of Apache Junction, and extends south for approximately 45 miles to connect to Interstate 10 (I-10), in the vicinity of the City of Eloy, and overlaps with another study to identify an extension of State Route 24 from Ironwood Drive. The NSCS will now be completed as a Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement (Tier 1 EIS) and also include the task of identifying an extension of State Route 24. The purpose of this letter is outline the rationale for the change to a Tier 1 EIS and to extend a new invitation to become a Participating Agency.

This study officially began with the Notice of Intent filed in the Federal Register on September 20, 2010 with the anticipation of completing an Alternative Selection Report (ASR), Design Concept Report (DCR), and project-level Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). Meeting the federal fiscal constraint requirement has been a challenge for the NSCS since the beginning of this project. In order for FHWA to approve the NEPA document (Project Level Environment Impact Statement Record of Decision), this project needs to follow Federal Guideline dated February 9, 2011 (Supplement to January 28, 2008 "Transportation Planning Requirements and their Relationship to NEPA Process Completion"). Funding sources for this project needs to be identified before FHWA can sign the Final project level EIS Record of Decision (ROD). At present, there are no funding options (including public-private partnerships) identified as a viable solution. In order to continue and complete the project with a federally approved NEPA action, FHWA and ADOT have decided to transition the NSCS to a Tier 1 EIS from its current projectlevel EIS.

This change allows the timing of final NEPA approval (Tier 2) to be more closely correlated with actual timing of project construction, because Tier 2 studies can be completed over time as construction funding becomes available.

A revised Notice of Intent for the Tier 1 EIS was published in the Federal Register on October 3, 2016 (81 FR 68095) to re-initiate the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process (refer to project timeline included with this letter).

OCT : 1 2016

RESOLUTION NO. 08-18

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA, IN SUPPORT OF DENSITY TRANSFERS FOR TRANSPORTATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEDICATIONS MADE TO THE STATE OF ARIZONA, PINAL COUNTY, CITY OF COOLIDGE, OR OTHER AUTHORIZED POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OR ENTITY BY A PROPERTY OWNER LOCATED WITHIN THE CITY OF COOLIDGE FOR THE PROPOSED NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR.

WHEREAS: The population of Pinal County and the Coolidge area is growing rapidly and is projected to exceed one million people in total within the next twenty years; and

WHEREAS: Developing transportation infrastructure to handle the traffic demands of this growing population in Coolidge and the surrounding County is necessary to assure a continued high quality of life and growth of this region; and

WHEREAS: Developing this transportation infrastructure will require various property owners in Pinal County and City of Coolidge to donate and dedicate land; and

WHEREAS: The Arizona Department of Transportation ("ADOT") has defined, through a corridor study, a transportation corridor extending from US Route 60 to Interstate 10 in eastern Pinal County ("North-South Corridor"); and

WHEREAS: The North-South Corridor is projected to extend through the incorporated boundaries of City of Coolidge.

WHEREAS: The proposed North-South Corridor is one such transportation infrastructure project which will require property owners to donate or dedicate land to State of Arizona, Pinal County, City of Coolidge, or other authorized political subdivision or entity for the development of the roadway; and

WHEREAS: The City of Coolidge desires to compensate the property owners for land donated or dedicated to the North-South Corridor project by permitting density transfers based upon the amount of land dedicated or donated.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, BY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COOLIDGE, A MAJORITY OF ITS MEMBERS CONCUR THAT:

Section 1: As negotiated on a case by case basis, when a property owner, who owns land within City of Coolidge, dedicates land to the State of Arizona, Pinal County, the City of Coolidge, or other authorized political subdivision or entity for development of the proposed North-South Corridor, excluding all right-of-way already dedicated to the City or any other political subdivision, such property owner shall be entitled to transfer the number of units which would have been allocated to such dedicated land to the remainder of property owner's contiguous property, provided that, the density transfer does not increase the total number of units permitted by the zoning.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Coolidge this 12th day of May, 2008.

Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Clerk & City Attorney



302 North 1st Avenus, Suite 300 & Phoenix, Arizona 85003
Phone (602) 254-6300 & FAX (602) 254-6490
E-mail: mag@meg.maricopa.gov & Web site: www.mag.maricopa.gov

October 18, 2010

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki
Environmental Project Manager
ADOT Environmental Planning Group
206 South 17th Avenue
Phoenix, Arizona 85007-3213

RE: HOP AZ

STP-999-A(BBM)

TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 o1L North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

In response to your letter of October 13, 2010, the Maricopa Association of Governments is please to accept your invitation to be a participating agency with FHWA in the development of the NEPA document for the above referenced project for the North-South Corridor in Pinal County. Although the project is outside of the current MAG Planning area, the project's proximity to and impact on the transportation system for the MAG region causes this to be a project of major interest to MAG and the MAG member agencies.

For the purposes of coordination, please note that Roger Herzog, P.E., will serve as the contact for MAG for the purposes of this project. Roger's email is Rherzog@azmag.gov and he can be reached at (602) 254-6300.

Thank you.

Sincerely

_ /

Eric J. Anderson

Transportation Director

cc: Dennis Smith, MAG

Roger Herzog, MAG Bob Hazlett, MAG



City of Apache Junction

Home of the Superstition Mountains

October 21, 2010

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki Environmental Project Manager ADOT Environmental Planning Group 206 S Seventeenth Ave Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

RE:

HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North-South Corridor Study

Cooperating Agency Invitation

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

We are in receipt of your letter dated October 13, 2010 with regards to the aforementioned study. The City of Apache Junction is pleased to accept the invitation to participate in the study.

Giao Pham, City Engineer, will be the city's contact person. He can be reached at 480.474.8516 or via email at gpham@ajcity.net.

Kind regards,

Bryant Powell

Assistant City Manager

David Fern, Public Works Director
 Giao Pham, City Engineer



CITY OF ELOY

ARIZONA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

October 26, 2010

Rebecca Swiecki
Environmental Project Manager
ADOT Environmental Planning Group
Arizona Department of Transportation
Intermodal Transportation Division
206 S. 17th Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

RE: HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North – South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Dear Rebecca:

Thank you for the invitation to become a participating agency with FHWA in the development of the NEPA document for the North – South Corridor Study referenced above. The City of Eloy accepts this invitation and the local contact participating will be:

Rick Miller
Community Development Director
1137 W. Houser Rd.
Eloy, Az. 85131
rmiller@ci.eloy.az.us
520-466-3082
520-840-7316 cell

nulle

Thank you.

Rick Miller

1137 W. HOUSER RD, ELOY, ARIZONA 85131 PH: 520-466-4939 FAX: 520-464-1438 From: <u>Duarte, Richard M.</u>

To: <u>Cecere, Pamela; Schippers, Susanna</u>
Subject: FW: ADOT North-South Corridor participation

Date: Friday, April 01, 2011 9:43:20 AM

From: Rebecca Swiecki [mailto:RSwiecki@azdot.gov]

Sent: Thursday, October 28, 2010 5:15 AM **To:** Javier Gurrola; 'mary.frye@dot.gov'

Cc: Duarte, Richard M.

Subject: FW: ADOT North-South Corridor participation

fyi

From: Mark Thompson [mailto:Mark.Thompson@florenceaz.gov]

Sent: Wednesday, October 27, 2010 5:17 PM

To: Rebecca Swiecki Cc: Mark Eckhoff

Subject: RE: ADOT North-South Corridor participation

Hello,

The Planning Director, Mark Eckhoff accepts your invitation to participate in the ADOT North-South Corridor study and will be the main contact person for the Town of Florence. He can be reached at 520-868-7540 or via email at mark.eckhoff@florenceaz.gov

Thank you,

Mark Thompson Planner I Town of Florence P.O. Box 2670 600 N. Main Street Florence, AZ 85132 Office (520) 868-7572 Fax: (520) 868-7546

www.florenceaz.gov

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302 N. First Avenue Suite 700 Phoenix, AZ 85003 Valley/Metro, org T602.262.7433 F 602.495.0411 TTY 602.261.8208

October 29, 2010

Rebecca Swiecki
Environmental Project Manager
ADOT Environmental Planning Group
Intermodal Transportation Division
206 South 17th Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

Re: HOP AZ

STP-999-A(BBM)

TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L

North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

This is in response to your invitation to the Regional Public Transportation Authority (RPTA) to become a participating agency in the above referenced study. Since the proposed North-South Corridor Study area extends into our transit service area, RPTA would be interested in participating in this effort.

Sincerely,

Stuart Boggs, AICP, ICMA Manager of Transit Planning

Valley Metro/RPTA

cc: Carol Ketcherside, RPTA



300 E Sixth St PO Box 1466 Masa, Arizona 85211-1466

November 3, 2010

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki
ADOT Environmental Planning Group
Intermodal Transportation Division
206 S. 17th Avenue
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

RE: HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 01L North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

I am in receipt of your letter dated October 13, 2010 inviting the City of Mesa to participate with FHWA in the development of the NEPA document regarding the North-South Freeway Corridor.

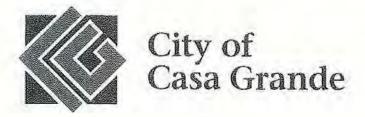
The City of Mesa accepts this invitation. Our representative will be Mr. Ken Hall, Senior Planner in our Transportation Department. Mr. Hall can be reached by email at Kenneth-Hall@mesaaz.gov or by phone at (480) 644-4729.

We appreciate the opportunity to be a part of this process.

Sincerely,

Daniel K. Cleavenger, P.E.

Transportation Department Director



November 8, 2010

Ms. Rebecca Swiecki
Environmental Project Manager
ADOT Environmental Planning Group
206 S. 17th Ave.
Phoenix, AZ 85007-3213

Re: North-South Corridor Study - NEPA/EIS

Dear Ms. Swiecki:

Thank you for the invitation to participate in the NEPA/EIS process for the North-South Corridor Study. Kevin Louis, our Public Works Director has agreed to represent the City of Casa Grande on this study.

Mr. Louis' contact information is as follows:
Kevin Louis, Public Works Director
Northern Operations Center
3181 N. Lear Avenue
Casa Grande, AZ 85122
520,421.8625
klouis@casagrandeaz.gov

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions regarding this matter.

Cordially,

Paul R. Tice II, AICP

Planning & Development Director

C: Kevin Louis, City of Casa Grande Public Works Director

From: <u>Duarte, Richard M.</u>

To: Schippers, Susanna; Cecere, Pamela

Subject: FW: HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Date: Friday, April 01, 2011 9:55:18 AM

From: Rebecca Swiecki [mailto:RSwiecki@azdot.gov] Sent: Thursday, November 11, 2010 9:48 AM To: mary.frye@dot.gov; Duarte, Richard M.

Cc: Javier Gurrola

Subject: FW: HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

fyi

From: Wayne Balmer [wayne.balmer@queencreek.org] Sent: Wednesday, November 10, 2010 1:52 PM

To: Rebecca Swiecki

Cc: Tom Condit; Troy White; Wendy Kaserman; Javier Gurrola

Subject: HOP AZ STP-999-A(BBM) North-South Corridor Study Cooperating Agency Invitation

Dear Rebecca:

Thank you for your invitation to the Town of Queen Creek to become a participating agency with FHWA in the development of the NEPA document for the North-South Freeway Corridor. The Town accepts your invitation and is pleased to become part of the process. We have already been working with Javier on this project, and we are prepared to provide any assistance you may require of us. I will be the Town's point of contact for this project, so in the future please send any information you may have to me at the address below.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Best regards.

Wayne Balmer, AICP | Community Development Manager, Development Services Department | Town of Queen Creek | phone: 480-358-3095 | fax: 480-358-3105 | e-mail: wayne.balmer@queencreek.org | 22350 S. Ellsworth Road, Queen Creek, AZ 85242 | www.queencreek.org Office hours: Monday – Thursday, 7 a.m. – 6 p.m., closed on Fridays

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RESOLUTION NO. 1314-11

A RESOLUTION OF THE COMMON COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF FLORENCE, ARIZONA, APPROVING THE TOWN OF FLORENCE MAJOR GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT FOR CASE PZC-38-11-MGPA.

WHEREAS, a Major General Plan Amendment has been submitted by the Town of Florence proposing changes to the conceptual alignment of the proposed North-South ADOT Freeway Corridor and the Freeway Mixed Use land use category; and

WHEREAS, a significant public participation process, including the holding of two public hearings of the Town of Florence Planning and Zoning Commission, has been followed; and

WHEREAS, the Planning and Zoning Commission of the Town of Florence has considered all public comments made at the public hearings; and

WHEREAS, said proposal has been considered by the Common Council and the Major General Plan Amendment has been found to: be appropriate; be consistent with the goals, objectives and strategies of the Town's General Plan; have a positive impact on the overall balance and mixture of land uses in the Town's General Plan; be consistent with good planning principles and the Town's vision; be beneficial for the Town's orderly growth; and be favorable to the general welfare, health and safety of the public. Thus, a determination has been made that the Major General Plan Amendment should be approved.

BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Common Council of the Town of Florence, Arizona as follows:

The Mayor and Common Council of the Town of Florence approve the Major General Plan Amendment request, subject to the following conditions:

 The Freeway Mixed Use (FMU) Overlay shall be changed in the 2020 General Plan to the Freeway Mixed Use (FMU) land use and this land use shall be categorized as a Mixed Use land Use Designation and be defined as follows:

"The Freeway Mixed Use (FMU) land use category provides a unique land use category related to the development of Florence's first freeway corridor. The FMU designation is designed to provide for a high intensity mix of large scale retail development, low-to-mid-rise offices, visitor-serving development (e.g., hotels and restaurants) and hospital and health care facilities in locations where excellent, accessible transportation and transit service is

anticipated. High-density residential development in a mixed use setting is also appropriate for this designation. Because the uses that will locate within this designation are typically those that seek high visibility, the quality of design and image presented by development in this area will be critical. Key elements in this category include the encouragement of high-density commercial, office and residential uses and creating attractive views from the freeway and along streets through building placement, quality architecture, pedestrian-oriented design and pleasant landscaping. Visual emphasis is to be placed on buildings and plaza/open space areas through strategic site planning efforts. Multi-modal connectivity should be emphasized throughout this land use area. Development projects in this category will be approved for size and scale on a project-by-project basis to allow for flexibility and uniqueness in the district.

Typical uses include lodging, restaurants, entertainment, specialty and general retail, large-scale regionally-oriented commercial uses (e.g., shopping malls, power centers, lifestyle centers, auto malls), high-intensity office complexes and high-density residential projects in a mixed use setting. Public/governmental facilities and other supportive and ancillary land uses may occur within this land use category.

A General Plan Amendment, either Minor or Major per Tables 14-2 and 14-3 of the 2020 General Plan, shall be required to apply the FMU land use category to any property along the designated North-South Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) Freeway alignment and this land use category will only be considered once the Town of Florence has updated the General Plan Future Land Use Map to reflect an approved North-South ADOT Freeway alignment. The application of this land use may be considered subsequent or concurrent with zoning requests that support commercial and employment projects, mixed use development or other land uses designed to capitalize on the anticipated transportation and transit service along the freeway alignment in such a manner that is consistent with recognized planning principles and with full consideration of the compatibility of adjacent land uses."

- Table 14-3 of the 2020 General Plan shall be updated to include the Freeway Mixed Use (FMU) land use category and said Table shall reflect that a proposed General Plan Amendment to FMU shall be considered a Major Amendment when the FMU land use will be adjacent to RRR, HI, P and/or MR land uses.
- 3. A note will be added under Table 14-2 of the 2020 General Plan that states: "The alignment of the conceptual North-South ADOT

Freeway Corridor on the Future Land Use Map may be changed through the Minor General Plan Amendment application process."

 The Town of Florence General Plan Future Land Use Maps shall reflect a new conceptual North-South ADOT Freeway Corridor and Gila River Main Street crossing as depicted per Exhibits A and B.

James

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Mayor and Common Council of the Town of Florence, Arizona, this 1 day of November, 2011.

VI CRU | LLUW G /icki Kilvinger, Mayor

ATTEST:

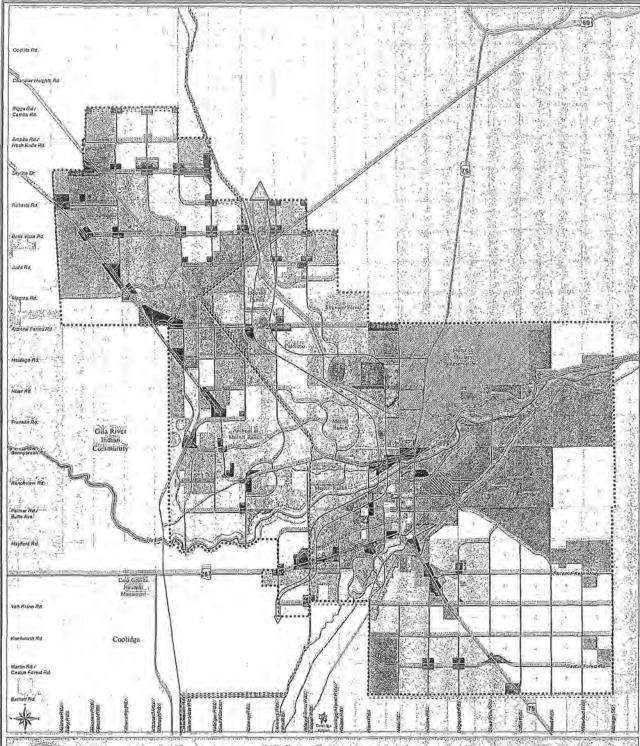
APPROVED AS TO FORM

Lisa Garcia, Town Clerk

E. Mannato, Town Attorney

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT A





Town of Florence 2020 General Plan Future Land Use Map

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- === êAB EBHBI salisisi
- R8535
- ==== Highways
- Barana Area

- NaAR-Baula ABST Freeway Espeeding Corners
- North Baulh ABBT Frankay Bancaptual Internangas

- Rural Rapabella Residential (ARR) Lew Benjaly, Residential (LGR)
- Madium Bataty, Assistantal 1 (MBR1)

 Madium Bataty, Assistantal 2 (MBR3)
- High Bensity Residential 2 (HBR1)
 High Bensity Residential 2 (HBR2)

Commercial/Office/Industrial

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- Previously Commercial (CC)

 Previously Commercial (CC)

 Employment/Eight Industrial (E/EI)
- (III) BEHEBBERN (SVERFE

- Mixed-Use Masta Blanna Camhunity (MFC)
- Bawatawa Mixaa Usa (BMU)
- HIGHWAY MIXES WEE (HMH)
- BURRAEMBISVARANDAHAT HABBERTAN (BÆALI)

- Community/Public
- BIBSH (B)
- Military Reservation (MR)
- Fance and Recreation (B/R) SPER SPACE (GS)

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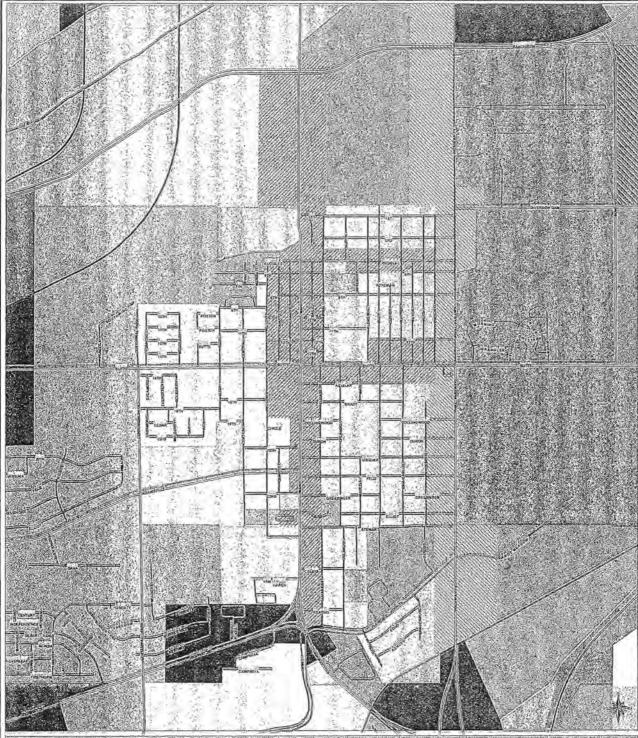
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EXHIBIT B





Florence General Plan Future Land Use Map - Downtown

Legend

- GAHAIS

- EAR BANAI

Existing Reads

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Planning Area

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- Residential

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 Law Bandly Rasidanial (LBR)

 Medium Bandly Rasidanial 2 (MBR2)

 Madium Bandly Rasidanial 2 (MBR2)

 High Bandly Rasidanial (MBR1)

 High Bandly Rasidanial (MBR2)

Commercial/Office/Industrial

- Naighbemaed Commarcial (NC)

 Community Commarcial (CC)

 Frafassichal Office (FC)
- Emplayment/Light Industrial (E/LI) Heavy Industrial (MI)

- Magler Planned Esmiranily (MPE)
- Bewalschi Mixed Use (BMU)
 Highway Mixed Use (HMU)
- BHSON/EMBIOSHISAV/LIGHT INHUSTRAL (B/E/LI)

Community/Public

- FUBILE/ESVAFARBALA! (B/E)
- BASSA (B)

Mixed-Use

- Military Reservation (MR)
- Parks and Rasisalian (F/A)
- 629 BRAN ERASS (88)

eure. Santo una espa populad tribarriori de las feue pasanilarmos e en intra filhato Rocaldia. Santo una espa ciñca, sea fem del popular el tinto ante cell tra a excepti desti a 1 cinto. Santoniori del santoniori del propio del misson del missoni l'activo en adeptivo del ser incentivo.

Town of Florence P.O. Box 2670 775 North Main Street Florence, Arizona 85132

Phone (520) 868-7500 Fax (520) 868-7501 TDD (520) 868-7502

April 5, 2013

www.llorenceaz.gov

TOWN SERVICES

Mayor Tom J. Rankin Town of Florence 775 N Main Street Florence, AZ 85132

Building Safety 868-7573

SENT VIA EMAIL:

Community Development

John Halikowski, ADOT Director 868-7575 JHalikowski@azdot.gov

Finance

Cc:

868-7624

Javier F Gurrola Fire JGurrola@azdot.gov 868-7609

Brent Cain BCain@azdot.gov

Grants 868-7513

Steve Boschen

Human Resources 868-7545

SBoschen@azdot.gov

Michael Kies MKies@azdot.gov

Library 868-8311

Mary Currie

MCurrie@azdot.gov

Municipal Court 868-7514

Re: ADOT North-South Corridor

Parks & Recreation 868-7589

Dear Mr. Halikowski:

Police 868-7681

Public Works 868-7620

Senior Center 868-7622 I want to take the opportunity to respond to the March 27th letter prepared by Mr. Gurrola to the Rose Law Group regarding the status and timing of the ADOT North-South Corridor study. First I would like to thank you and the project team for all of your hard work on this project and for working so closely with our internal project team on this very critical project. The Corridor team has been very receptive to the Town's comments and they have developed a keen understanding and knowledge of the issues that impact this region, namely the lack of a robust and diversified transportation network.

Town Attorney

868-7557

Utility Billing 868-7680

Water/Wastewater 868-7677

As you are aware, this project is essential for the continued growth of the Florence area and the Sun Corridor region and the proper location and timing of the Corridor is vital to the long term vitality and sustainability of Florence and the surrounding areas. That said, I must share my concerns about the delays we have experienced with this project and the possibility that the establishment of a final North-South alignment might be delayed beyond our expectations. While important to complete the companion toll feasibility study and understand how this future freeway will be funded and developed, it is also important that we work diligently to set the final North-South Freeway alignment as soon as practically possible. Certainly, the establishment of the final Corridor will be highly beneficial and it looks like we are getting closer and closer to that point, however, the vast difference between the establishment of the Corridor as opposed to an alignment will have a significant impact on local governments, builders and developers to be able to plan around and for this alignment. With development pressure heating up again and property values increasing, there will be increased reluctance for many to plan around the large study area we have today or even the 1,500 foot wide Corridor. The alignment provides us with much greater certainty and is defined in a manner that allows for logical land use planning and land acquisitions to occur with significantly minimized risks.

I understand the procedures you have to follow and the limitations related to the funding aspects of this project, but an expectation was understood on this project that we were working towards a final alignment in the very near future and I know that the many residents, stakeholders and elected and appointed officials I work with share this expectation. We sincerely ask that you give prioritization to the project moving to the alignment stage regardless of the outcome of the toll feasibility study.

Thank you again for your work on this project and your willingness to address the concerns stated herein.

Sincerely.

Mayor Tom J. Rankin Town of Florence

Somy Roul

RESOLUTION NO. 1490-14

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWN OF FLORENCE, PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, AFFIRMING THE TOWN OF FLORENCE'S PREFERENCES REGARDING THE PROPOSED ADOT NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY CORRIDOR.

WHEREAS, the Town of Florence has proactively worked to identify and support the short, mid and long-term transportation needs and goals for the Town; and

WHEREAS, the Town of Florence has been actively engaged with the ADOT North-South Freeway and Passenger Rail Corridor Studies to protect the long term transportation needs of the Town; and

WHEREAS, the proper alignment and future development of the proposed ADOT Freeway is critical to the long-term prosperity and sustainability of the Town of Florence; and

WHEREAS, the Town of Florence 2020 General Plan Future Land Use Map contained within the Land Use Element indicates the Town's conceptual alignment of the proposed North-South ADOT Freeway Corridor, as well as the proposed conceptual alignment of the ADOT Passenger Rail Corridor; and

WHEREAS, an ongoing public participation process, including the holding of a public hearings of the Town of Florence Planning and Zoning Commission, public hearings of the Council of the Town of Florence, and public outreach to impacted stakeholders has occurred to establish the Town's preferences for the future ADOT North-south Freeway Corridor on the Town's Future Land Use Map; and

WHEREAS, the current ADOT North-South Freeway Study alternatives do not precisely match the preferences of the Town via the approved Future Land Use Map, the Town affirms its support of the Future Land Use Map, but expresses its corridor segment preferences within the Town's Planning Area to be: O3, V, X and AO; and

WHEREAS, the Town must take a stance against alternatives that vary substantially from the Town's preferences and that would be damaging to the Town's future prosperity and sustainability, particularly referring to objectionable segments G, Q and AB; and

WHEREAS, the Town must support alternatives that are in support of the Town's position as the County Seat of Pinal County and a major employer for the Town of Florence; and

WHEREAS, the positions stated via this Resolution have been found to: be

appropriate; be consistent with the goals, objectives and strategies of the Florence 2020 General Plan; Specifically, the Amendment is consistent with Goals One and Two of the Circulation Element that support a safe, efficient, balanced and comprehensive transportation system and Goal One of the Economic Development Element that states "Develop a sustainable economy in order to maintain a vibrant and healthy community". Thus, a determination has been made that this Resolution should be approved.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Council of the Town of Florence, Arizona, as follows:

The Mayor and Council of the Town of Florence hereby adopt this resolution affirming the Town's preferences regarding the ADOT North-South Freeway Corridor.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Mayor and Council of the Town of Florence, Arizona, this 8th day of December, 2014.

Tom J. Rankin, Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Lisa Garcia, Town Clerk

James E. Mannato, Town Attorney

RESOLUTION NO. 15-1343

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ELOY SUPPORTING AND ENDORSING SEGMENT "Z/AA" AS IDENTIFIED IN THE NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR STUDY AS THE CITY OF ELOY PREFERRED ROUTE ALTERNATIVE IN THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STUDY BEING PREPARED BY THE ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

WHEREAS, the Arizona Department of Transportation ("ADOT") has completed initial engineering and environmental studies analyzing potential alignment segments, for a proposed freeway connecting Interstate 10 with US Highway 60 ("North-South Freeway") within the central portion of Pinal County; and,

WHEREAS, ADOT has conducted extensive public outreach to provide information to, and receive feedback from, the City of Eloy (the "City"), its residents, and the surrounding communities that will integrate the North-South Freeway into its transportation network and land use pattern, benefitting both citywide and regional mobility; and,

WHEREAS, changes in the boundaries of adjacent communities and their respective planning areas have caused the City of Eloy to reevaluate and change its support to the Z/AA Segment rather than the Fast Track Road alignment to preserve economic development efforts of the City as well as increase mobility opportunities for its residents; and,

WHEREAS, the alignment of the Z/AA Segment will provide opportunities for the enhancement of the economy of the City; and,

WHEREAS, ADOT is preparing the Draft Environmental Impact Statement to assess Segment Z/AA and the other remaining segment of the North-South Freeway; and,

WHEREAS, Segment Z/AA utilizes the existing right-of-way of State Route 87, requiring only a portion of new right-of-way, making it more cost effective than the other segment; and,

WHEREAS, the utilization of Segment Z/AA significantly diminishes the presence of environmental (i.e. fissures, drainage, etc.) impediments that exist with the other alternative, allowing for a more cost effective North-South Freeway; and,

WHEREAS, the location of Segment Z/AA allows for the future freeway to capture vehicle trips to the east and west of SR 87 within the City, rather than the alignment to the east; and,

WHEREAS, the utilization of Segment Z/AA places the freeway closer to downtown Eloy, providing opportunities to capture economic development opportunities and patronage, as well as transit access-rather than the alternative segment, which will function as a by-pass; and,

WHEREAS, the utilization of Segment Z/AA allows for the potential southerly extension of the freeway to serve the southern portion of the City's planning area in the future.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ELOY, ARIZONA AS FOLLOWS:

That the City of Eloy supports and endorses Segment Z/AA as the preferred route alternative for the North-South Corridor Freeway in the Environmental Impact Study being prepared by the Arizona Department of Transportation.

APPROVED this 23rd day of March, 2015.

Joel G. Belloc, Mayor

ATTEST:

Myers, City

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Stephen R. Cooper, City Attorney



SENT VIA EMAIL ONLY

Mr. Victor Yang
Senior Project Manager
ADOT Urban Project Management Group
1611 West Jackson, EM01
Phœnix, Arizona 85007
vyang@azdot.gov

RE: North-South Freeway Corridor Study – 400' Wide Alignment Preference through Northern Coolidge Area

Dear Mr. Yang,

Property Reserve, Inc. ("PRI"), a subsidiary of the Corporation of the Presiding Bishop of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints ("CPB"), is the owner of approximately 3,860 total acres within the North-South Freeway Corridor Study area, located between Vah Ki Inn Road and Bartlett Road, just northeast of Coolidge.

PRI, Pinal Land Holdings, and Langley Properties/WDP Partners, all major land owners and stakeholders in the North-South Freeway Corridor Study area, have been working together to arrive at a mutually agreeable 400' wide alignment through the northern Coolidge portion of the Corridor Study area. Our intent has been to remain as consistent as possible with the remaining ADOT corridor segments in the area, as well as the routes historically supported by the land owner/stakeholder group and the City of Coolidge.

Exhibit "A" attached hereto shows three possible 400° alignments in this area for ADOT's consideration. Options A and B are supported by all three land owners/stakeholders (PRI, Pinal Land Holdings, and Langley Properties/WDP Partners). Option C is supported by Pinal Land Holdings only.

We encourage you to evaluate these alignment alternatives as you work to identify the recommended 400' wide alignment for the North-South Freeway. Once you have had time to evaluate, we request the opportunity to have further discussion with you about them.

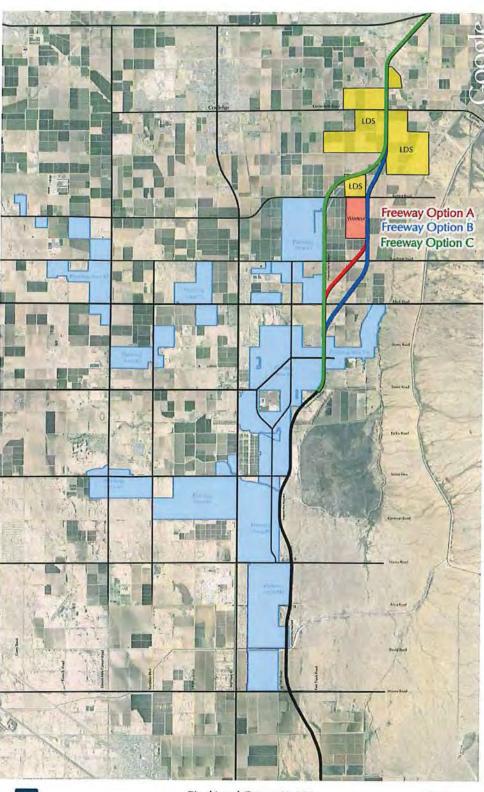
Sincerely,

Danny Owen

Attachment: Exhibit "A"

cc: Bob Flatley, City of Coolidge Rick Miller, City of Coolidge

Exhibit "A"





Pinal Land Group 11,447 Planning Areas





Salt River Project

Janeen C. Rohovit

SR Government Relations Representative

P.O. Box 52025 Mail Stop: PAB221 Phoenix, AZ 85072-2025 Phone: (602) 236-2679 Fax: (602) 629-8374

Janeen.Rohovit@srpnet.com

January 5, 2016

Victor Yang Arizona Department of Transportation Multimodal Planning Division 205 S. 17th Avenue, MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007

Dear Mr. Yang,

As you know, representatives of SRP have served on the North-South Corridor Study (NSCS) Agency Group throughout the extensive process of alternative route development and selection. SRP appreciates the opportunity to have provided input and technical expertise from an engineering and design perspective. We believe generally that the development and outcomes of the process were comprehensive, collaborative and well-conducted. These comments are in response to the Federal Highway Authority request of the study team to evaluate an Idaho Road interchange option, connecting the NSCS to US 60 through the Portalis development.

The Portalis development, now referred to as Lost Dutchman Heights, is a 7,700-acre development proposed on State Trust land between Meridian and Mountain View Roads. SRP shares the concerns of the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD) and the City of Apache Junction (City) regarding placing an alternative through the future development of Lost Dutchman Heights for the following reasons:

First, as indicated in the meeting summary from July 14, 2015, an Idaho Road alternative may, within a short distance, cross both the CAP Canal and Maricopa County Flood Control District's flood retarding structure(s). We are concerned this change would add unnecessary costs to the project. Second, it is our opinion that only one-mile spacing between the Ironwood interchange and an Idaho Road interchange, both located on US60, is inconsistent with the overall planning for this area and in fact creates significant planning congestion.

For over a decade, the Lost Dutchman Heights property, located on both sides of Idaho Road, has been a key focus for regional comprehensive planning conducted by the ASLD, the City, and by Pinal County. The primary planning for the region, some of which is currently moving forward, stems from the

anticipated development of Lost Dutchman Heights. Adoption of an Idaho Road alternative will divide a pivotal property and significantly alter future development opportunities as well as the economic growth opportunities predicted to occur locally and for the region as a whole.

SRP appreciates the opportunity to provide comments on this critical component of the North-South Corridor Study. SRP supports the ASLD and the City in their request to reject the Idaho Road option and keep the Lost Dutchman Heights development unimpaired.

Sincerely,

Janeen Rohovit

Cc: Lisa Atkins; ASLD

Michelle Green; ASLD

Bryant Powell; City of Apache Junction

Molly Greene; SRP

Yes, the [complete agen	cy namel CENTRAL A	ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS (CAG)	
wishes to be a Participat	ing Agency under Section	40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the orth-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental	
Or;			
CEQ for the North-South	articipating Agency under Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS	Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the i. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be elve information on the project.	
Date: November	1, 2016		
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	CENTRAL ARIZONA GOVERNMENTS (CAG) TRAVIS ASHBAUGH		
Address:	1075 SOUTH IDA	40 ROAD, SUITE 300, ARICHE JUNCTION, AZ 85119	
Ernail Address:	tashbaugh @ cagu	A.Zorg	
Phone Number:	480 - 474 - 9300		
Please return to:			
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Adminis 4000 N. Central Ave., Su Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 382-8973		Victor Yang Project Manager Arizona Department of Transportation 205 S.17th Ave MD605E Phoenix AZ 85007 (602) 712-8715	
aryan.lirange@dot.gov		VYang@azdot.gov	

The state of the s	ing Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the
Impact Statement (EIS).	al Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-South	rticipating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be gency and continue to receive information on the project.
Date:	
Name of Organization:	Sun Corribor MPO
Agency contact for this project:	Trene Higgs
Address:	211 N. Florence St. Sk 103 Casa Grande, Az 85/22
Email Address:	i higgs a scripo lorg
Phone Number:	(520) 705-5143
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Adminis	stration Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Su	ite 1500 205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Yes, he [complete agency	namel City	of Elov
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		orth-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Impact Statement (EIS).	addity (or dy for the fit	Sin Count College Clady No. 1 Elimonatorial
Or;		
No, the [complete agency r	ame]	
does not wish to be a Parti	cipating Agency under	Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the
CEQ for the North-South C	orridor Study Tier 1 EIS	3. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be
listed as a stakeholder age	ncy and continue to rec	eive information on the project.
Date:	(2) 3(25)	
Novembe	3,2016	2-
Name of Organization:	City of El	'av
Agency contact	City of Ci	0, 11
for this project:	HARVEY KR	AUSS, City MANAGER
3 m - 0		
Address:	28 N. 17AIN.	Street, Eloy, AZ 85131
Facility Address	14 01	
Email Address:	hkrauss@ele	DYAZ.GOU
Phone Number:	520-466-92	201
Please return to:		
Aryan Lirange	or	Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer		Project Manager
Federal Highway Administr	ation	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite	1500	205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012		Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973		(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov		VYang@azdot.gov

of the

Yes, the [complete agency name] CITY wishes to be a Participating Agency under Section Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) for the Number Statement (EIS).	40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the
Or;	
No, the [complete agency name] does <u>not</u> wish to be a Participating Agency under CEQ for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Els listed as a stakeholder agency and continue to rec	[2] L. S. (1) U. S. I. I. (1) [1] S. (1) [1] U. (1) [1] J. (1) [1] [2] U. (1) U. (1) [2] U. (1) U. (1) [2] U. (1) U
Date: Nov. 4, 2016	
Name of Organization: CITY OF CAgency contact for this project: GILBERT LO	
Address: 131 W. PINI	KLEY AVE. COOLIDAE AZ 85128
Email Address: glopeZec	oolidge az.com
Phone Number: 520 - 723 -	6075
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange or	Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot:gov	VYang@azdot.gov

wishes to be a Participating Agency under	nal County - Public Works, er Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
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Date: 11/7/2016	
Name of Organization: Pinal C Agency contact for this project: AND Y S	mith
Address: 31 N. P	Inal Street Florence, AZ 85132
Email Address: Andrew, So	with Dpinal County Az 500
Phone Number: 5zo - g	366-6407
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500 Phoenix, Arizona 85012	or Victor Yang Project Manager Arizona Department of Transportation 205 S.17th Ave MD605E Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973 aryan.lirange@dot.gov	(602) 712-8715 VYang@azdot.gov

Yes, the [complete agency na	me] CITT OF APACHE JUNCTION
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Date: ///8//6	
Name of Organization:	CITY OF APACHE JUNCTION
Agency contact for this project:	GIAO N. PHAM
Address:	575 F. BASELINE AVE 85119
Email Address:	GPHAM @ AJCITY, NET
Phone Number:	(48) 474-8513
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	on Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 15	500 205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

Yes, the [complete agency name] Town	of Florence, AZ
wishes to be a Participating Agency under Section	
Or;	
	er Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the IS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be eceive information on the project.
Date: 11/8/2016	¥
Agency contact for this project: Mark EC	Florence, Arizona CKhoff
Address: 224 W . 20	St., Florence, AZ 85132
Email Address: Mark. ec	Khoffe florence azagov
Phone Number: 520 - 868	-7540
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange or Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration 4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	Arizona Department of Transportation 205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

wishes to be a Participating Agency un	der Section	40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the orth-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;		
	y Tier 1 EIS	Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the 3. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be seive information on the project.
Date: 11/9/16	_	
Name of Organization: FLOOR CO	חשמו	DISTRICT OF MARICADA COUNTY
Agency contact		Terry
Address: 2801 Phoen	A	EARGO ST.
Email Address: fet@	mail.	mancopa.gov
Phone Number: 402-	506	- 8111
Please return to:		
Aryan Lirange	or	Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer		Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration		Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500		205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012		Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973		(602) 712-8715
arvan.lirange@dot.gov		VYang@azdot.gov

Conty

	ency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the ity (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-South Corrid	ting Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the or Study Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be and continue to receive information on the project.
D'ate: 12/1/14	
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	cricopa County Department of Transportation enise Lacey
Address: 29	Ol W. Durango 31 Phoenix, Az 85308
Email Address:	rise lacey Omcil maricopa gov
Phone Number: 602	506-6172
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 150	00 205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

RESOLUTION NO. 16-30

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA, ADOPTING A MAJOR AMENDMENT TO THE 2025 GENERAL PLAN FOR THE CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA TO CHANGE PORTIONS OF THE CIRCULATION ELEMENT OF THE 2025 GENERAL PLAN BY CHANGING THE PREFERRED NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY ALIGNMENT, CHANGING THE PREFERRED LOCATIONS OF TWO INTERCHANGES AND ADDING AN ADDITIONAL INTERCHANGE DEDICATED EXCLUSIVELY TO INLAND PORT TRAFFIC.

WHEREAS, A.R.S. §9-461.06(H) provides that a major amendment to a city's general plan shall be approved by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the legislative body, and that these amendments must be presented at a single public hearing during the calendar year during which the proposal is made; and

WHEREAS, the City has consulted with, advised and provided an opportunity for official comment by public officials and agencies, the county, appropriate school districts, associations of governments, public land management agencies, other appropriate government jurisdictions, public service corporations, civic educational, professional and other organizations, together with property owners and citizens; and

WHEREAS, at least sixty (60) days prior to the adoption of this Resolution, the City has provided a copy of the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan for the review and further comment to:

- 1. Pinal County Planning Department
- City of Casa Grande
- 3. Town of Florence
- 4. City of Eloy
- Gila River Indian Community
- 6. Arizona Commerce Authority
- 7. Central Arizona Association of Governments
- 8. Arizona State Land Department
- 9. Arizona Department of Water Resources
- 10. Eloy Chamber of Commerce
- 11. Florence Chamber of Commerce
- 12. Greater Casa Grande Chamber of Commerce
- 13. Casa Grande Union High School District
- 14. Casa Grande Elementary School District
- 15. Pinal County

- 16. Eloy Fire Department
- 17. Arizona Public Service
- 18. San Carlos Irrigation Project
- 19. Ho Ho Kam Irrigation Drainage District
- 20. Coolidge Unified School District
- 21. Pinal County School Offices
- 22. Florence Unified School District
- Southwest Gas Corp
- 24. Santa Cruz Valley Union High School District
- 25. Eloy Elementary School District
- 26. Gila River Indian Community

WHEREAS, the Planning and Zoning Commission of the City having held a public hearing on the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan on October 5, 2016, and notice of such hearing was published in the Coolidge Examiner not less than fifteen (15) days nor more than thirty (30) days prior to the hearing; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council held a public hearing on the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan on November 14, 2016, and notice of such hearing was published in the Coolidge Examiner not less than fifteen (15) days nor more than thirty (30) days prior to the hearing; and

WHEREAS, the proposed Major Amendment would have the effect of changing portions of the Circulation Element of the 2025 General Plan by changing the City's preferred alignment corridor for the future North-South freeway and changing select preferred interchange locations on said freeway. The location of the proposed change is south of Randolph Road to the southern end of the City's Planning Boundary as shown in Exhibit A, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona believe it is in the best interests of the City and citizens of the City of Coolidge that the 2025 General Plan Major Amendment be approved.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona as follows:

Section 1. That the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona find and determine that Notice has been given in the manner required by A.R.S. §9-461.06 of the proposal of the City to adopt a Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan of the City of Coolidge and that each of the required publications have been made as required by law.

Section 2. That the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan of the City of Coolidge, Arizona has been approved by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the City Council as required by the general plan amendment process as outlined in A.R.S. §9-461.06(H).

<u>Section 3</u>. That the City of Coolidge 2025 General Plan be amended to change portions of the Circulation Element of the 2025 General Plan by changing the City's preferred alignment corridor for the future North-South freeway and changing select preferred interchange locations on said freeway as shown on attached Exhibit A.

Passed and adopted by the Mayor and the City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona this 12th day of December, 2016.

APPROVED:

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Clerk

City Attorne

EXHIBIT A



CITY OF ELOY



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT PLANNING & ZONING * BUILDING & SAFETY * CODE ENFORCEMENT

September 1, 2016

City of Coolidge C/o Rick Miller, City Manager 131 W. Pinkley Avenue Coolidge, AZ 85128

RE: City

City of Coolidge 2016 Major General Plan Amendment

2025 General Plan Circulation Element-Transportation Plan Map

Dear Mr. Miller:

Thank you for your notification regarding the 60-Day Notice regarding City of Coolidge 2016 proposed Major General Plan Amendment. Staff has reviewed the proposed amendment and offers the following comments for your consideration:

Alignment of the North-South Freeway. The City of Eloy is supporting the alignment that brings the freeway through the City of Eloy on the existing alignment of State Route 87, as identified on the City of Eloy Circulation Map. As such, we recommend that your proposed future North/South Freeway alignment be shifted to the west, which will continue to be in conformance with the North-South Freeway corridors identified on the Pinal County Regionally Significant Routes for Safety & Mobility Map.

Location of Fully Directional Freeway to Arterial Interchanges. The City of Eloy is currently proposing the amendment of its Circulation Map to identify future North-South Freeway interchanges at the following arterial roads: Florence Boulevard, Selma Highway, Aztec Street (1/2 mi. street between Arica Street and Shedd Road), Houser Road and Alsdorf Road. We believe the Aztec alignment is a logical location to allow for an equi-distant interchange between Houser Road and Arica Road. We note that your proposal locates an interchange at Arica Road, which would only create a one mile interval between Hanna and Arica Roads.

We have included the Eloy General Plan Circulation Map (60-day review version) for your reference. If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards,

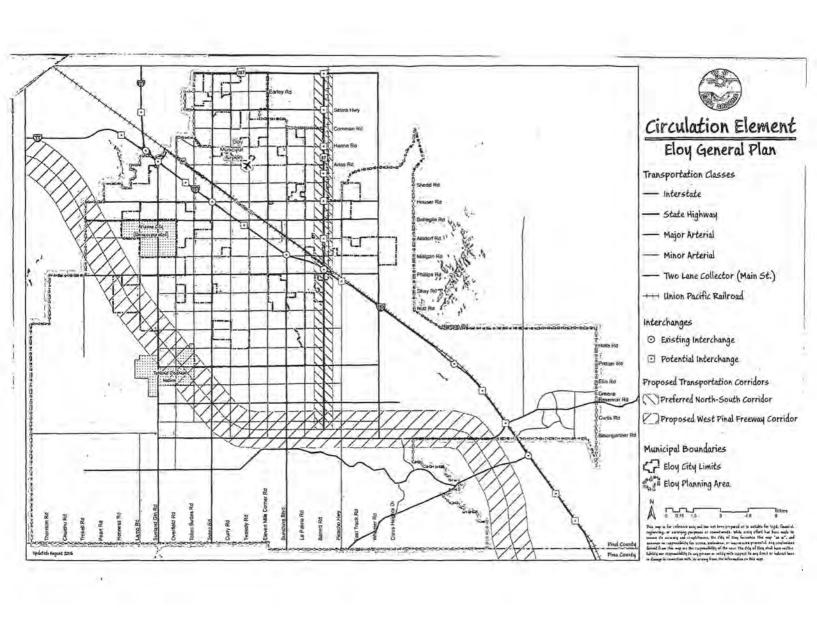
Jon Vlaming

Community Development Director

Cc:

City of Coolidge Planning and Zoning Commission
City of Coolidge Mayor and City Council, c/o City Clerk
Andy Smith, Pinal County, Transportation Planning Principal Planner
Gina Salinas, Pinal County, Transportation Planning Specialist
Harvey Krauss, City of Eloy, City Manager
Ken Martin, City of Eloy, Public Works Director/Engineer
Lance Dunagan, City of Eloy Public Works Superintendent

1137 West Houser Road, Eloy, Arizona 85131 • 520/466-2578 • FAX 520/464-1438
"Right in the Heart of Arizona's Future"



Louis Andersen Public Works Director Scott Bender County Engineer



August 10, 2016

Mr. Richard Miller Growth Management Director City of Coolidge 131 W. Pinkley Ave. Coolidge, Arizona 85128

Re: General Plan Amendment - Inland Port Arizona

Dear Mr. Miller;

We are in receipt of your General Plan Amendment request dated July 14, 2016.

We are in agreement with the Coolidge's General Plan amendment, and support the change in alignment of the North-South Freeway. Keep in mind that the ultimate configuration will be determined by ADOT.

If you should have any questions please do not hesitate to contact me at (520) 866-6558 or louis.andersen@pinalcountyaz.gov.

Sincerely

Louis Andersen

Cc: Scott Bender – Pinal County Himanshu Patel – Pinal County Andy Smith – Pinal County Victor Yang - ADOT

JLC FAMILY INVESTMENTS, LLC

6859 E. Rembrandt Ave., Suite 125 Mesa, AZ. 85212 PHONE 480-988-3110 FAX 480-988-3059

September 9, 2016

City of Coolidge c/o Rick Miller, City Manager 131 W. Pinkley Ave. Coolidge, AZ 85128

RE: City of Coolidge 2016 Major General Plan Amendment; 2025 General Plan Circulation Element - Transportation Plan Map

Mr. Miller

We have been made aware of the proposed changes in the City of Coolidge 2016 proposed Major General Plan Amendment and offer the following comments for your review and consideration:

Kleck Rd. North-South Freeway Interchange. We prefer an alignment in this area with the North-South Freeway interchange on Kleck Rd. about 1/2 mile east of Attaway Rd.

Coolidge Ave. North-South Freeway Interchange. Coolidge Ave. is the major east/west route through the center of Coolidge. Therefore, we feel an interchange on the North-South Freeway should be located on Coolidge Ave.

North-South Freeway Alignment Between Steele and Houser Roads. We are supportive of a North-South Freeway alignment, between Steele and Houser Roads, that brings the freeway on the existing alignment of SR 87.

Aztec St. North-South Freeway Interchange. The City of Eloy is currently proposing an amendment of its Circulation Map which would locate a future North-South Freeway interchange at Aztec Street (1/2-mile street between Arica Street and Shedd Road). We support the City of Eloy's proposed amendment because the Aztec interchange would provide for an equi-distant interchange between Hanna and Houser Roads. We would also support the movement of the City of Coolidge's proposed "Dedicated Inland Port Interchange" to Aztec St.

Sincerely,

Todd Cooley Manager l Covery



PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

AGENDA

1

STAFF REPORT

TO:

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

FROM:

Rick Miller, Growth Management Director

MEETING DATE:

October 5, 2016 (Public Hearing)

SUBJECT:

COOLPZ 16-07-04: Major GPA modifying portions of the transportation element of

the General Plan.

REQUEST

Request by the City of Coolidge to modify potions of the preferred North-South freeway alignment, changing the preferred locations of two interchanges, and adding an additional interchange dedicated exclusively to inland port traffic.

COOLPZ 16-07-04: A Major General Plan Amendment submitted by the City of Coolidge changing the City preferred alignment corridor for the future North-South freeway and changing select preferred interchange locations on said freeway. The location of the proposed change is south of Randolph Rd to the southern end of the City's Planning Boundary.

APPLICANT/OWNER

City of Coolidge 130 W. Central Ave Coolidge, AZ 85128 P: (602) 808-8600

HISTORY

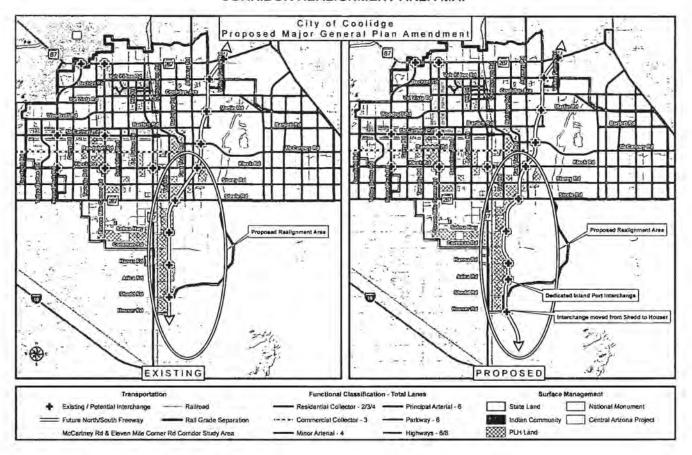
June 23, 2014 - 2025 General Plan "The Future Today" – Adopted by the Mayor and City Common Council and ratified by the voters at the November 4, 2014 General Election established a transportation element map and a process where these elements could be changed through either major or minor amendments. This proposed amendment qualifies as a Major Amendment which the Planning and Zoning Commission meet only once per year to consider these type of amendment requests.

DISCUSSION

The proposed Major General Plan Amendment is being requested by the City of Coolidge to better facilitate a large scale inland port and industrial park near the southern end of the City's Planning Area Boundary.

The proposed realignment should have no adverse impact on the surrounding area or the General Plan as a whole as it is currently vacant and/or farmland. The majority owners of property involved have expressed an interest in developing the property and wishes to work with the City of Coolidge to do so; they have other land holdings within the City.

CORRIDOR REALIGNMENT AREA MAP



General Plan Amendment Review Criteria:

In considering applications for a Major General Plan Amendment, the Planning and Zoning Commission & City Council shall find that the following review criteria set forth in the current City's General Plan 2025 and in accordance with ARS 9-461.05 and 06 are substantially met as follows:

 The pattern and distribution of land use categories in the existing General Plan provides an adequate number of optional sites for the type and intensity of land use proposed to be changed by the amendment.

Not applicable to this amendment.

 The amendment would create an overall and long-term improvement of the General Plan for the entire community and will not create a short term benefit for an individual property owner and/or an exclusive class of property owners.

The proposed amendment is requested because it will better allow development of large portions of land within the City's Planning Area and existing Corporate Limits. The eventual development of these lands will provided much needed economic activity and jobs, as well as future housing opportunities. The amendment will be in harmony with the land use policy figure in the General Plan Update.

3) The amendment will not create an adverse impact on the community, or any part of the community by: a) significantly altering existing acceptable land use patterns; b) requiring increased levels of service for roads, sewer, water and/or other public services than are need to support the predominant land uses in the immediate area, and which may impact the ability or cost of providing services in other areas; c) significantly increasing traffic on existing facilities; d) impacting the health, safety and quality of life for existing residents

Approval of this amendment will have a positive impact on the community and surrounding area. The freeway realignment in this area will not alter existing or accepted land use patterns and is consistent with previously adopted zoning and development plans. Future development of the area will ultimately increase traffic on existing roadways and may impact existing levels of service on these roads. Sewer, Water and other levels of public service will be required when this area is developed. There will be some increased traffic associated with the future development of this area and the developer(s) will be required to improve the roadway(s) to approved standards outlined in the City's approved master transportation plan.

The amendment is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan and other adopted plans, codes and ordinances.

Changing the preferred alignment of the North-South freeway and subsequent interchange modifications to this area is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan 2025 as it provides for commercial and industrial development in the realignment area consistent with the Land Use Policy figure.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION/COMMENTS

Public hearing notification efforts for this request meet the requirements set out by City Code and ARS 9-461.06E. They include:

- 60-Day Review period for all Governmental Officials, Public Officials, County, School Districts, Public Land Management Agencies, Public Utility Companies, Professional, and other organizations sent on July 22, 2016.
- On September 21, 2016 the public hearing notice was published in the Coolidge Examiner for the Planning Commission meeting on October 5, 2016.

Inquiries/Comments

See attached

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval of the Major General Plan Amendment, to modify potions of the preferred North-South freeway alignment, changing the preferred locations of two interchanges, and adding an additional interchange dedicated exclusively to inland port traffic, in accordance with the map included with this report.

RESOLUTION NO. 16-30

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA, ADOPTING A MAJOR AMENDMENT TO THE 2025 GENERAL PLAN FOR THE CITY OF COOLIDGE, ARIZONA TO CHANGE PORTIONS OF THE CIRCULATION ELEMENT OF THE 2025 GENERAL PLAN BY CHANGING THE PREFERRED NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY ALIGNMENT, CHANGING THE PREFERRED LOCATIONS OF TWO INTERCHANGES AND ADDING AN ADDITIONAL INTERCHANGE DEDICATED EXCLUSIVELY TO INLAND PORT TRAFFIC.

WHEREAS, A.R.S. §9-461.06(H) provides that a major amendment to a city's general plan shall be approved by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the legislative body, and that these amendments must be presented at a single public hearing during the calendar year during which the proposal is made; and

WHEREAS, the City has consulted with, advised and provided an opportunity for official comment by public officials and agencies, the county, appropriate school districts, associations of governments, public land management agencies, other appropriate government jurisdictions, public service corporations, civic educational, professional and other organizations, together with property owners and citizens; and

WHEREAS, at least sixty (60) days prior to the adoption of this Resolution, the City has provided a copy of the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan for the review and further comment to:

- 1. Pinal County Planning Department
- City of Casa Grande
- 3. Town of Florence
- 4. City of Eloy
- Gila River Indian Community
- 6. Arizona Commerce Authority
- 7. Central Arizona Association of Governments
- 8. Arizona State Land Department
- 9. Arizona Department of Water Resources
- 10. Eloy Chamber of Commerce
- 11. Florence Chamber of Commerce
- 12. Greater Casa Grande Chamber of Commerce
- 13. Casa Grande Union High School District
- 14. Casa Grande Elementary School District
- 15. Pinal County

- 16. Eloy Fire Department
- 17. Arizona Public Service
- 18. San Carlos Irrigation Project
- 19. Ho Ho Kam Irrigation Drainage District
- 20. Coolidge Unified School District
- 21. Pinal County School Offices
- 22. Florence Unified School District
- Southwest Gas Corp
- 24. Santa Cruz Valley Union High School District
- 25. Eloy Elementary School District
- 26. Gila River Indian Community

WHEREAS, the Planning and Zoning Commission of the City having held a public hearing on the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan on October 5, 2016, and notice of such hearing was published in the Coolidge Examiner not less than fifteen (15) days nor more than thirty (30) days prior to the hearing; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council held a public hearing on the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan on November 14, 2016, and notice of such hearing was published in the Coolidge Examiner not less than fifteen (15) days nor more than thirty (30) days prior to the hearing; and

WHEREAS, the proposed Major Amendment would have the effect of changing portions of the Circulation Element of the 2025 General Plan by changing the City's preferred alignment corridor for the future North-South freeway and changing select preferred interchange locations on said freeway. The location of the proposed change is south of Randolph Road to the southern end of the City's Planning Boundary as shown in Exhibit A, which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference.; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona believe it is in the best interests of the City and citizens of the City of Coolidge that the 2025 General Plan Major Amendment be approved.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona as follows:

Section 1. That the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona find and determine that Notice has been given in the manner required by A.R.S. §9-461.06 of the proposal of the City to adopt a Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan of the City of Coolidge and that each of the required publications have been made as required by law.

Section 2. That the proposed Major Amendment to the 2025 General Plan of the City of Coolidge, Arizona has been approved by an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the City Council as required by the general plan amendment process as outlined in A.R.S. §9-461.06(H).

<u>Section 3</u>. That the City of Coolidge 2025 General Plan be amended to change portions of the Circulation Element of the 2025 General Plan by changing the City's preferred alignment corridor for the future North-South freeway and changing select preferred interchange locations on said freeway as shown on attached Exhibit A.

Passed and adopted by the Mayor and the City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona this 12th day of December, 2016.

APPROVED:

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Clerk

City Attorne

EXHIBIT A



CITY OF ELOY



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT PLANNING & ZONING * BUILDING & SAFETY * CODE ENFORCEMENT

September 1, 2016

City of Coolidge C/o Rick Miller, City Manager 131 W. Pinkley Avenue Coolidge, AZ 85128

RE: City

City of Coolidge 2016 Major General Plan Amendment

2025 General Plan Circulation Element-Transportation Plan Map

Dear Mr. Miller:

Thank you for your notification regarding the 60-Day Notice regarding City of Coolidge 2016 proposed Major General Plan Amendment. Staff has reviewed the proposed amendment and offers the following comments for your consideration:

Alignment of the North-South Freeway. The City of Eloy is supporting the alignment that brings the freeway through the City of Eloy on the existing alignment of State Route 87, as identified on the City of Eloy Circulation Map. As such, we recommend that your proposed future North/South Freeway alignment be shifted to the west, which will continue to be in conformance with the North-South Freeway corridors identified on the Pinal County Regionally Significant Routes for Safety & Mobility Map.

Location of Fully Directional Freeway to Arterial Interchanges. The City of Eloy is currently proposing the amendment of its Circulation Map to identify future North-South Freeway interchanges at the following arterial roads: Florence Boulevard, Selma Highway, Aztec Street (1/2 mi. street between Arica Street and Shedd Road), Houser Road and Alsdorf Road. We believe the Aztec alignment is a logical location to allow for an equi-distant interchange between Houser Road and Arica Road. We note that your proposal locates an interchange at Arica Road, which would only create a one mile interval between Hanna and Arica Roads.

We have included the Eloy General Plan Circulation Map (60-day review version) for your reference. If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Regards,

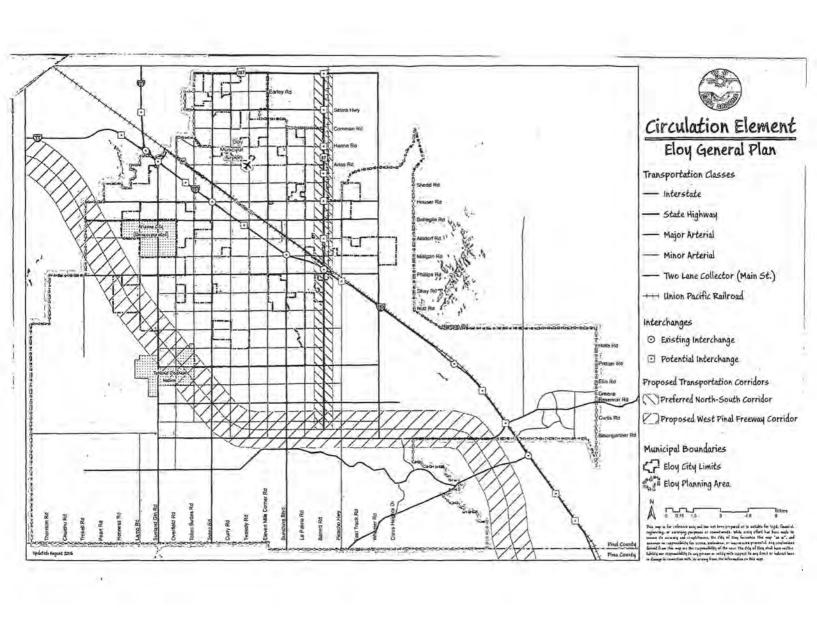
Jon Vlaming

Community Development Director

Cc:

City of Coolidge Planning and Zoning Commission
City of Coolidge Mayor and City Council, c/o City Clerk
Andy Smith, Pinal County, Transportation Planning Principal Planner
Gina Salinas, Pinal County, Transportation Planning Specialist
Harvey Krauss, City of Eloy, City Manager
Ken Martin, City of Eloy, Public Works Director/Engineer
Lance Dunagan, City of Eloy Public Works Superintendent

1137 West Houser Road, Eloy, Arizona 85131 • 520/466-2578 • FAX 520/464-1438
"Right in the Heart of Arizona's Future"



Louis Andersen Public Works Director Scott Bender County Engineer



August 10, 2016

Mr. Richard Miller Growth Management Director City of Coolidge 131 W. Pinkley Ave. Coolidge, Arizona 85128

Re: General Plan Amendment - Inland Port Arizona

Dear Mr. Miller;

We are in receipt of your General Plan Amendment request dated July 14, 2016.

We are in agreement with the Coolidge's General Plan amendment, and support the change in alignment of the North-South Freeway. Keep in mind that the ultimate configuration will be determined by ADOT.

If you should have any questions please do not hesitate to contact me at (520) 866-6558 or louis.andersen@pinalcountyaz.gov.

Sincerely

Louis Andersen

Cc: Scott Bender – Pinal County Himanshu Patel – Pinal County Andy Smith – Pinal County Victor Yang - ADOT

JLC FAMILY INVESTMENTS, LLC

6859 E. Rembrandt Ave., Suite 125 Mesa, AZ. 85212 PHONE 480-988-3110 FAX 480-988-3059

September 9, 2016

City of Coolidge c/o Rick Miller, City Manager 131 W. Pinkley Ave. Coolidge, AZ 85128

RE: City of Coolidge 2016 Major General Plan Amendment; 2025 General Plan Circulation Element - Transportation Plan Map

Mr. Miller

We have been made aware of the proposed changes in the City of Coolidge 2016 proposed Major General Plan Amendment and offer the following comments for your review and consideration:

Kleck Rd. North-South Freeway Interchange. We prefer an alignment in this area with the North-South Freeway interchange on Kleck Rd. about ¼ mile east of Attaway Rd.

Coolidge Ave. North-South Freeway Interchange. Coolidge Ave. is the major east/west route through the center of Coolidge. Therefore, we feel an interchange on the North-South Freeway should be located on Coolidge Ave.

North-South Freeway Alignment Between Steele and Houser Roads. We are supportive of a North-South Freeway alignment, between Steele and Houser Roads, that brings the freeway on the existing alignment of SR 87.

Aztec St. North-South Freeway Interchange. The City of Eloy is currently proposing an amendment of its Circulation Map which would locate a future North-South Freeway interchange at Aztec Street (1/2-mile street between Arica Street and Shedd Road). We support the City of Eloy's proposed amendment because the Aztec interchange would provide for an equi-distant interchange between Hanna and Houser Roads. We would also support the movement of the City of Coolidge's proposed "Dedicated Inland Port Interchange" to Aztec St.

Sincerely,

Todd Cooley Manager l Covery



PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

AGENDA

1

STAFF REPORT

TO:

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

FROM:

Rick Miller, Growth Management Director

MEETING DATE:

October 5, 2016 (Public Hearing)

SUBJECT:

COOLPZ 16-07-04: Major GPA modifying portions of the transportation element of

the General Plan.

REQUEST

Request by the City of Coolidge to modify potions of the preferred North-South freeway alignment, changing the preferred locations of two interchanges, and adding an additional interchange dedicated exclusively to inland port traffic.

COOLPZ 16-07-04: A Major General Plan Amendment submitted by the City of Coolidge changing the City preferred alignment corridor for the future North-South freeway and changing select preferred interchange locations on said freeway. The location of the proposed change is south of Randolph Rd to the southern end of the City's Planning Boundary.

APPLICANT/OWNER

City of Coolidge 130 W. Central Ave Coolidge, AZ 85128 P: (602) 808-8600

HISTORY

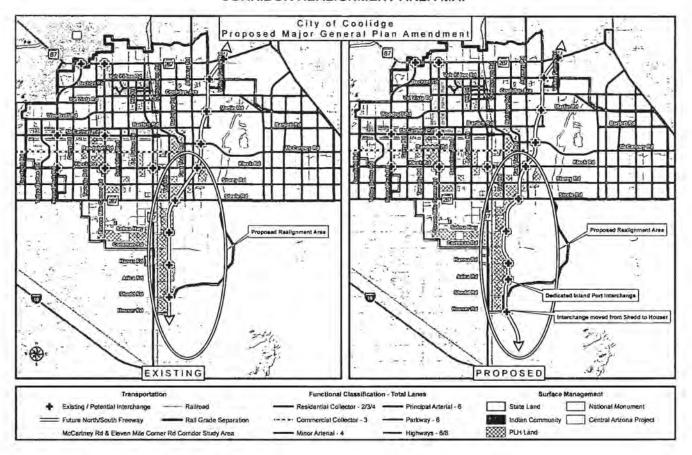
June 23, 2014 - 2025 General Plan "The Future Today" – Adopted by the Mayor and City Common Council and ratified by the voters at the November 4, 2014 General Election established a transportation element map and a process where these elements could be changed through either major or minor amendments. This proposed amendment qualifies as a Major Amendment which the Planning and Zoning Commission meet only once per year to consider these type of amendment requests.

DISCUSSION

The proposed Major General Plan Amendment is being requested by the City of Coolidge to better facilitate a large scale inland port and industrial park near the southern end of the City's Planning Area Boundary.

The proposed realignment should have no adverse impact on the surrounding area or the General Plan as a whole as it is currently vacant and/or farmland. The majority owners of property involved have expressed an interest in developing the property and wishes to work with the City of Coolidge to do so; they have other land holdings within the City.

CORRIDOR REALIGNMENT AREA MAP



General Plan Amendment Review Criteria:

In considering applications for a Major General Plan Amendment, the Planning and Zoning Commission & City Council shall find that the following review criteria set forth in the current City's General Plan 2025 and in accordance with ARS 9-461.05 and 06 are substantially met as follows:

 The pattern and distribution of land use categories in the existing General Plan provides an adequate number of optional sites for the type and intensity of land use proposed to be changed by the amendment.

Not applicable to this amendment.

 The amendment would create an overall and long-term improvement of the General Plan for the entire community and will not create a short term benefit for an individual property owner and/or an exclusive class of property owners.

The proposed amendment is requested because it will better allow development of large portions of land within the City's Planning Area and existing Corporate Limits. The eventual development of these lands will provided much needed economic activity and jobs, as well as future housing opportunities. The amendment will be in harmony with the land use policy figure in the General Plan Update.

3) The amendment will not create an adverse impact on the community, or any part of the community by: a) significantly altering existing acceptable land use patterns; b) requiring increased levels of service for roads, sewer, water and/or other public services than are need to support the predominant land uses in the immediate area, and which may impact the ability or cost of providing services in other areas; c) significantly increasing traffic on existing facilities; d) impacting the health, safety and quality of life for existing residents

Approval of this amendment will have a positive impact on the community and surrounding area. The freeway realignment in this area will not alter existing or accepted land use patterns and is consistent with previously adopted zoning and development plans. Future development of the area will ultimately increase traffic on existing roadways and may impact existing levels of service on these roads. Sewer, Water and other levels of public service will be required when this area is developed. There will be some increased traffic associated with the future development of this area and the developer(s) will be required to improve the roadway(s) to approved standards outlined in the City's approved master transportation plan.

The amendment is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan and other adopted plans, codes and ordinances.

Changing the preferred alignment of the North-South freeway and subsequent interchange modifications to this area is consistent with the overall intent of the General Plan 2025 as it provides for commercial and industrial development in the realignment area consistent with the Land Use Policy figure.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION/COMMENTS

Public hearing notification efforts for this request meet the requirements set out by City Code and ARS 9-461.06E. They include:

- 60-Day Review period for all Governmental Officials, Public Officials, County, School Districts, Public Land Management Agencies, Public Utility Companies, Professional, and other organizations sent on July 22, 2016.
- On September 21, 2016 the public hearing notice was published in the Coolidge Examiner for the Planning Commission meeting on October 5, 2016.

Inquiries/Comments

See attached

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval of the Major General Plan Amendment, to modify potions of the preferred North-South freeway alignment, changing the preferred locations of two interchanges, and adding an additional interchange dedicated exclusively to inland port traffic, in accordance with the map included with this report.

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

C-1	1 - C Coca Canada
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Or;	
No, the [complete agency name]	1
CEQ for the North-South Corridor Study Tier of listed as a stakeholder agency and continue to	nder Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be o receive information on the project.
Date: 12/16/16	
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project: C. Ly of Duane	Cusa Grande S. E. tel, P.E.
Address: 318/ N. 2	Lear Ave, Cusa Grende, AZ 85194
	@ Casagrandeaz, gov
Phone Number: 480-600	5-2091
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Yes, the [complete agency name]	Saft River Project.
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Impact Statement (EIS).	
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	Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be
listed as a stakeholder agency and cont	inue to receive information on the project.
Date:	
12.21.16	
Name of Organization: 54H	River Project
Agency contact	Later Dalland
for this project:	ICEL KULOVIT
Address;	Prox 52025 Phoenix AZ en. vohovit & sipnet.com 85072-2025
	05070-7075
Email Address:	in vohovit & siphet. Com 03012 2021
Phone Number: (a)	2.736.2679
(202	256. 2011
Please return to;	
Aryan Lirange	or Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer	Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration	Arizona Department of Transportation
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500	205 S.17th Ave MD605E
Phoenix, Arizona 85012	Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973	(602) 712-8715
anyan liranga@dot gov	Wang@azdot.gov



PHONE (480) 988 7600 FAX (480) 988 2315

January 24, 2017

Victor Yang, P.E. Project Manager Arizona Department of Transportation 205 South 17th Avenue MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007

Re: 999-A(365)X TRACS No. 999 PN 000 H7454 North-South, US 0 to I-10 North-South Corridor Tier 1 EIS Coordination Plan for Agency and Public Involvement

Dear Victor,

Thank you for providing the North-South Corridor Tier 1 EIS Coordination Plan for review and solicitation for comments. Since no portions of the airport are within the proposed project area, Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Authority (PMGAA) does not have any jurisdiction or authority with respect to the project. PMGAA would request to remain a stakeholder in this coordination plan, as well as through the duration of the EIS. PMGAA believes that the planned North-South Corridor, combined with the extension of, and connection to State Route 24, plays a significant role in the continued development of the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport area. Planned transportation connections are a key component for that success.

While PMGAA does not have a preference as to where the roadway will start south from US 60, to help ensure the growth and development of the Gateway region PMGAA respectfully requests ADOT's considerations for:

- The interchange/connection between the North-South Corridor Roadway and State Route 24
- State Route 24 extension design and construction to the North-South Corridor Roadway interchange
- Construct the North-South Corridor Roadway, State Route 24 extension and connecting interchange in a coordinated timeline
- Ellsworth Road & Williams Field Road connectivity from westbound State Route 24 to provide access to planned airport facilities for North-South Corridor traffic

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comment on the North-South Corridor's next phase. PMGAA welcomes the opportunity to further discuss and work with ADOT, and associated agencies, on these important regional projects.

Sincerely,

Tony Bianchi, C.M. Airport Planner

Cc: Rebecca Yedlin

Scott Bender County Engineer



February 3, 2017

Mr. Victor Yang P.E Major Projects Group Manager Multimodal Planning Division 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007

Re: North South (& SR 24) Study Tier 1 EIS (999 PN 000 H7454 01L/ STP-999-A (365) (X)

Dear, Mr. Yang;

We appreciate all the time, energy, and resources that you and the North South Project Team have been doing for the identification of a preferred corridor. Pinal County has participated in the studies for the last ten years.

Pinal County is very interested in identifying a preferred corridor and feel that the Tier I Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) could be the tool to identification of a preferred corridor. We are aware there have been similar studies throughout the Country that create a "working-alignment" at a 400 feet wide corridor. We are not suggesting that the culturally sensitive areas and other environmental impacts be confined to the 400 feet corridor. However, we know there has been multiple environmental research efforts conducted and believe that refinement to a 400 feet wide corridor is feasible while preserving the culturally sensitive properties. We also understand a Tier II effort in the future will be performed to recommend a preferred alignment.

Thank you for your consideration and we continue to support the north south study efforts. Please feel free to contact me at (520) 866-6407.

Sincerely,

Andrew Smith – sent by email Planning Supervisor

Cc: Greg Stanley Louis Andersen Scott Bender

> Michael LaBianca HDR Aryan Lirange FHWA Paul O'Brien ADOT EPG

North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Yes, the [complete agence	y name]_ Phoenix	-Mesa (Gateway Airport Authority,
•			0 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the th-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;			
CEQ for the North-South	rticipating Agency u Corridor Study Tier	1 EIS.	ection 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Unless requested otherwise your agency will be ive information on the project.
Date: 2/22/17			
Name of Organization:	Phoenix-Mesa Ga	teway A	irport Authority
Agency contact for this project:	Tony Bianchi, Airp	ort Plan	ner
Address:	5835 South Sossa	man Ro	pad
Email Address:	tbianchi@gateway	airport.	com
Phone Number:	480-988-7649		
Please return to:			
Aryan Lirange		or	Victor Yang
Senior Urban Engineer			Project Manager
Federal Highway Administration		Arizona Department of Transportation	
4000 N. Central Ave., Suite 1500		205 S.17th Ave MD605E	
Phoenix, Arizona 85012			Phoenix AZ 85007
(602) 382-8973			(602) 712-8715
aryan.lirange@dot.gov			VYang@azdot.gov

From: Rohovit Janeen C

To: <u>LaBianca, Michael; Victor Yang (VYang@azdot.gov)</u>

Cc: Hardin Floyd E; Lubandi Elijah B; Laurence Alexis R; Henley Bryce L

Subject: FW: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

Date: Tuesday, February 21, 2017 12:18:48 PM

Attachments: image001.png

20160329101211573.pdf EHV Setup Areas 030211.pdf 69KV Setup Areas 030911.pdf

Hello Michael and Victor,

Writing in response to submitting comments for the Tier1 EIS by February 21st, SRP is resubmitting the attached. We recognize it is very likely you have already integrated these items but, we are submitting on the off chance that has not occurred.

We are happy to address any questions.

Thank you, Janeen

From: Lubandi Elijah B

Sent: Friday, February 17, 2017 3:46 PM

To: Rohovit Janeen C < Janeen. Rohovit@srpnet.com>

Cc: Laurence Alexis R <Alexis.Laurence@srpnet.com>; Hardin Floyd E <Floyd.Hardin@srpnet.com>; Henley Bryce L

<Bryce.Henley@srpnet.com>

Subject: FW: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

Hello Janeen,

Below is the last formal communication we shared with the ADOT team regarding potential conflict points. I have also attached the markup as well as the exhibits that we shared so they would "self-police" as they explored their route options.

Thanks and have a great weekend.

Elijah Lubandi

SRP - Transmission Line Asset Management

Mail Station: EVS 119 7050 E. University Drive

Mesa, AZ 85207

Phone: (602) 236-3794 Cell: (310) 844-3163

"The best preparation for tomorrow is doing your best today." H. Jackson Brown, Jr

From: Victor Yang [mailto:VYang@azdot.gov]
Sent: Thursday, March 31, 2016 10:10 AM
To: Lubandi Elijah B < Elijah.Lubandi@srpnet.com>

Cc: Damron Troy G < <u>Troy.Damron@srpnet.com</u>>; Donahue Jolie M < <u>Jolie.Donahue@srpnet.com</u>>; Palomino Ernest J

<Ernest.Palomino@srpnet.com>; Stewart Floyd W <Floyd.Stewart@srpnet.com>; Johnsen William M (Bill)

<<u>Bill.Johnsen@srpnet.com</u>>; Rohovit Janeen C <<u>Janeen.Rohovit@srpnet.com</u>>; Hardin Floyd E

<<u>Floyd.Hardin@srpnet.com</u>>; Hays Donald T (Don) <<u>Don.Hays@srpnet.com</u>>; Reber Norman R (Norm)

<<u>Norm.Reber@srpnet.com</u>>; Unser Mike D <<u>Mike.Unser@srpnet.com</u>>; Callahan Tami A <<u>Tami.Callahan@srpnet.com</u>>;

Earwood Ryan D < Ryan.Earwood@srpnet.com; Laurence Alexis R < Alexis.Laurence@srpnet.com

Subject: RE: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

Elijah,

Thank you for the information. This is very helpful data for our reference. Once NS study moves to the next level of detail and we are ready to share the information with stakeholders, my team will coordinate with your group with more refined information.

Thanks again,

Victor Yang P.E.

Major Projects Group Manager

Multimodal Planning Division 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007 Direct (602) 712-8715 Fax (602) 712-8992 Vyang@azdot.gov



From: Lubandi Elijah B [mailto:Elijah.Lubandi@srpnet.com]

Sent: Thursday, March 31, 2016 9:58 AM

To: Victor Yang

Cc: Damron Troy G; Donahue Jolie M; Palomino Ernest J; Stewart Floyd W; Johnsen William M (Bill); Rohovit Janeen C; Hardin Floyd E; Hays Donald T (Don); Reber Norman R (Norm); Unser Mike D; Callahan Tami A; Earwood Ryan D; Laurence Alexis R **Subject:** RE: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

Hello Victor,

Attached is a more detailed redline of your latest route study area as it relates to SRP's 69kV/115kV/230kV/500kV facilities from Transmission Line Asset Management. Please note that as you refine and narrow down your route selection, we shall be able to more clearly identify the locations that might create conflicts between your route proposal and the existing and future SRP EHV facilities. We shall at some point need to clearly identify the SRP easement boundaries, as well as surveyed structure locations as they relate to the proposed routes in order to evaluate any potential mitigation plans as the route selection evolves.

I have attached two exhibits that illustrate the design offsets from our facilities that will assist your team as they evaluate the potential route options. There are some facilities that have not been built yet, and are in the design phase. I am hopeful that by the time you get to narrowing the route selections we shall have completed design with structure locations identified, that we shall be able to use as reference to evaluate compatibility with your proposed design that might need to co-exist with SRP's EHV facilities.

Please advise if you have any questions and we shall be glad to assist. Also please refer any questions related to SRP's Distribution conflicts 12kV and below to Ryan Earwood @ 602-236-4128, Water facilities to Susana Ortega @ 602-236-5799, Communication facilities to Damron Troy @ 602-236-8503, and Substation to Floyd Stewart @ 602-236-3727.

Sincerely

Elijah Lubandi

SRP – Transmission Line Asset Management

Mail Station: EVS 119 7050 E. University Drive

Mesa, AZ 85207

Phone: (602) 236-3794 Cell: (310) 844-3163

From: Victor Yang [mailto:VYang@azdot.gov]
Sent: Monday, March 07, 2016 9:00 AM

To: Laurence Alexis R < Alexis.Laurence@srpnet.com>

Cc: Damron Troy G <<u>Troy.Damron@srpnet.com</u>>; Lubandi Elijah B <<u>Elijah.Lubandi@srpnet.com</u>>; Donahue Jolie M

<<u>Jolie.Donahue@srpnet.com</u>>; Palomino Ernest J <<u>Frnest.Palomino@srpnet.com</u>>; Stewart Floyd W

<<u>Floyd.Stewart@srpnet.com</u>>; Johnsen William M (Bill) <<u>Bill.Johnsen@srpnet.com</u>>

Subject: RE: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

SRP EXTERNAL WARNING: THINK BEFORE TAKING ANY ACTION WITH UNEXPECTED EMAILS. REPORT ANYTHING SUSPICIOUS.

Thank you all for your inputs on this subject.

Best,

Victor Yang P.E.

Major Projects Group Manager

Multimodal Planning Division 205 S.17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007 Direct (602) 712-8715 Fax (602) 712-8992 Vyang@azdot.gov



From: Laurence Alexis R [mailto:Alexis.Laurence@srpnet.com]

Sent: Monday, March 07, 2016 8:44 AM

To: Victor Yang

Cc: Damron Troy G; Lubandi Elijah B; Donahue Jolie M; Palomino Ernest J; Stewart Floyd W; Johnsen William M (Bill)

Subject: RE: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

Victor,

Thank you for submitting your updated plans. Your plans have been reviewed and I've included updated comments below.

Response Group	Conflict Type	Comment	Responder
Communications Engineering	No Conflict		TGDAMRON
Distribution Planning	No Conflict		EJPALOMI
Customer and System	Potential		
Improvement Distribution	Conflict		JMDONAHU
	Potential		
Land	Conflict	Facilities in land rights.	ARLAUREN
		Still in preliminary stage of route selection.	

Line Asset Management	Potential Conflict	2. Potential conflicts to be resolved as project develops. 3. Floyd and Elijah will process for TLAM.	EBLUBAND
Substation Maintenance	Potential Conflict	Dinosaur sub is shown on DWG No U-2.10, our current access is Germann Rd. from Schnepf Rd. The proposed western alternative is shown between the substation and Schnepf and does not show a connetion to Germann. What would be our access to the substation?	FWSTEWAR

In addition to the comments above regarding existing facilities, I also received these comments regarding proposed transmission facilities:

ADOT's proposed western corridor shown on the attached sheet may have a potential conflict with our new Abel-Pfister-Ball 230kV line. It will be a double circuit 230kV line underbuilt with a double circuit 69kV line. The crossing is in the SW quarter of Section 26, T3 South, R8 East on the north side of the Magma Arizona Railroad.

We will need to make sure we have our NESC minimum line clearances met. If the freeway is going to be elevated to go over the Magma Railroad, our proposed line most likely will have to be raised from its current design, as will our existing 500/230kV line on the south side of the RR.

Contact information for these individuals is included on the attached list. The individuals listed above will work with you to resolve specific issues related to their facilities. Please continue to submit updated plans for review

Thank you again for utilizing our plan review process!

Alexis Laurence | Land Management Agent | Salt River Project Mail Station PAB 348 | P.O. Box 52025 | Phoenix | AZ 85072-2134

Phone: (602) 236-3532 | Fax: (602) 236-8193 | <u>Alexis.Laurence@srpnet.com</u>

From: Laurence Alexis R

Sent: Monday, December 28, 2015 12:22 PM

To: 'VYang@azdot.gov'

Cc: Damron Troy G; Lubandi Elijah B

Subject: North South Corridor Study / H7454 01L ADOT / LJ62657

Thank you for submitting your plans through the SRP Land Department's Initial Plan Review process. Your plans have been reviewed to determine possible conflicts with existing SRP facilities. The following SRP facility types are located within the scope of your project. Included with the facility type is the SRP department and individual who is responsible for the further review of your project and any specific issues which need to be addressed.

Response Group	Conflict Type	Comment	Responder
Communications Engineering	No Conflict		TGDAMRON
	Potential		
Land	Conflict	Facilities in land rights.	ARLAUREN
		Still in preliminary stage of route selection.	
	Potential	Potential conflicts to be resolved as project develops. 3. Floyd and Elijah will process for	
Line Asset Management	Conflict	TLAM.	EBLUBAND

Contact information for these individuals is included on the attached list. I will be the Land Agent facilitating the resolution of land right issues and any required documentation to complete the review and approval of your proposed improvements relative to SRP facility conflicts. My contact information is included below. The individuals listed above will work with you to resolve specific issues related to their facilities. If you have an SRP plan submittal web site, please submit subsequent

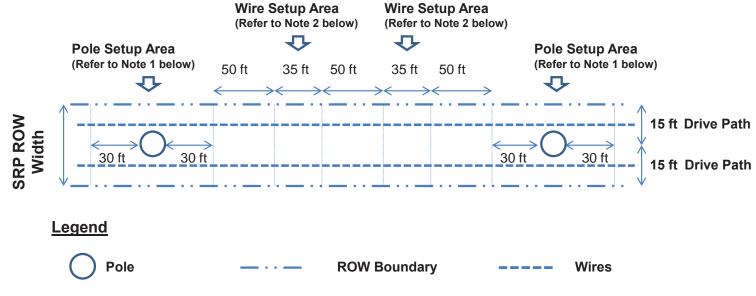
plans/revisions through the new project site you initially created for this specific project. If you do not have an SRP plan submittal web site then subsequent plans should be delivered to **the DMS Coordinator**. The DMS Coordinator can be contacted via email at workflow@srpnet.com. The DMS Coordinator can also assist you to establish your company plan submittal web site.

Thank you again for utilizing our plan review process! We look forward to the successful review and approval of your project.

Alexis Laurence | Land Management Agent | Salt River Project
Mail Station PAB 348 | P.O. Box 52025 | Phoenix | AZ 85072-2134
Phone: (602) 236-3532 | Fax: (602) 236-8193 | Alexis.Laurence@srpnet.com

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SRP TRANSMISSION ROW MAINTENANCE SETUP AREAS Applicable to 69KV

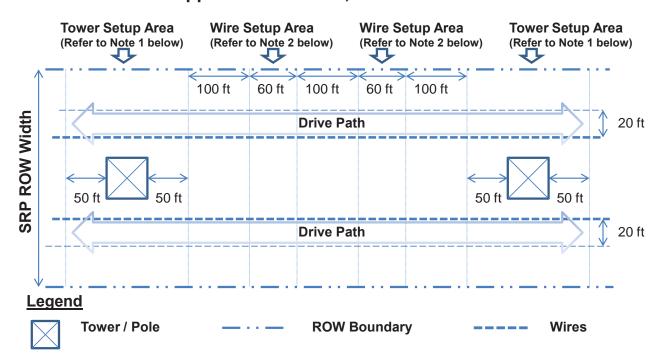


Notes

- 1. Pole Setup Areas are defined as a rectangular area 30 ft on each side of the face of pole by the width of the easement. Unobstructed "high and dry" access is required 24/7.
- 2. Wire Setup Areas are defined as a rectangular area 35 ft long by the width of easement, repeating every 50 ft between the Pole Setup Areas.
- 3. Wire and Pole Setup Areas must be clear of above grade improvements with a 20:1 max slope.
- 4. Below Grade improvements within Setup Areas are reviewed on a case by case basis. Prior written Consent by SRP is required.
- 5. SRP requires an unobstructed "high and dry" equipment drive path,15 ft wide with a 20:1 max slope, running parallel to the wires for the entire length of the easement on both sides of the Poles (if double circuit).
- 6. Refer to SRP Design Guidelines for Proposed Improvement in Transmission ROW for more details, including requirements for Point Load Calculations and Pole Stability Study submittals to SRP.

3/9/2011

SRP TRANSMISSION ROW MAINTENANCE SETUP AREAS Applicable to 115KV, 230KV & 500KV



Notes

- 1. Tower / Pole Setup Areas are defined as a rectangular area 50 ft on each side of the outside tower legs or face of pole by the width of the easement. Unobstructed "high and dry" access is required 24/7.
- 2. Wire Setup Areas are defined as a rectangular area 60 ft long by the width of easement, repeating every 100 ft between the Tower / Pole Setup Areas.
- 3. Wire and Pole Setup Areas must be clear of above grade improvements with a 20:1 max slope.
- 4. Below Grade improvements within Setup Areas are reviewed on a case by case basis. Prior written Consent by SRP is required.
- 5. SRP requires an unobstructed "high and dry" equipment drive path, 20ft wide with a 20:1 max slope, running parallel to the wires for the entire length of the easement on both sides of the Towers / Poles.
- 6. Refer to SRP Design Guidelines for Proposed Improvement in Transmission ROW for more details, including requirements for Point Load Calculations and Pole Stability Study submittals to SRP.

3/2/2011



City of Coolidge

130 West Central Avenue Coolidge, Arizona 85128 Phone: (520) 723-5361

TDD: (520) 723-4653 / Fax: (520) 723-7910

July 19, 2017

North South Corridor Study Team

City of Coolidge Comments

Using the current Highway 87 Right-of-Way South of Coolidge to Interstate 10 is not an appropriate route for the North South Freeway Corridor for the following reasons:

The highway parallels the Union Pacific Railroad approximately 1,350 feet apart. The cost of establishing future grade separated interchanges and non-interchange crossings over both of these facilities would be cost prohibitive. On and off ramp design with the railroad conflict would be difficult and costly.

The current 1,350 depth from Highway 87 to the Union Pacific Railroad is an excellent location for light and heavy industrial uses that will have a positive economic benefit to the region. Placing a freeway on this highway will virtually eliminate that potential.

Placing a freeway over the current two lane highway will only net two lanes of traffic. Placing the freeway east of the Union Pacific Railroad in the vicinity of the Vail Road alignment will provide greater capacity for traffic by maintaining the existing Highway 87 for local traffic. Highway 87 could also be used as a detour route if there is a serious accident on the freeway. Highway 87 will likely be widened in the future to four or six lanes serving as a local major arterial street.

The proposed Arizona Inland Port and Pinal Logistics Park lying east of the Union Pacific Railroad will be one of the major economic development hubs of the South West Region. Placing a future freeway along the East side of this development, as designed in the preliminary development plan, provides excellent transportation access to the development for the thousands of employees that will be working in this area as well as the freight access out of the inland port to markets.

There are fewer utility conflicts on the route East of the Union Pacific Railroad near the Vail Road alignment.

The City of Coolidge General Plan Transportation Map identifies the freeway corridor to the East of the Union Pacific railroad consistent with the Arizona Inland Port and Pinal Logistics Park. The Coolidge Mayor and City Council negotiated and approved a development agreement with the City of Mesa and Pinal Land Holdings giving support for the North South Freeway as shown in the City General Plan.

The Highway 87 route supported by the City of Eloy may be contrary to pre-annexation development agreements they negotiated with developers of the proposed Orchards at Picacho and Orchard Hills Planned Area Developments. These documents should be evaluated and the owners of these projects should be consulted.

The City of Eloy previously supported a project called "Arizona TransPort" which is shown on a map of proposed developments on the Eloy Website under Departments>Community Development>Documents, Forms and Maps>Proposed developments. This unsuccessful project was proposed by Colorado Springs based Schuck Corporation and is in the exact same location that the City of Coolidge successfully annexed for the Arizona Inland Port and Pinal Logistics Park. Attached is an article from the Arizona Daily Star which references this project and the City of Eloy's support for it.

The City of Coolidge appreciates the efforts by ADOT and its consultants to gain public input in this corridor study effort. The Mayor and City Council have gone on record supporting a preferred alignment through the Coolidge Planning Area by passing a Resolution which has previously been provided to ADOT.

Please give me a call if you have any questions about the points of consideration outlined in this letter.

Sincerely,

Rick Miller

City Manager

Cc: Mayor and City Council members

miller



City of Coolidge Jon Thompson, Mayor

Office of the Mayor

130 West Central Avenue Coolidge, Arizona 85128

Phone: (520) 723-5361 TDD: (520) 723-4653 / Fax: (520) 723-7910

September 28, 2017

North South Corridor Study Team

City of Coolidge Comments Tier 1, Western Alternative W3, E3c/d, and W4 on ADOT map dated 8/3/2017

In summary, the City of Coolidge <u>strongly opposes</u> the proposed late changes (new western alignment-cultural avoidance resource area) to the currently adopted routes through the City of Coolidge, established through an extensive public process.

The City of Coolidge conducted an extensive North South Freeway alignment review process to ensure that all stakeholders had input into the alternative routes that were proposed for consideration. This also recognized our community efforts to plan for the utilization of these properties to their best potential from a land use and economic development standpoint. Because our community is located in a growth corridor, the planning for these properties was established before the latest recession. A majority of properties affected by the North South Freeway were planned and entitled taking into account the proximity of the proposed alignment.

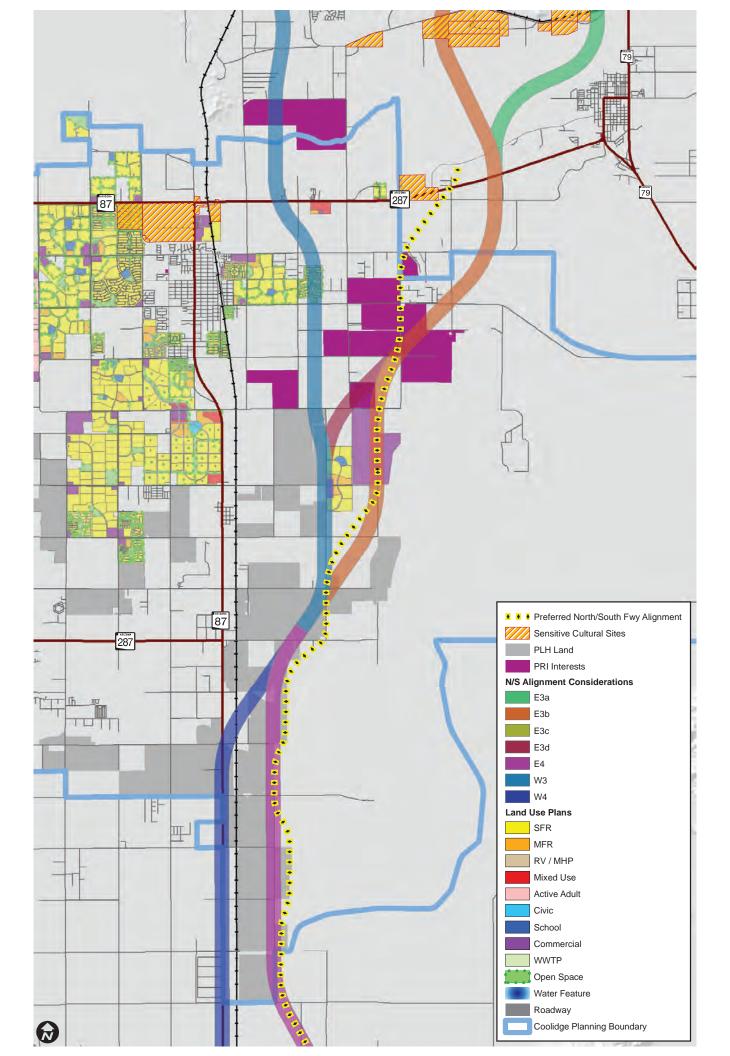
Likewise, the new western alterative would disrupt a high number of existing and planned residential developments (PAD's) that are existing now or will be in the future. We have highlighted those developments on the attached map.

We also believe this new proposal would negativity impact our future Mall development agreement entered into with WESTCOR (now Maserich Co.), which was developed on the original proposed freeway route adopted by the City Council, many years ago.

The City of Coolidge appreciates the ongoing efforts by ADOT and their consultants to solicit public input for the North South Freeway alignment. Please call us if you have any questions.

Sincerely

Mayor Jon Thompson



LaBianca, Michael

From: Victor Yang < VYang@azdot.gov>
Sent: Victor Yang < VYang@azdot.gov>
Monday, December 18, 2017 11:38 AM

To: Tony Bianchi

Cc: LaBianca, Michael; ADOT NSCS

Subject: RE: North South Corridor Study H7454 01L/STP 999-A(365)X - Agency Stakeholder

Meeting

Categories: REVIEWED

Tony,

Thank you for coordinating with me on this potential concern. We will consider this as we develop and evaluate the alternatives.

Thanks Again!

Victor Yang P.E.

Major Projects Group Manager
Multimodal Planning Division
205 S.17th Ave, MD605E
Phoenix, AZ 85007
Direct (602) 712-8715
Fax (602) 712-8992
Vyang@azdot.gov



From: Tony Bianchi [mailto:TBianchi@gatewayairport.com]

Sent: Monday, December 18, 2017 11:01 AM

To: Victor Yang **Cc:** Bob Draper

Subject: RE: North South Corridor Study H7454 01L/STP 999-A(365)X - Agency Stakeholder Meeting

Good Morning Victor:

One item that I made note of during the recent stakeholder's call was the W1a & W1b alignment located near the Rittenhouse Auxiliary Airfield which the AZ Army National Guard may be concerned with the proximity of the possible freeway for their practice operations (helicopter).

The FAA and Gateway Airport completed a siting study a couple years ago to relocate our current Airport Surveillance Radar (ASR) on the airport to a site @ Rittenhouse as well. By moving the radar facility it will enable Gateway to develop 700 acres on the airport's east side and will close a radar coverage gap between portions of Phoenix and Tucson due to the Santan Mountains. While no timetable for the move has been finalized yet, I wanted to share this consideration with you as well, so that as you work towards alignments Gateway will also have a vested interested to not create any obstruction, or potential radar coverage gap, that highway construction and placement could possibly have. Down the

road this is an item we would want to coordinate with ADOT on if one of the west alignments was selected. But for now, I wanted to make you aware of this selected site and possible facility @ Rittenhouse.

Let me know if you'd need any more information, or if this email could constitute additional participating agency contact from our original letter submitted.

Thanks,
Tony Bianchi, GISP, C.M.
Airport Planner
Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport Authority
5835 South Sossaman Road
Mesa, Arizona 85212-6014
Office: 480-988-7649

Fax: 480-988-2315

tbianchi@gatewayairport.com www.gatewayairport.com

Please be advised that our office hours are Monday - Thursday 7 a.m. to 6 p.m. We are closed Fridays.

From: Victor Yang [mailto:VYang@azdot.gov]
Sent: Friday, December 15, 2017 11:06 AM

To:

Subject: RE: North South Corridor Study H7454 01L/STP 999-A(365)X - Agency Stakeholder Meeting

Good Morning,

Thank you for attending yesterday's Stakeholder Agency Meeting.

During the meeting yesterday we discussed about the Cooperating and Participating Agencies Corridor Preference Form. This is one of the attachments that I emailed to all of you on 12/13/2017 (one of the four email attachments of meeting material). I have attached this form in this email again. This form provides another opportunity for all cooperating and participating agencies on this project to submit comments on their preferred corridor alignments. The deadline for submitting is 12/28/2017 (one per agency).

If you have any questions please feel free to contact me.

Happy Holiday!

Victor Yang P.E. **Major Projects Group Manager**Multimodal Planning Division
205 S.17th Ave, MD605E

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Direct (602) 712-8715

Fax (602) 712-8992

Vyang@azdot.gov



From: Victor Yang

Sent: Wednesday, December 13, 2017 4:13 PM

To:

Good afternoon,

Attached meeting material for tomorrow Agency Stakeholder meeting. Skype Link and parking direction is included in the meeting invite sent to you earlier. Look forward to seeing you.

Best,

Victor Yang P.E.

Major Projects Group Manager

Multimodal Planning Division

205 S.17th Ave, MD605E

Phoenix, AZ 85007

Direct (602) 712-8715

Fax (602) 712-8992

Vyang@azdot.gov



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City of Apache Junction

300 East Superstition Boulevard • Apache Junction, Arizona 85119 • www.ajcity.net

January 11, 2018

Arizona Department of Transportation Attn: Victor Yang 205 S. 17th Ave, MD605E Phoenix, AZ 85007

Dear Mr. Yang:

The City of Apache Junction's Silly Mountain master plan proposed funding for implementation is not identified and there is no time table for funding of this project.

If there ever is funding identified, the City of Apache Junction will contact and coordinate any joint planning with the Arizona Department of Transportation.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide you with the City of Apache Junction's perspective.

Sincerely,

Bryant Powell City Manager

RESOLUTION NO. 19-1454

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ELOY IN SUPPORT OF SEGMENT 4, EXTENDING FROM HIGHWAY 287 (FLORENCE BOULEVARD) TO INTERSTATE 10 (I-10), ADVOCATING FOR THE SELECTION OF THE "W4" CORRIDOR OF THE PROPOSED NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY IN THE TIER ONE DRAFT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT (DEIS).

WHEREAS, the Arizona Department of Transportation ("ADOT") is in the process of completing a Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement, for a proposed freeway connecting Interstate 10 with US Highway 60 ("North-South Freeway") within the central portion of Pinal County;

WHEREAS, ADOT has identified two potential corridors within Segment 4 in which to locate the North-South Freeway identified as "W4" and "E4" that will integrate the North-South Freeway into the City's transportation network and land use pattern, benefitting city-wide and regional mobility, economic growth and diversification and compatible land use relationships;

WHEREAS, the City of Eloy is reaffirming its prior determination in 2015 (of the Z/AA Segment) that is synonymous with their support of Corridor "W4" at this time.

WHEREAS, the selection of Corridor "W4" utilizes the existing right of way of State Route 87, requiring the acquisition of only a portion of new right of way for the ultimate freeway right of way, allowing for the interim use of SR-87 and making the W4 Corridor the more cost effective solution than the easterly corridor;

WHEREAS, the selection of Corridor "W4" significantly diminishes the presence of environmental (i.e. fissures, drainage, etc.) hazards and cultural resources that exist further to the east, expediting the timeframe and reducing the cost of environmental approvals/clearances necessary for the North-South Freeway;

WHEREAS, the location of Corridor "W4" allows for the future freeway to "balance" its capture of vehicle trips to the east and west of SR 87, rather than pushing future freeway access to the east, further from the future development of the City and surrounding area.

WHEREAS, the utilization of Corridor "W4" places the freeway closer to downtown Eloy, providing opportunities to capture economic development opportunities and patronage, as well as transit access-rather than the alternative segment, which will function as a by-pass.

WHEREAS, the utilization of Corridor "W4" allows for the potential southerly extension of the freeway to serve the southern portion of the City and its planning area, and connecting with the future Interstate 11.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ELOY, ARIZONA AS FOLLOWS:

1. The City advocates for the selection of the "W4 Corridor" of the proposed North-South Freeway in the Tier One Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) as their preferred alignment.

APPROVED this 8th day of April, 2019.

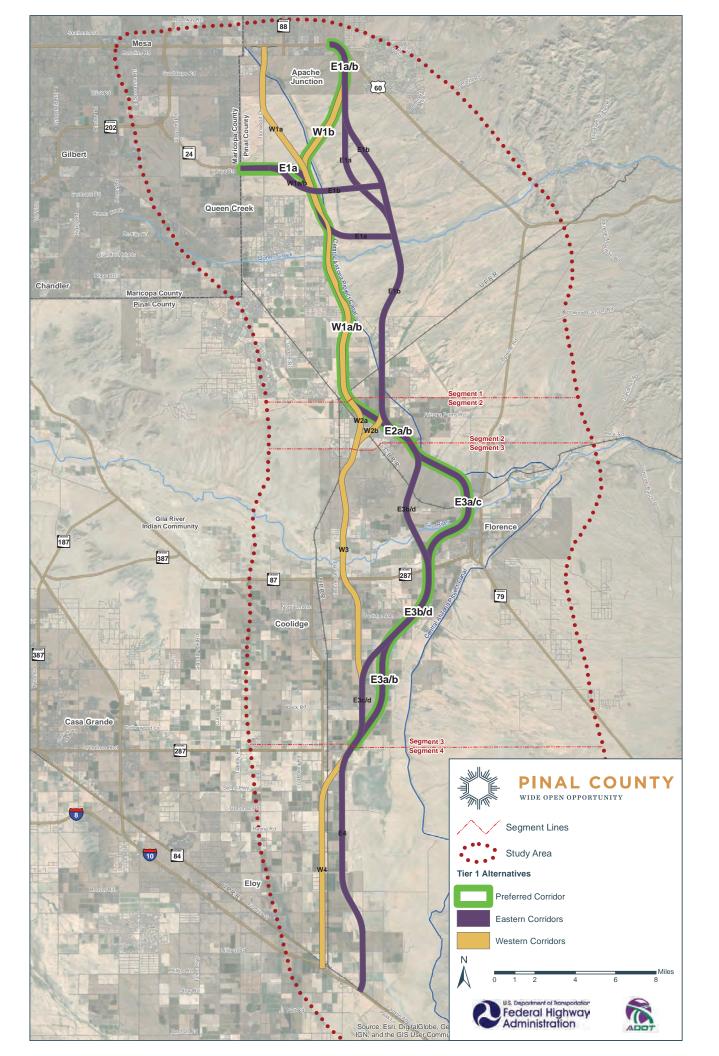
Joel G. Belloc, Mayor

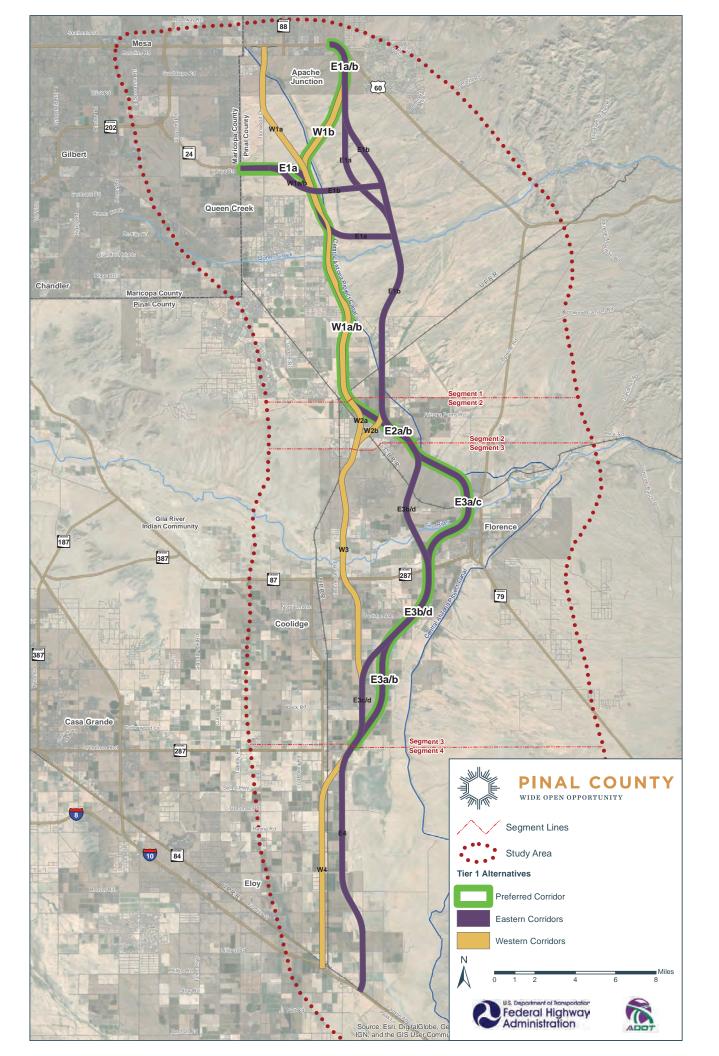
ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Mary Myers, City Clerk

Stephen R. Cooper, City Attorney





RESOLUTION 1269-19

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND COMMON COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK, ARIZONA FURTHER CLARIFYING AND AFFIRMING THE TOWN'S SUPPORT FOR THE PREFERRED ROUTING OF THE NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY CORRIDOR AS DETAILED IN THE PINAL REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN APPROVED BY THE VOTERS OF PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA.

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, the voters of Pinal County, Arizona, including residents of the Town of Queen Creek, approved Proposition 416; and,

WHEREAS, Proposition 416 established the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan, laying out various projects of key importance to the future growth and economic development of Pinal County and municipalities; and,

WHEREAS, one of the key projects within the plan is the North-South Freeway Corridor; and,

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, Pinal County voters approved Proposition 417, agreeing to a funding mechanism for the North-South Freeway Corridor and other projects within the plan; and

WHEREAS, the North-South Freeway Corridor is planned to serve as a major commercial highway, relieving commercial traffic from frequent delays on Interstate 10, providing a more direct route from U.S. 60 to the East Valley and Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport; and,

WHEREAS, the North-South Freeway Corridor will serve as a major route for the future economic development of Pinal County and Queen Creek; and,

WHEREAS, ensuring the route is determined in a way that considers the extensive work the Town has already undertaken with land developers and future land use patterns;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and Town Council of the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona as follows:

Section 1: Reaffirms its support for the North-South Freeway Corridor;

Section 1: Supports the routing of the North-South Freeway Corridor detailed in the

plan that was approved by the voters of Pinal County attached in Exhibit A

identified as the "Preferred Corridor".

FURTHER, BE IT RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be filed with each member of the State Transportation Board, the Director of the Arizona Department of Transportation, the Governor's Office, the Commissioner of the State Land Department, members of the State Legislature and any other bodies that may impact the routing of the North-South Freeway Corridor.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Mayor and Common Council of the Town of Queen Creek, Arizona, this 5th day of June 2019.

FOR THE TOWN OF QUEEN CREEK:

ATTESTED TO:

Gail Barney, Mayor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

John Kross, Town Manager

Dickinson Wright, PLLC

Attorneys for the Town



When recorded return to:

Clerk of the Board

Florence AZ 85132

P.O. Box 827



DATE/TIME:

07/02/2019 1504

FEE:

\$0.00

PAGES:

3

FEE NUMBER: 2019-053348

RESOLUTION NO. 062619-RD18-091

A RESOLUTION OF THE PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, BOARD OF SUPERVISORS FURTHER CLARIFYING AND AFFIRMING SUPPORT FOR THE ROUTING OF THE NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR AS DETAILED IN THE PINAL REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN APPROVED BY THE VOTERS OF PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA

WHEREAS, in October 2016, the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), initiated a Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) study for selection of a corridor for a new transportation route in Pinal County; and,

WHEREAS, the planned North-South Corridor spans more than 40 miles long between the US 60 Highway in Apache Junction and Interstate 10 near Eloy; and,

WHEREAS, as part of the North-South Corridor Tier 1 EIS, ADOT and FHWA will select a corridor that would extend State Route (SR) 24 from Ironwood Drive and connect with the North-South Corridor; and,

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, the voters of Pinal County, Arizona approved Proposition 416, with 57% of voters in favor and 43% opposed; and,

WHEREAS, Proposition 416 established the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan, ("the Plan"), laying out various projects of key importance to the future growth and development of Pinal County; and,

WHEREAS, one of the key projects within the Plan is the North-South Corridor; and,

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, Pinal County voters also approved Proposition 417, agreeing to pay an additional one-half percent sales tax on goods purchased in Pinal County, and which provides the funding mechanism for the North-South Corridor and other projects within the Plan; and,

WHEREAS, the North-South Corridor is planned to serve as a major commercial route, relieving commercial traffic from frequent delays on Interstate 10, and providing a more direct route from U.S. 60 to the east valley of Phoenix, including to the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport; and,

WHEREAS, the North-South Corridor will serve as a major route for the future economic development of Pinal County.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED that the Pinal County Board of Supervisors reaffirms its support for the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan and the North-South Corridor;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Pinal County Board of Supervisors supports the routing of the North-South Corridor detailed in the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan that was approved by Pinal County voters in 2017, as reiterated and further clarified in Exhibit A. That is, to wit, Segments E1a/b, W1b, E1a (Frye Road alignment), W1a/b, E2a/b, E3a/c, E3b/d, E3a/b, and E4 or W4.

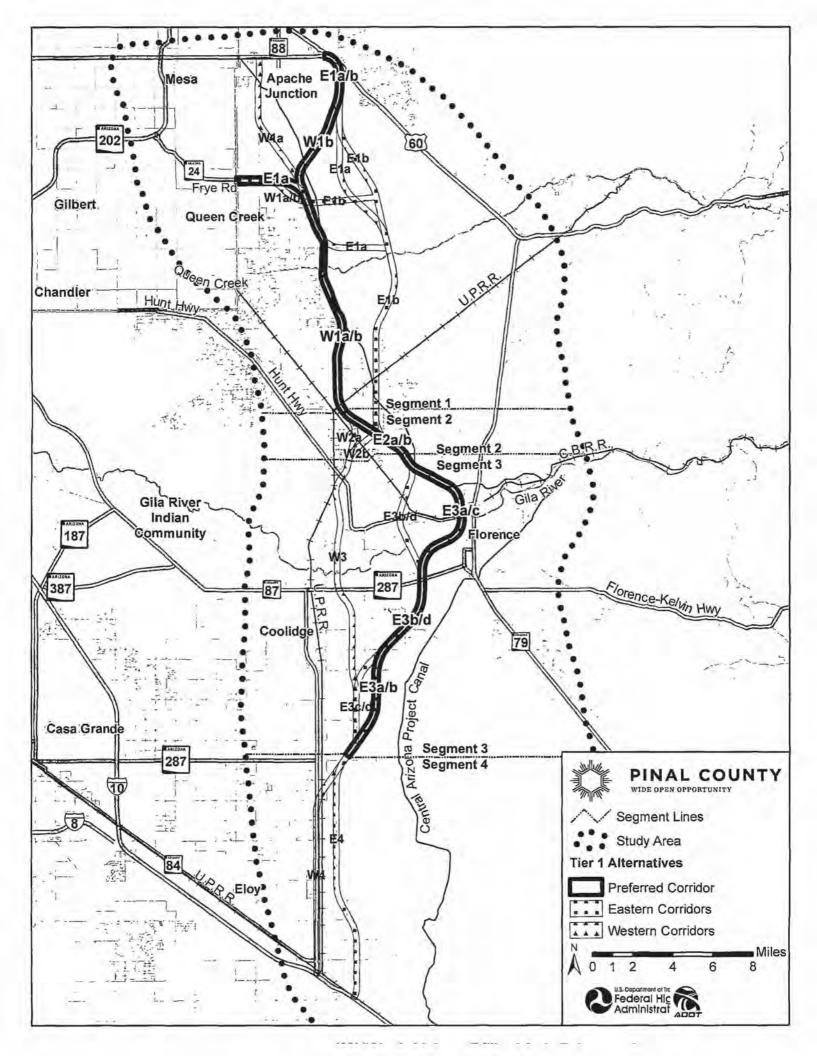
PASSED AND ADOPTED this 26th day of June, 2019, by the PINAL COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Chairman of the Board

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy County Attorney



RESOLUTION NO. 2019-03

RESOLUTION OF THE SUN CORRIDOR METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION (MPO), PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA, FURTHER CLARIFYING AND AFFIRMING SUPPORT FOR THE ROUTING OF THE NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR AS DETAILED IN THE PINAL REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN APPROVED BY THE VOTERS OF PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA.

WHEREAS, the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) is in the process of completing a Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for a proposed freeway connecting US Highway 60 with Interstate 10 (North-South Freeway) within Pinal County;

WHEREAS, Proposition 416 established the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan, (the Plan), laying out various projects of key importance to the future growth and development of Pinal County;

WHEREAS, one of the key projects within the Plan is the North-South Corridor;

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, the voters of Pinal County, Arizona approved Proposition 416, with 57% of voters in favor and 43% opposed;

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, Pinal County voters also approved Proposition 417, agreeing to pay an additional one-half percent sales tax on goods purchased in the County, and which provides the funding mechanism for the North-South Corridor and other projects within the Plan;

WHEREAS, the North-South Corridor is planned to serve as a major commercial highway, relieving commercial traffic from frequent delays on Interstate 10, and providing a more direct route from U.S. 60 in the east valley of Phoenix, including to the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport, south to Interstate 10;

WHEREAS, within Pinal County, the North-South Corridor will address a lack of capacity, improve the efficiency of the existing freeway and arterial street networks, improve access to future activity centers, enhance transportation system linkages, and create a more direct connection to the eastern portion of the Phoenix metropolitan area;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT the Sun Corridor Metropolitan Planning Organization reaffirms its support for the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan and the North-South Corridor Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement;

FURTHER BE IT RESOLVED THAT that the Sun Corridor MPO is supportive of the routing of the North-South Corridor detailed in the Plan that was approved by the voters of Pinal County, as reiterated and further clarified in the

attached Exhibit A (highlighted route). That is, to wit, Segments W1b, W1a/b, E1a (Frye Road Connection portion), E2b, E2a/b, E2a/c, E3a/c, E3a/b, and E4 or W4.

PASSED AND ADOPTED this 9th day of July, 2019, by the SUN CORRIDOR METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION.

Craig H. McFarland, Chair

Sun Corridor MPO Executive Board Mayor, City of Casa Grande

ATTEST:

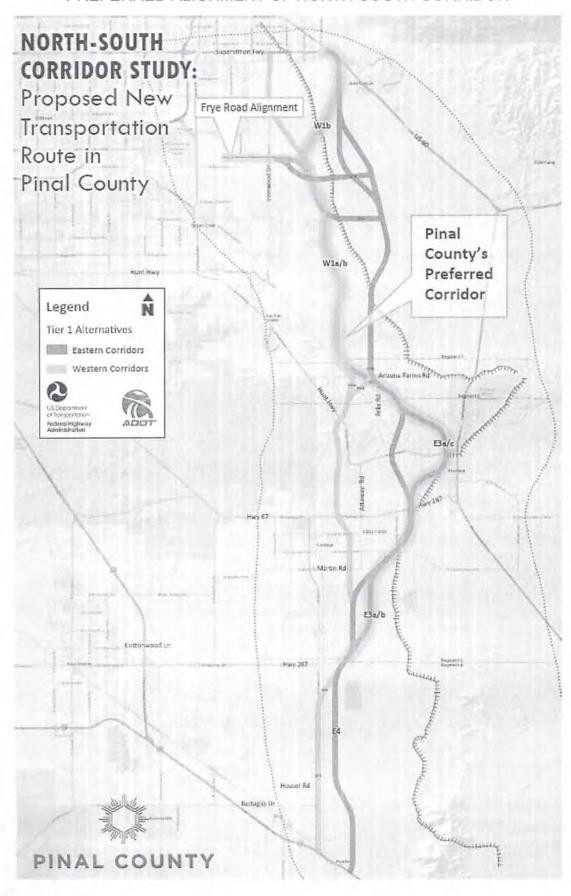
Irene Higgs

Sun Corridor MPO Executive Director

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Sun Corridor MPO Attorney

EXHIBIT A (INSERT NEW REVISED MAP WITH SEGMENTS CLEARLY IDENTIFIED) PREFERRED ALIGNMENT OF NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR



RESOLUTION NO. 19-22

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF APACHE JUNCTION, ARIZONA, CLARIFYING AND AFFIRMING SUPPORT FOR THE NORTH-SOUTH CORRIDOR AS DETAILED IN THE PINAL REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION PLAN APPROVED BY THE VOTERS OF PINAL COUNTY, ARIZONA

WHEREAS, in October 2016, the Arizona Department of Transportation ("ADOT"), in coordination with the Federal Highway Administration ("FHWA"), initiated a Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") study for selection of a corridor for a new transportation route in Pinal County; and

WHEREAS, the planned North-South Corridor spans more than 40 miles long between U.S. 60 Highway in Apache Junction and Interstate 10 near Eloy; and

WHEREAS, as part of the North-South Corridor Tier 1 EIS, ADOT and FHWA will select a corridor that would extend State Route ("SR") 24 from Ironwood Drive and connect with the North-South Corridor; and

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, the voters of Pinal County, Arizona, approved Proposition 416 with 57% of voters in favor and 43% opposed; and

WHEREAS, Proposition 416 established the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan ("the Plan"), laying out various projects of key importance to the future growth and development of Pinal County; and

WHEREAS, one of the key projects within the Plan is the North-South Corridor; and

WHEREAS, on November 7, 2017, Pinal County voters also approved Proposition 417, agreeing to pay an additional one-half percent sales tax on goods purchased in Pinal County, and which provides the funding mechanism for the North-South Corridor and other projects within the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the North-South Corridor will serve as a major commercial route, relieving commercial traffic from frequent

delays on Interstate 10, and providing a more direct route from U.S. 60 to the east valley of Phoenix, including to the Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport; and

WHEREAS, the North-South Corridor will serve as a major route for the future economic development of Pinal County.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF APACHE JUNCTION, ARIZONA, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1) The City of Apache Junction reaffirms its support for the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan and the North-South Corridor.
- 2) The City of Apache Junction supports the routing of the North-South Corridor detailed in the Pinal Regional Transportation Plan that was approved by Pinal County voters in 2017, as reiterated and further clarified in Exhibit A, that is, to wit, Segments Ela/b, Wlb, Ela (Frye Road alignment), Wla/b, E2a/b, E3a/c, E3b/d, E3a/b, and E4 or W4.

PASSED AND ADOPTED BY THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF APACHE JUNCTION, ARIZONA, THIS 16th DAY OF July , 2019.

SIGNED AND ATTESTED TO THIS 16" DAY OF July , 2019.

JEFF RDY

Mayor

ATTEST:

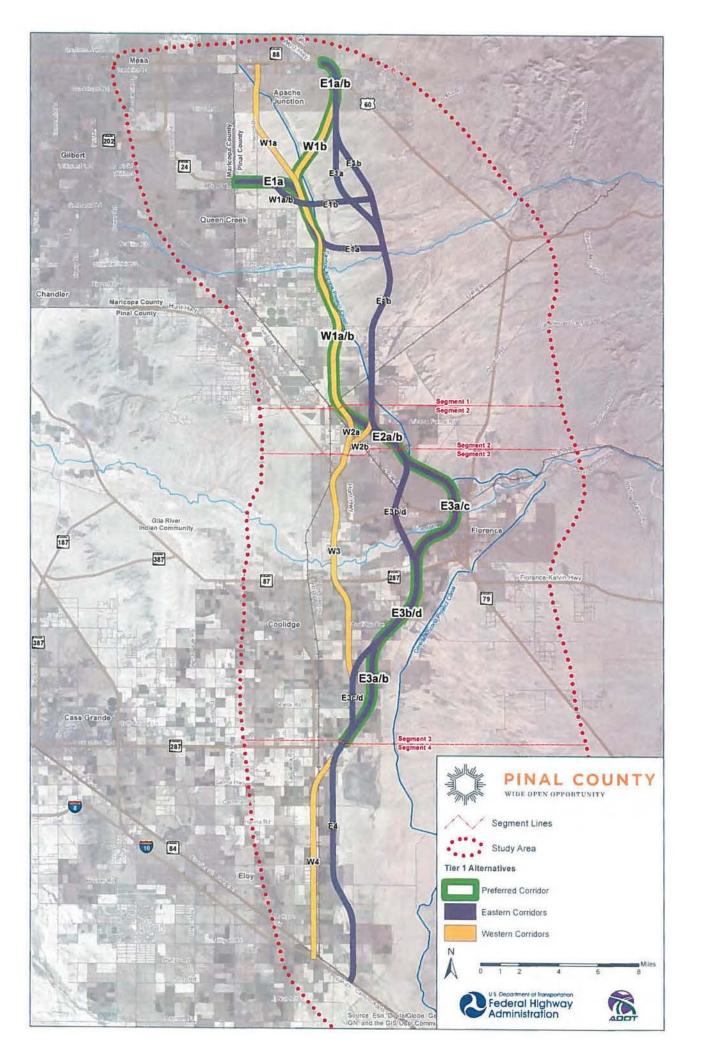
City Clerk

RESOLUTION NO. 19-22 PAGE 2 OF 3 APPROVED AS TO FORM:

6.24.19 RICHARD J. STERN

City Attorney

EXHIBIT A



RESOLUTION NO. 19-17

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY COOLIDGE, ARIZONA SUPPORTING THE EASTWARD ALIGNMENT DESIGNATED AS E(4) AND THOSE ALIGNMENT SEGMENTS GENERALLY CONSISTENT AND PREFERRED AS SHOWN ON EXHIBIT 1 FOR THE PLANNED NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY AND ENCOURAGING THE COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT ALONG THE PROPOSED NORTH-SOUTH FREEWAY CORRIDOR.

WHEREAS, the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) have already started a formal corridor study to evaluate potential routes for a proposed transportation facility connecting Interstate 10 to US Highway 60 through Pinal County (North-South Freeway); and

WHEREAS, ADOT and FHWA have conducted extensive public outreach, including a public meeting in Coolidge, to both provide information to and receive feedback from the City and its residents concerning the North-South Freeway; and

WHEREAS, the Study Corridor that has been indentified for the alignment of the North-South Freeway runs through part of the City of Coolidge and its planning area; and

WHEREAS, the proposed North-South Freeway will provide significant opportunities for enhancement of the City's economy; and

WHEREAS, ADOT and FHWA are still considering a number of proposed alignments but have not yet approved a single alignment for the North-South Freeway nor have they completed a final Environmental Impact Statement; and

WHEREAS, there are a number of significant and specific developments desiring to take advantage of a proposed North-South Freeway potential alignment along Vail Road; and

WHEREAS, the North-South Freeway will affect traffic patterns in and around the City, and the City wants to have input into the alignment in the hope that ADOT and FHWA indentify an alignment that best serves the needs of our residents and property owners; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that the proposed alignments advance the public health, safety and welfare in a number of ways including but not limited to: (1) enhancing the community's infrastructure and transportation; (2) providing opportunities for commercial and residential development, and (3) promoting the City's development goals; and

WHEREAS, recently completed highway improvements and interchanges along State Route 87 and Interstate 10 will not support the proposed infrastructure required to adequately serve the North-South Freeway in their current condition and will incur significant cost to upgrade to accommodate a proposed North-South Freeway interchange; and

WHEREAS, the City previously adopted Resolution 08-18 in support of the North-South Freeway and encouraging volunteer dedication of right-of-way in exchange for density transfers; and

- WHEREAS, the Pinal County Board of Supervisors have acquired right-of-way for the proposed North-South Freeway consistent with the proposed E(4) alignment; and
- WHEREAS, the City is working with Nikola Motor Company to develop a one billion dollar manufacturing plant to build hydrogen fuel cell semi-trucks adjacent to, and West of the E(4) alignment; and
- WHEREAS, the City is working with a developer on a workforce housing project on Highway 87 across the highway from the existing Core Civic Correctional facility and ICE Detention Center; and
- WHEREAS, these developments would be in conflict with the proposed W(4) alignment; and
- WHEREAS, the W(4) alignment is less than 1,000 feet west of the Union Pacific railroad which runs parallel to the Highway 87; and
- WHEREAS, the W(4) alignment in such close proximity to the Union Pacific Railroad will present significant and costly challenges when constructing future crossings over the proposed freeway and Railroad; and
- WHEREAS, a new North-South Freeway along the W(4) alignment will not provide as much capacity as building a new freeway alignment along the proposed E(4) route; and
- WHEREAS, building a North-South Freeway on the proposed W(4) route impacts future rail served industrial development along the existing Highway 87; and
- WHEREAS, Pinal Land Holdings is marketing the Arizona Inland Port adjacent to the Union Pacific Railroad to reduce congestion at the West Coast Ports as shown on Exhibit 2 attached hereto.
- NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona that the City supports the eastward alignment designated as E(4) and those alignment segments generally consistent and preferred as shown in Exhibit 1, and the City encourages private property owners to facilitate commercial, residential, and industrial development by voluntarily transferring land to ADOT for the North-South Freeway thereby minimizing the need to apply eminent domain processes.
- PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Mayor and City Council of the City of Coolidge, Arizona this 12th day of August, 2019.

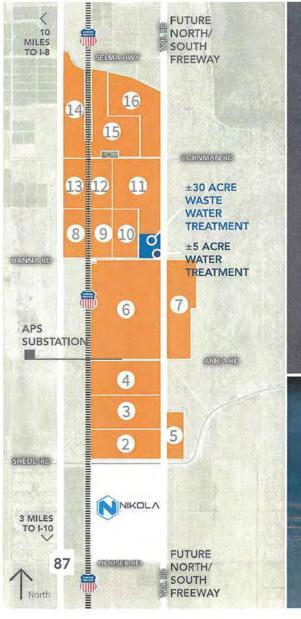
MAYOR:

Jon Thompson, Mayo

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Attorney



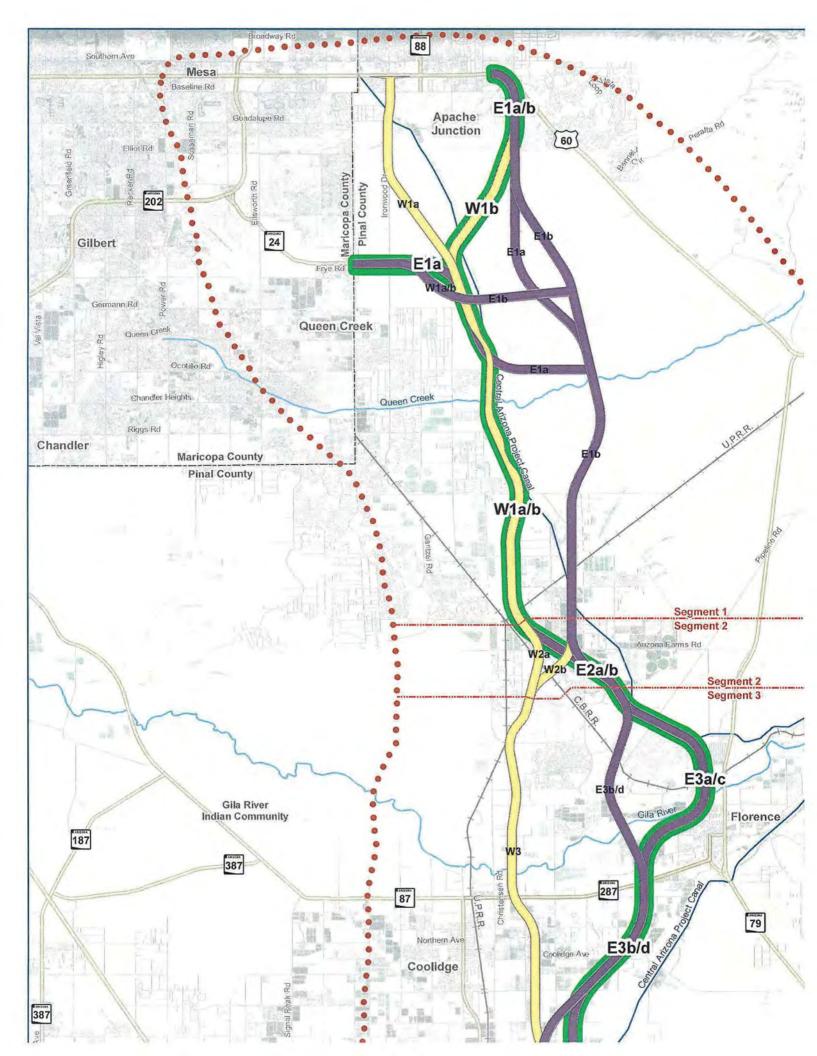
Availabilities at IPAZ

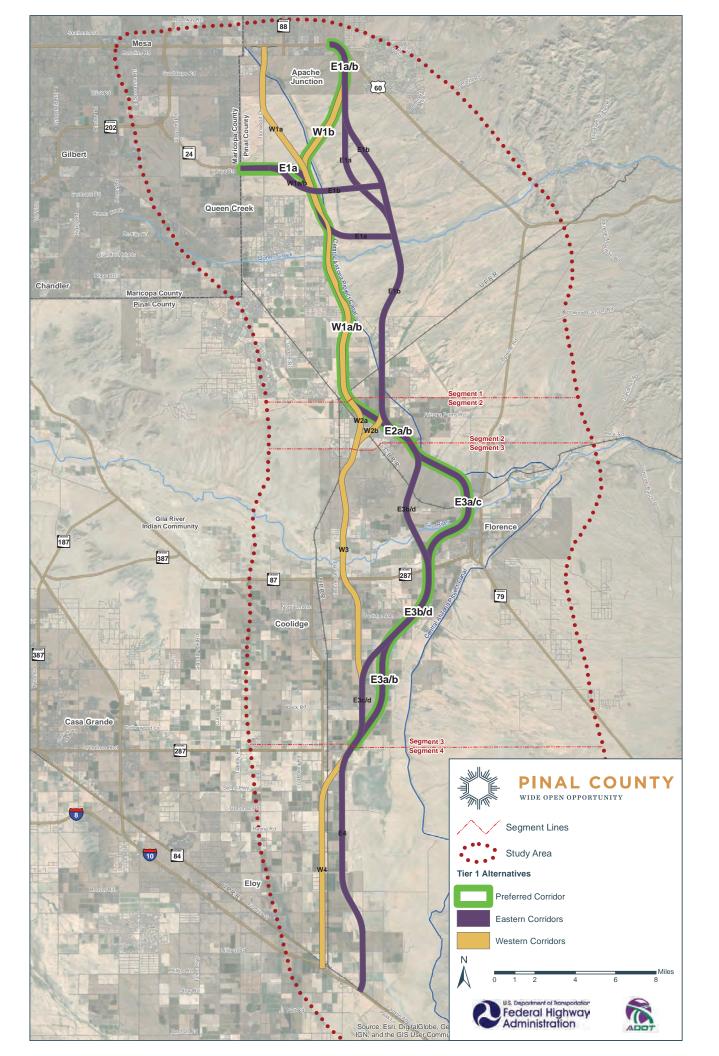
- + Parcels available from 35 to ±900 acres.
- + All parcels within IPAZ are development-ready with infrastructure plans in place.

Lot	Size
1	421.34 acres
2	155.60 acres
3	155.60 acres
4	155.60 acres
5	80.00 acres
6	466.44 acres
7	198.00 acres
8	80.00 acres

Lot	Size
9	71.32 acres
10	80.00 acres
11	200.00 acres
12	72.73 acres
13	78.60 acres
14	137.36 acres
15	174.33 acres
16	171.22 acres







North-South Corridor Study Participating Agencies Acceptance Form

North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental Impact Statement

Yes, the [complete agency	namel Town of Queen Creek
	g Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Quality (CEQ) for the North-South Corridor Study Tier 1 Environmental
Or;	
CEQ for the North-South C	name], ticipating Agency under Section 40 CFR 1501.6 and 40 CFR 1508.5 of the Corridor Study Tier 1 EIS. Unless requested otherwise your agency will be ency and continue to receive information on the project.
Date: 9-26-3	20(9
Name of Organization: Agency contact for this project:	Brett Burningham (Duelopment Services Director)
Address:	Brett Burningham, (Durlupment Senter Director) 22359 5. Ellsworth Pd. Queen Creet, AZ 8514
Email Address:	brett, burning ham a queen creek org
Phone Number:	480 - 358 - 3097
Please return to:	
Aryan Lirange Senior Urban Engineer Federal Highway Adminis 4000 N. Central Ave., Sui	[2] 보이면 10 HT : 10 HT
Phoenix, Arizona 85012 (602) 382-8973	Phoenix AZ 85007 (602) 712-8715
arvan.lirange@dot.gov	VYang@azdot.gov



DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY AND THE AIR FORCE

ARIZONA ARMY NATIONAL GUARD
CONSTRUCTION & FACILITIES MANAGEMENT OFFICE
5636 E. MCDOWELL RD., BLDG M5330
PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85008

May 6, 2020

SUBJECT: North/South Corridor Preferences

Arizona Department of Transportation Attn: Asadul Karim 1655 West Jackson Street, MD 126F Phoenix, AZ 85007

Dear Asadul Karim

In September of 2019 the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) requested from the Arizona Army National Guard our input regarding the North/South Corridor and our preferences for segments. An email response was sent to ADOT on Friday September 20, 2019 confirming our preferred segments: E1b, E1 a/b, E2a, E2a/b, E3 a/b, E4, W2b and W3.

A review of all segments show that these are the best choices to continue to support the missions of Rittenhouse Training Site and Florence Military Reservation. Both installations provide much needed training to the Soldiers of the Arizona Army National Guard. Any deviation from our preferred segments has the potential to shut down training at Rittenhouse and greatly impact training at Florence Military Reservation. Both training sites also host training from local, state and national organizations that could be impacted.

The POC is Ms. Dorenda Coleman, telephone (602) 629-4261, or dorenda.j.coleman.nfg@mail.mil.

Sincerely,

Zoe M. Ollinger Colonel, AZ ARNG Construction and Facilities Management Officer

